LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF NEW YORK

PASSED AT THE

ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTEENTH SESSION

OF THE

LEGISLATURE,

BEGUN JANUARY SIXTH, 1891, AND ENDED APRIL THIRTIETH, 1891, IN THE CITY OF ALBANY.



ALBANY:
BANKS & BROTHERS, PUBLISHERS.
1891.

Digitized by Google

CHAP. 105.

AN ACT to revise the charter of the city of Buffalo.

APPROVED by the Governor March 27, 1891. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

TITLE I.

THE CITY.

SECTION 1. The city of Buffalo shall be bounded as follows: Begin-City ning at a point where a line drawn parallel with and thirteen hundred aries. and fifty-three feet distant, and southerly at right angles from the northerly line of lot one hundred and three on the "mile strip" of the New York state reservation on the Niagara river, will intersect the east bank of the Niagara river, and running thence easterly and parallel with said northerly line of said lot one hundred and three to the New York state reservation line, including so much of said lot one hundred and three as lies southerly of the line thus establishing and excluding so much of the "Jones mile square," so called as lies northerly of said line; thence southeasterly along the northeasterly bounds of the said "Jones mile square" and the New York state reservation line the following courses and distance, to wit: South forty degrees east, two chains and sixty links; south thirty-five degrees east, seven chains; south thirty degrees east, seven chains; south twenty-five degrees east, seven chains, and south twenty degrees east, one chain and eighty-three links to the northwesterly corner of township number eleven, in the eighth range of townships of the Holland Land Company's survey; thence easterly along the northerly line of said township, to the northeasterly corner thereof; thence easterly, along the northerly line of said township, to the northeasterly corner thereof; thence easterly, along the northerly line of lot number sixty-six of the eleventh township and seventh range, to the northeasterly corner of said lot number sixty-six; thence southerly, along the easterly line of said lot number sixty-six, to the southeasterly corner thereof; thence easterly, along the southerly line of lots numbers sixty-five, fifty-eight, fifty-seven and fifty-six to the southeasterly corner of said lot fifty-six; thence northerly along the easterly line of lots numbers forty-six, forty-five. forty-four, forty-three, forty-two and forty-one, to the southwesterly corner of lot number thirty-two and the southeasterly corner of lot number forty-one in said last-mentioned township; said corners being also a point in the northerly line of the Buffalo Creek Indian reservation, as surveyed by James Sperry, eight chains and eighty-two links easterly from the northwesterly corner of lot number one hundred and forty-eight and one-half; thence south one degree and fifty-one minutes west, two hundred and eighty-eight chains and seventy-four links to a point in the southerly line of lot number two hundred and seventy-five of said reservation, and eighteen chains and forty-eight links easterly from southwesterly corner of said lot number two hundred and seventy-five; thence westerly along the southerly line of lots numbers two hundred and seventy-five, two hundred and sixty-four, two hundred and sixty-three and forty-two, to the southwesterly corner of said lot number forty-two; thence westerly on the same course

as the last described line, to the westerly line of the state of New York; thence northerly, along said westerly line of the state of New York, to a point on Niagara river, at right angles with the easterly shore opposite the place of beginning, and thence in a right line east-

Corporate name and DOWNER.

erly, to the place of beginning. § 2. The citizens of this state, who may from time to time reside in said city, shall continue to be a municipal corporation in perpetuity under the name of the "City of Buffalo." The corporation may take, purchase, hold and convey real and personal property. It may take by gift, grant, bequest and devise, and hold real and personal estate in trust for any purpose of education, art, health, charity or amusement, for parks, gardens, and grounds for the burial of the dead, or other public use, and for the erection of statues, monuments and public buildings upon such terms as may be prescribed by the grantor or donor and accepted by the corporation; and it may provide for the proper execution of such trusts. It may do everything necessary to carry into effect the powers granted to it.

§ 3. The city shall be divided into twenty-five wards, bounded

respectively as follows:

First ward.

First ward. - All that portion of the city included in the following boundary shall be known as the first ward, to wit: Beginning at the intersection of the center line of Main street and Exchange street; thence along Main street southerly to Buffalo creek; thence westerly along Buffalo creek to its junction with Lake Erie; thence along Lake Erie to a line which would intersect the center of Louisiana street if said street were continued from Ohio street to Lake Erie; thence along the center of said line north to the center of Louisiana street and thence along the center of Louisiana street to the center of Exchange street; thence westerly along the center line of Exchange street to the place of beginning.

Second ward.

Second ward.—Beginning at the intersection of the center line of Exchange and Louisiana streets; thence southerly along the center line of Louisiana street to Buffalo river; thence easterly along Buffalo river to the Indian reservation line; thence northerly along the Indian reservation line to the center line of Elk street; thence westerly along the center line of Elk street to the center line of Red Jacket street: thence northerly along the center line of Red Jacket street to the center line of Exchange street; thence westerly along the center line of

Exchange street to Louisiana street, the place of beginning.

Third ward.

Third ward.— Beginning at the intersection line of Main and Exchange streets; thence northerly along the center line of Main street to the center line of Eagle street; thence easterly along the center line of Eagle street to the center line of Cedar street; thence southerly along the center line of Cedar street to the center line of Swan street; thence easterly along the center line of Swan street to the center line of Spring street; thence southerly along the center line of Spring street to the center line of Myrtle avenue; thence easterly along the center line of Myrtle avenue to the center line of Jefferson street; thence southerly along the center line of Jefferson street to the center line of Exchange street; thence westerly along the center line of Exchange street to the center line of Main street, the place of beginning.

Fourth

Fourth ward. — Beginning at the intersection of the center line of Cedar and Eagle streets; thence easterly along the center line of Eagle street to the center line of Fillmore avenue; thence southwesterly along the center line of Fillmore avenue to the center line of Seneca



street; thence westerly along the center line of Seneca street to the Indian reservation line; thence southwesterly along the Indian reservation line to the center line of Elk street; thence westerly along the center line of Elk street to the center line of Red Jacket street; thence northerly along the center line of Red Jacket street to the center line of Exchange street; thence westerly along the center line of Exchange street to the center line of Jefferson street; thence northerly along the center line of Jefferson street to the center line of Myrtle avenue; thence westerly along the center line of Myrtle avenue to the center line of Spring street; thence northerly along the center line of Spring street to the center line of Swan street; thence westerly along the center line of Swan street to the center line of Cedar street; thence northerly along the center line of Cedar street to the center line of Eagle street, the place of beginning.

Fifth ward. — Beginning at the intersection of the center line of Fifth Fillmore avenue and Clinton street; running thence easterly along the center line of Clinton street to the easterly boundary of the city; thence southerly along said easterly boundary to the southern boundary of said city; thence westerly along said southern boundary to the westerly bounds of the state of New York; thence northwesterly along said westerly bounds to its intersection of the easterly boundary of the first ward; thence northeasterly along the east boundaries of the first, second and fourth wards to the intersection of the center line of Eagle street and Fillmore avenue; thence northerly along the center line of Fillmore avenue to the center line of Clinton street, the place of beginning

Sixth ward. — Beginning at the intersection of Main and Goodell Sixth streets; thence easterly along the center line of Goodell street to the center line of Michigan street; thence southerly along the center line of Michigan street to the center line of Eagle street; thence westerly along the center line of Eagle street to the center line of Main street; thence northerly along the center line of Main street to the center line of Goodell street, the place of beginning.

Seventh ward. — Beginning at the intersection of Michigan and seventh Eagle streets; thence northerly along the center line of Michigan ward. street to the center line of Broadway; thence easterly along the center line of Broadway to the center line of Pratt street; thence southerly along the center line of Pratt street to the center line of Eagle street; thence westerly along the center line of Eagle street to the center line of Michigan street, the place of beginning.

Eighth ward.—Beginning at the intersection of the center lines of Bighth.

Pratt street and Eagle street; thence northerly along the center line ward. of Pratt street to the center line of Broadway; thence easterly along the center line of Broadway to the center line of Adams street; thence southerly along the center line of Adams street to the center line of Eagle street; thence westerly along the center line of Eagle street to the center line of Pratt street, the place of beginning.

Ninth ward. — Beginning at the intersection of the center lines of Ninth ward. William and Adams streets; thence northerly along the center line of Adams street to the center line of Broadway; thence easterly along the center line of Broadway to the center line of Fillmore avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Fillmore avenue to the center line of William street; thence westerly along the center line of William street to the center line of Adams street, the place of be-

Tenth ward. — Beginning at the intersection of the center lines of ward.

Eagle and Adams streets; thence northerly along the center line of Adams street to the center line of William street; thence easterly along the center line of William street to the center line of Fillmore avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Fillmore avenue to the center line of Eagle street; thence westerly along the center line of Eagle street to the center line of Adams street, the place of beginning.

Eleventh ward. Eleventh ward. — Beginning at the intersection of the center lines of Fillmore avenue and Clinton streets; thence northerly along the center line of Fillmore avenue to the center line of Broadway; thence easterly along the center line of Broadway to the east bounds of the city; thence southerly along the east bounds of the city to the center line of Clinton street; thence westerly along the center line of Clinton street to the center line of Fillmore avenue, the place of beginning.

Twelfth ward.

Twelfth ward.—Beginning at the intersection of the center line of Michigan street and Broadway; thence northerly along the center line of Michigan street to the center line of Genesee street; thence easterly along the center line of Genesee street to the center line of Mortimer street; thence southerly along the center line of Mortimer street to the center line of Broadway; thence westerly along the center line of Broadway to the center line of Michigan street, the place of beginning.

Thirteenth ward.

Thirteenth ward.—Beginning at the intersection of the center lines of Mortimer street and Broadway; thence northerly along the center line of Mortimer street to the center line of Genesee street; thence easterly along the center line of Genesee street to the center line of Sherman street; thence southerly along the center line of Sherman street to the center line of Broadway; thence westerly along the center line of Broadway to the center line of Mortimer street, the place of beginning.

Fourteenth ward.

Fourteenth ward.— Beginning at the intersection of the center lines of Broadway and Sherman street; thence northerly along the center line of Sherman street to the center line of Genesee street; thence easterly along the center line of Genesee street to the center line of Bowen street at its intersection with Walden avenue; thence easterly along the center line of Walden avenue to the east bounds of the city; thence southerly along the east bounds of the city to the center line of Broadway; thence westerly along the center line of Broadway to the center line of Sherman street, the place of beginning.

Fifteenth

Fifteenth ward.— Beginning at the intersection of the center lines of Main and Goodell streets; thence easterly along the center line of Goodell street to the center line of Michigan street; thence southerly along the center line of Michigan street to the center line of Genesee street; thence easterly along the center line of Genesee street to the center line of Hickory street; thence northerly along the center line of Hickory street to the center line of Cherry street; thence easterly along the center line of Cherry street to the center line of Goodell street; thence westerly along Goodell street to the center line of Mulberry street; thence northerly along the center line of Mulberry street to the center line of North street; thence westerly along the center line of North street to the center line of Main street; thence southerly along the center line of Main street to the center line of Goodell street, the place of beginning.

Sixteenth

Sixteenth ward.— Beginning at the intersection of the center lines of North street and Mulberry street; thence easterly along the center line of North street to the center line of Jefferson street; thence

southerly along the center line of Jefferson street to the center line of Genesee street; thence westerly along the center line of Genesee street to the center line of Hickory street; thence northerly along the center line of Hickory street to the center line of Cherry street; thence easterly to the center line of Cherry and Goodell streets; thence westerly along the center line of Goodell street to its intersection with Mulberry street; thence northerly along the center line of Mulberry street to the center line of North street, the place of beginning.

Seventeenth ward. - Beginning at the intersection of the center sevenlines of Main and North streets; thence easterly along the center line ward. of North street to the center line of Jefferson street; thence northerly along the center line of Jefferson street to the center line of Delavan avenue; thence westerly along the center line of Delavan avenue to the center line of Main street; thence southerly along the center line of Main street to the center line of North street, the place of begin-

ning.

Eighteenth ward.— Beginning at the intersection of the center lines Eighteenth

Eighteenth along the center ward. of Jefferson and Genesee streets; thence easterly along the center ward. line of Genesee street to the intersection of Genesee street with Bowen street and Walden avenue; thence easterly along the center line of Walden avenue to the east bounds of the city; thence northerly along the east bounds of the city to the center line of Delavan avenue; thence westerly along the center line of Delavan avenue to the center line of Jefferson street; thence southerly along the center line of Jefferson street to the center line of Genesee street, the place of beginning.

Nineteenth ward.—Beginning at a point in the center of Main Nineteenth Nineteenth ward.—Beginning at a point in the center of Main Nineteenth ward. street opposite the center line of the Terrace, running thence northwesterly along the center line of the Terrace and the center line of Front avenue to the center line of Porter avenue; thence southwesterly along the center line of Porter avenue to the termination thereof; thence due west to the westerly boundary of the state of New York; thence southeasterly along the said westerly boundary to a point due west of the center of the mouth of the Buffalo river, thence east along the bounds of the first ward to a point opposite the center line of Main street; thence northerly along the bounds of the first ward to the place of beginning.

Twentieth ward.—Beginning at the intersection of the center lines Twentieth of Main and Huron streets, running thence westerly along the center line of Huron street to its intersection with the center line of Prospect avenue continued; thence northwesterly along the center line of Prospect avenue to the center line of Porter avenue; thence southwesterly alone the center line of Porter avenue to the center line of Front avenue; thence southeasterly along the northeasterly bounds of the nineteenth ward to the center line of Main street; thence northerly along the center line of Main street to the center line of Huron street,

the place of beginning.

Twenty-first ward. — Beginning at the intersection of the center Twenty-lines of Main and North streets, thence westerly along the center are ward. line of North street to the center line of Richmond avenue extended southerly; thence southerly along the center line of Richmond avenue extended to the intersection of Wadsworth street extended northerly; thence southerly along Wadsworth street extended northerly to Wadsworth street; thence southerly along the center line of Wadsworth street to the center line of Hudson street; thence westerly along the

center line of Hudson street to the center line of Prospect avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Prospect avenue to the center line of Huron street; thence easterly along the center line of Huron street to the center line of Main street; thence northerly along the center line of Main street to the center line of North street, the place of beginning.

Twenty second ward.

Twenty-second ward.— Beginning at the intersection of the center lines of Grant street and Bird avenue; thence westerly along the center line of Bird avenue to the center line of Black Rock harbor; thence southerly along the center line of Black Rock harbor to a point opposite the center line of Bouck avenue; thence westerly and parallel with the center line of Bouck avenue to the westerly boundaries of the state of New York; thence southerly along the westerly boundaries of the state of New York to a point opposite the center line of Porter avenue; thence northeasterly to the center line of Porter avenue; thence along the center line of Porter avenue; thence northerly along the center line of Fargo avenue to the center line of Massachusetts street; thence northeasterly along the center line of Massachusetts street to the center line of Sixteenth street; thence northerly along the center line of Sixteenth street to the center line of Hampshire street; thence easterly along the center line of Hampshire street; thence easterly along the center line of Grant street to the center line of Grant street to the center line of Bird avenue, the place of beginning.

Twentythird ward Twenty-third ward. — Beginning at the intersection of the center line of Richmond avenue and the center line of Ferry street; thence southwesterly along the center line of Ferry street to the center line of Massachusetts street; thence southwesterly along the center line of Massachusetts street to the center line of Fargo avenue; thence southeasterly along the center line of Fargo avenue to the center line of Porter avenue; thence southwesterly along the center line of Porter avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Prospect avenue; thence southerly along the center line of Prospect avenue to the center line of Hudson street; thence northeasterly along the center line of Hudson street to the center line of Wadsworth street; thence northwesterly along the center line of Richmond avenue; thence northerly along the center line of Richmond avenue to the center line of Ferry street, the place of beginning.

Twentyfourth ward.

Twenty-fourth ward. — Beginning at the intersection of the center lines of Main street and Scajaquada creek; thence westerly along the center line of Scajaquada creek to the westerly line of the state of New York and including Squaw Island; thence southerly along the westerly line of the state of New York to a point opposite the center line of Bouck avenue; thence easterly on a line parallel with Bouck avenue to the center line of Black Rock harbor; thence northerly along the center line of Black Rock harbor to a point opposite the center line of Bird avenue; thence easterly to the center line of Bird avenue; thence easterly along the center line of Bird avenue to the center line of Grant street; thence southerly along the center line of Grant street to the center line of Hampshire street; thence northerly along the center line of Hampshire street to the center line of Sixteenth street; thence southerly along the center line of Sixteenth street to the center line of Massachusetts street; thence northeasterly along the center line of Massachusetts street to the center line of Ferry street; thence easterly along the center line of Ferry street to the center line of Richmond avenue; thence southerly along the

center line of Richmond avenue to the Circle at a point opposite the center line of North street; thence easterly along the center line of North street to the center line of Main street; thence northerly along the center line of Main street to the center line of Scajaquada creek,

the place of beginning.

Twenty-fifth ward. - Beginning at the point of intersection of the Twentywesterly bounds of the state of New York and the northwesterly fith ward. bounds of the city, and running thence northeasterly and easterly to the east bounds of said city; thence southeasterly along the east bounds of the city to the center line of Delavan avenue; thence continuing westerly along the center line of Delavan avenue to the center line of Main street; thence northerly to the center line of Scajaquada creek, thence westerly along the center line of Scajaquada creek to the westerly line of the state of New York; thence northerly along the bounds of the state of New York to the place of beginning.

TITLE II.

THE LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

CHAPTER I.

§ 4. The legislative power of the city shall be vested in a common Common council, which shall consist of a board of councilmen and a board of council. aldermen.

§ 5. No action of the common council shall be of force unless it Action shall have originated in the board of aldermen and shall have been not of approved by the board of councilmen; but the board of councilmen force unless, etc. may amend any measure transmitted to it and return the same to the board of aldermen for further consideration; if the board of aldermen agree to such amendment, its action as amended shall be the action of the common council; if it shall not agree thereto, and shall further amend, it may return the measure as finally passed by it to the board of councilmen for its further consideration. Whenever by law, the Notices, giving of notice, reference to any committee or any officer or person, board or other act is made a prerequisite to action by the common council, aldermen only. it shall be necessary for such notice to be given, reference to be made or other act to be done, by the board of aldermen only, unless herein

otherwise specifically provided.

§ 6. The board of councilmen shall consist of nine members, who Board of shall be elected by the electors of the city. Councilmen shall hold councilmen. office for three years, except as hereinafter provided. At the annual election of eighteen hundred and ninety-one, nine councilmen shall be Election elected. At a place and time, before the thirty-first day of December, and terms of council-eighteen hundred and ninety-one, to be designated by the mayor, the men. nine councilmen shall meet and determine by lot three of their number to hold office for one year, three to hold office for two years and three to hold office for three years, and shall certify in writing to the city clerk their determination. Thereafter three councilmen shall be elected each year at the annual election, for the term of three years.

§ 7. On and after the first Monday of January, eighteen hundred Board of and ninety-two, the board of aldermen shall consist of aldermen elected aldermen. by the electors of the several wards of the city, one from each ward. They shall hold office for the term of two years, except as hereinafter Each alderman elected at the annual election in eighteen Torms of hundred and ninety, who shall be in office on the first Monday in aldermen. January, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, shall be the alderman for

aldermen.

the remainder of the term for which he was elected, of the ward created by this act in which he may reside on the first day of October. eighteen hundred and ninety-one, if such ward shall be a part or the Election of whole of the ward in which he was elected. At the annual election for the year eighteen hundred and ninety-one, one alderman shall be elected by the electors of each ward created by this act, in which an alderman does not hold over as above provided. At each annual election thereafter an alderman shall be elected in each ward where the term of the alderman elected therein will expire on the first Monday of January following. Every alderman shall be a resident of the ward in which he is elected. The removal of any alderman from the ward he represents shall make the office vacant.

Removal from ward.

Quorum of boards.

§ 8. A majority of all the aldermen elected shall constitute a quorum of the board of aldermen, and six councilmen shall constitute a quorum of the board of councilmen, but less than a quorum of each board may adjourn from time to time and compel the attendance of Whenever a unanimous or other specified vote of absent members. the common council is required, such vote shall be required in each The boards composing the common council shall meet on the first Monday in January in each year at ten o'clock in the forenoon,

in each board.

Vote, when re-

quired

Election of and, as soon thereafter as practicable, each board shall elect by ballot presidents. one of its members as its president to preside over its meetings for one year; and for the purposes of such election, the city clerk, or his dep-Temporary uty, shall act as presiding officer of each board. In the absence of presidents, its president and board may choose a temporary president its president, each board may choose a temporary president.

Stated and special

meetings.

§ 9. Each board composing the common council shall fix the time for its stated meetings, and may adjourn from time to time. mayor, or if he be absent from the city or unable to act, the city clerk, on the written request of four aldermen and two councilmen, may call special meetings of the common council, and the mayor may call special meetings of either board. Each board may provide by rule for additional modes of calling its special meetings. Notice of special meetings of the common council shall be given by delivering personally to each alderman and councilman, or leaving at his residence, at least six hours before such meeting, a written notice thereof, signed by the person calling the same. Notice of special meetings of either board shall be given in the same manner, but to the members only of the board which is to meet.

Notice of special meetings.

Rulos, votes by nays, etc.

Journals.

members, and shall determine the rules of its own proceedings; but all votes in the board of councilmen, where there is a dissenting vote, and all votes where more than a majority is required, in the board of aldermen, shall be taken by ayes and nays, which shall be entered on Each board shall keep a journal of its proceedings and publish the same, except that such parts of the proceedings of the board of councilmen as merely affirms or concurs in the proceedings of the board of aldermen need not be published. The sittings of each board shall be public. Each board may appoint a sergeant-at-

§ 10. Each board shall be the judge of the qualifications of its

Appointments.

arms and such doorkeepers and messengers as it may find necessary. § 11. The common council shall provide the different departments with suitable rooms and accommodations, where they are not otherwise provided for.

Rooms for depart. ments.

Banks of deposit.

§ 12. The common council shall designate the banks in which the treasurer shall deposit the money of the city, and require from each bank security for the payment thereof. The cashier of each of said banks shall, on Monday of each week, report in writing to the comptroller, the amount on deposit to the credit of the treasurer at the

closing of the bank on the Saturday preceding.

§ 13. The common council may, by a vote of two-thirds of the Rewards for appre-members of each board, authorize the mayor to offer a reward for the hension of apprehension of the perpetrator of crime committed within the city, etc. or an offender against an ordinance, to be paid upon the conviction of such person.

§ 14. The common council may authorize the comptroller to open Local rean account upon the books of his office, to be called the local redemption fund.

The comptroller shall, from time to time, transfer to such fund all the balances to the credit of local assessments levied on account of any local improvement ordered more than six years previous thereto, and may draw orders on such local redemption fund for the payment of any outstanding warrants drawn against assessments so transferred upon the surrender and cancellation of such outstanding warrants, or in case of loss or destruction thereof, upon filing a bond of indemnity to the city therefor. It may also empower the comp- Closing of troller to close specified accounts on his books by charging the same accounts to the profit and loss account. Such authority shall be given only upon his written request specifying the account and the reason for such action. It may authorize the issue of bonds to an amount not Bonds for exceeding one million five hundred thousand dollars, for the purpose warrants. of raising money to take up and pay all outstanding warrants heretofore issued in payment of any local work or improvement. Such bonds shall be payable at such time or times as the common council may prescribe, and shall bear interest not to exceed four per centum per annum. All moneys realized on account of local assessments or Payments from sales for non-payment of the same, or from redemption or as-into fund. signment of certificates of sales therefor, all additions to and interest upon local assessments and all premiums realized upon the sale of bonds of the city shall be paid into said local redemption fund, and such moneys when so realized shall be used and are hereby pledged for Moneys the payment of any bonds of the city issued for the purpose of redeeming warrants and of raising money to pay for any local work or improvement for the payment of which such bonds were issued.

§ 15. The common council shall audit all claims against the city. Claims

Unliquidated claims shall be filed with the city clerk, and shall be against made out in detail specifying if for labor or services, the time when, and made the place where he when and made the place where, by whom and under whose direction, and by what out. authority performed; if for merchandise, material or other articles furnished, the items thereof, by whom ordered and when and to whom

and shall be accompanied by an affidavit that the claim and the items vertica-

and specifications thereof are in all respects just and correct, and tion. that no payments have been made, and that no set-off exists except

those stated. § 16. No action or proceeding to recover or enforce any claim Actions to against the city shall be brought until the expiration of forty days claims. after the claim shall have been filed with the city clerk for presentation to the common council for audit, in the manner and form aforesaid, and no action shall be maintained against the city for personal injury, unless notice of intention to commence such action shall have been filed with the corporation counsel within six months after such cause of action shall have accrued. Before the common council shall Reference

delivered, and shall be certified to be correct by the head of the department for which the work was done or materials furnished; and if for damages, for wrong or injury, when, where and how occasioned,

to auditor.

Refusal to audit.

Actions for personal injury.

Ordinances.

Fixing salary.

salary.

Change, during term, etc.

Duties of officers

Disorderly conduct, vagrants,

Harbors and waters

Vessels and boats.

of city.

Location

Building regulations and fire limits.

Application for special permits.

Precautionary measures against fire. audit any claim other than for personal injuries or injuries to property the board of aldermen shall refer it to the auditor. If the claim be not made out and verified as above required the board of aldermen may, within thirty days after its presentation, refuse on that ground to audit it. All actions brought against the city to recover damages for personal injuries caused by negligence must be commenced within

one year from the time of receiving the injuries.

§ 17. The common council shall, from time to time, enact ordi-

nances:

(1.) To fix the number of and the salary or compensation to be paid to the several officers and employes of the city not otherwise herein fixed or provided for, and the times when the same shall be paid. Such salary or compensation shall be fixed in the case of elective officers before their election and in case of appointed officers before their appointment. No change shall be made in the salary or compensation of any officer or employe during his term of service, and no extra compensation shall be granted to any such officer or employe or to any contractor.

(2.) To prescribe the duties of all officers or persons elected or appointed under this act, not herein prescribed.

(3.) To define and prevent disorderly conduct; to prevent all disorderly assemblages, all disturbing noise, all drunkenness in public places; and to punish vagrants, beggars and disorderly persons as de-

fined by law.

(4.) To preserve and protect the harbors, canals, basins and other

waters of the city; to prevent all encroachments, obstructions and deposits in them; to prohibit or regulate bathing, or swimming in any waters in the city; to prevent any steam vessel, while navigating waters within the city, from using wood for fuel; to regulate and prescribe the mode and speed of vessels, boats and floats in entering and leaving them, and in coming to, laying at, or departing from the wharves and piers, and the disposition of the sails, yards, anchors and appurtenances; and to empower the harbor master to prescribe and regulate the location therein of all vessels, boats or floats, and to compel them to change their location.

(5.) To prescribe general regulations for the erection of all buildings in the city; to define the limits within which wooden buildings shall not be erected, placed or rebuilt, and the manner in, and the materials of which all buildings shall be constructed within such limits; also to define outer limits in which wooden buildings may be constructed, placed or rebuilt, under such regulations as may be imposed by ordinance, special permission from the common council being required therefor; every building erected or placed contrary to any ordinance passed under the above provisions shall be deemed a common nuisance, and may be abated as such. An application for special permission to erect, place or rebuild any building within the outer limits contrary to such ordinances shall, before being acted upon, be properly referred by the board of aldermen, and a resolution granting such permission can only be passed at a regular meeting, held subsequent to such reference, and by the unanimous vote of the members of the common council present. To prevent all unsafe construction or condition of chimneys, flues, stoves, pipes and other things used for fire or conducting smoke; to compel the cleaning of them, and to regulate their construction and condition; to prevent the deposit of ashes in unsafe places and receptacles; to regulate the use of lights in buildings in which combustible articles may be deposited; to regulate

the carrying on of manufactories liable to cause fires, and to regulate and prevent the use of fireworks and firearms in the city; to prevent bonfires in the streets and public grounds; to compel the owners and Scuttles occupants of buildings to have scuttles in the roofs, and stairs and escapes. ladders leading to the same, and to require fire-escapes to be placed upon buildings when, and as directed by the department of fire; to False punish the willful making of a false alarm of fire, or willfully calling alarma. a police patrol wagon without cause; and to prohibit the formation of com-

fire, hose or hook and ladder companies.

(6.) To license and regulate cartmen, porters, owners and drivers Licensing of all vehicles used for the transportation of passengers or property etc. for hire, and to fix the rates of compensation to be taken by them; to license and regulate plumbers, auctioneers, butchers, hawkers, ped-Plumbers, dlers, junk-dealers, pawnbrokers and the business of pawnbrokerage, etc. and to fix the rates to be charged by pawnbrokers in their business; to regulate the running at large of dogs, and to license the same; to Dogs. prohibit, license or regulate public billiard-rooms, bowling-alleys, run- Billiardners or solicitors for houses of entertainment, railroads, vessels and rooms, vehicles, and the exhibition of shows of every kind, and of theatrical shows, etc. representations; to prescribe the terms and conditions on which licenses

shall be granted.

(7.) To prohibit or regulate the use of locomotive engines and of Railroads, steam, and to regulate other motive power and speed on any portion as to. of any railroad within the city; to require any railroad company to keep a flagman or gates at each railroad crossing of a public street; to provide for the inspection of steam engines and boilers used in the steam city, and to prohibit the use of unsafe ones; to prohibit any person and who has not been duly licensed under such regulations as the common boilers. council may prescribe, from running any steam engine, stationary or otherwise, in the city, except the engineers of duly incorporated steam railroads, and engineers duly licensed by the authorites of the United States, to classify such engineers and to provide for the appointment Inspectors by the mayor of such inspector examiners and employes as may be required to carry out such ordinance; to prohibit or regulate the keep-Gunpowing and conveying of gunpowder and other explosive substances, or explosives. other dangerous fluid or material, and to provide for the inspection, forfeiture and destruction of the same; to require that the telegraph, telephone or electric light wires or cables or other appliances for con- Removal of ducting electricity and the poles thereof, heretofore erected in any electrical street, alley or public ground, be removed from overhead in the street, and poles. alley or public ground or any part thereof within reasonable time, not less than six months after the enactment of such ordinance, and a compliance with such ordinance in respect to the removal of poles, wires, cables and other appliances for conducting electricity from the streets, alleys and public grounds may be enforced by mandamus by any court of competent jurisdiction upon the application of the city as relator. Any company, corporation or individual may place its Placing of wires and electrical conductors in conduits under the surface of the wires, etc. streets, alleys, or public grounds in such manner as to not unnecessarily ground interfere with the use of such streets or alleys or public grounds for local improvements of any character, or with the sewers or water or gas mains or branches thereof, subject, however, to such regulations and restrictions as the common council may by ordinance make or impose in respect thereto, for the benefit of the public, the city or its citizens; provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as authorizing the common council to require that any par-



Moving or altering conduits upon notice.

ticular patent or appliance shall be used in the construction of the conduits hereinbefore provided for. And any company, corporation or individual so placing its wires underground in any street, alley or public ground of said city, shall, upon notice from the city or any of its departments, that a local improvement or sewer or water main or branch thereof is to be constructed in such manner as will necessitate the moving or altering of the conduit or conduits of said individual, company or corporation, move or alter the same at its own expense so as to permit the construction of the improvement, where ordered, and should any person, company or corporation omit to comply with such notice, the conduit or conduits may be altered or moved by the city, and the cost and expense thereof recovered from such individual, To regulate the erection of telegraph, eleccompany or corporation. tric light and telephone poles, wires, cables, and other electrical conductors, and to require that such wires, cables or other electrical conductors be placed underground subject to such restrictions and regulations as it may make by general ordinance. But nothing in this section contained shall affect any grant or consent heretofore or hereafter made or given pursuant to general laws, as to any matter pro-

Erection of poles, wires, etc.

Proviso.

Nuisances.

Markets and unwholesome places.

Sale of meats, etc.

Deadburials,

Statistics.

riages.

Streets and public places.

Animals thereon.

Trees and fences.

Street aame, etc. Fraud in

Official

vided for in and by such grant or consent. Any inspector appointed under the provisions of this subdivision shall be a practical boiler maker, and shall hold office for three years, unless sooner removed for (8.) To prevent and abate nuisances; to prohibit or regulate the blowing of steam whistles and the ringing of bells; to regulate or prohibit public pumps, wells, hydrants and reservoirs, and the use of water, them; to prevent the waste of water, to establish and regulate ters; to establish and maintain public baths; to establish and regulate them; to prevent the waste of water; to require the use of water mepublic markets; to locate, regulate and remove slaughter-houses, butchers' stalls, fish stands, livery stables, tanneries and unwholesome or noisome buildings or places, and to compel the cleaning of the same whenever necessary; to regulate the construction of private and public sewers, sinks and privies, and the sale of meats, fish and vegetables; to prevent the sale for domestic use of ice frozen from dirty or impure water; to prevent the adulteration of any article used for food or drink, and provide for the inspection thereof; to locate and

regulate dead-houses; to prescribe limits within which there shall be

no burials or incinerations of the dead; to purchase and maintain

burial grounds; to regulate burials, incinerations and funerals; to compel the keeping and return of bills of mortality, births and mar-

(9.) To prevent the encroachment upon, projections over, injury to, or the incumbering of the streets, alleys, wharves and public grounds; to light, to clean, and to water them; to regulate the use of them, and to declare in what manner and for what purpose they shall not be used; to prohibit the running at large of horses, cattle, swine, sheep, goats and geese, or the pasturing of them on the street or public grounds, and to authorize the distraining, impounding and sale of them for the penalty and costs of proceedings; to direct and to regulate the planting and pruning of trees in the public grounds and streets, and to protect them from injury; to compel the owners of vacant lands to fence or inclose them; to compel and regulate the numbering of buildings, and the naming of streets and alleys; to prevent and punish fraud in sales by weight or measure. (10.) To require bonds or undertakings to be given by the officers

of the city and their deputies, and to fix the amount thereof.

(11.) And such other and further ordinances not inconsistent with Ordinances the laws of the state, as shall be deemed expedient for the good gov-for govern-ernment of the city, the protection of its property, the preservation of meat, etc. peace and good order, the suppression of vice, the benefit of trade and commerce, the preservation of health, the prevention and extinguishment of fires, the exercise of its corporate powers and the performance of its corporate duties. In case any power granted to the common Certain council is also granted in whole or in part to any department or offigranted, cer, such department or officer shall alone exercise such power to the how exerclased. extent to which it is granted to such department or officer.

(12.) The ordinances in force at the time this act takes effect, not Present inconsistent herewith, shall remain in force until rescinded or modified by the common council. Whenever the words "common council" words or "council" are used in such ordinances, the same shall mean the etc., decommon council created by this act. Except that the common council fined. existing at the time of the passage of this act shall have the power to

fix salaries as provided in subdivision one of this section.

§ 18. Every ordinance and resolution of the common council, ex- Ordinan-

cept resolutions making or approving appointments to office or place, to be designating the official paper, canvassing votes, adopting or altering presented to mayor comptroller's estimates under section seventy of this act, shall be presented to the mayor before it shall be of force. If he approves it he

shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it with his objections, to the Approval city clerk, who shall lay the same before the board of aldermen at its approval next regular meeting thereafter. The board of aldermen shall enter thereof. the objections upon its journal, and proceed to reconsider the ordinance or resolution objected to. If, in the first instance, the ordinance vote reor resolution required a majority vote to pass it, and if, upon such repass same consideration, two-thirds of all the members elected to the board of over veto. aldermen shall agree to pass it, or if, in the first instance, it required a two-thirds vote to pass it, and upon such reconsideration threefourths of all the members elected to the board of aldermen shall agree to pass it, it shall be presented by the city clerk to the board of councilmen at its next meeting, with the objections of the mayor and a report of the action of the board of aldermen. The board of councilmen shall reconsider its action, and if upon such reconsideration the ordinance or resolution shall receive a two-thirds vote of all the members elected to such board, in case it originally required a majority vote, or if it shall receive a three-fourths vote of all the members elected to such board, if it originally required a two-thirds vote, such resolution shall be of force. If any ordinance or resolution is not returned by the Ordimayor disapproved within ten days after its presentation to him, it nances, shall be of force. It shall be sufficient to present to the mayor a turned to transcript of all resolutions for the mere payment of money. The city close shall make a continuous of the time all makes a continuous of the

clerk shall make a certificate of the time when an ordinance or resolu-of pre-tion, which the mayor has neglected for ten days to approve or return, sentation.

of the facts therein stated. § 19. Whenever the owner or occupant of any lands shall omit to do City may any act required by ordinance to be done by him in front of or upon quired such lands, the city may cause such act to be done, and, in addition acts done. to the fine, may recover by action, of such owner or occupant, the cost of doing the act, or may assess the same upon such lands.

was presented to the mayor, which certificate shall be entered upon the journals of the common council, and shall be presumptive evidence

§ 20. A fine for violating any ordinance enacted under the authority Fines for conferred by this act may be prescribed in the ordinance, not exceed- violation

of ordinances.

Civil aetions to recover fines.

The ordinance may prescribe that ing two hundred and fifty dollars. the fine for its violation shall not be less nor more than a certain sum; in which case, the amount of penalty shall, within said bounds, be fixed by the court or officer before whom the matter shall be tried. action may be maintained to recover a fine imposed by any ordinance enacted under the authority conferred by this act.

Ordinances may provide for fine or imprisonment.

§ 21. An ordinance, passed under subdivision three of section seventeen of this act may provide that any person, upon conviction of a violation thereof, shall be fined or committed to the Erie county penitentiary for such time as the court or officer before whom such person was convicted shall fix, not exceeding six months, in case the person convicted of such violation is fined and does not immediately pay such fine, he may be committed to the Erie county penitentiary for the term of one day for each and every dollar of said fine not paid. Such ordinance may authorize the arrest, by any person, without process, of any one violating or attempting to violate such ordinance, in the presence of such person.

Arrest without

> § 22. All ordinances shall be published in the official paper daily for An ordinance imposing a penalty shall not take effect un-

Publication of ordi-DADCES.

til ten days after its first publication in the official paper.

Actions to recover fines, how brought, etc.

§ 23. Actions to recover fines incurred under this title or the ordinances enacted pursuant to it, shall be brought in the name of the In the complaint in such action, it shall be sufficient to allege, generally, that the defendant has violated the provisions of said title or ordinance, stating the provisions thereof of which a breach is claimed, and the amount for which judgment is demanded. The defendant may deny that he is guilty and give in evidence any special matter under such denial.

First promunicipal court.

§ 24. If the action be brought in the municipal court of Buffalo, the first process may be a warrant or summons. If a summons, it may be returnable in not less than one nor more than six days, and shall be served at least one day before the time of appearance mentioned therein.

Executions upon judg-ments for fines, etc.

§ 25. Execution upon judgment for fine may issue immediately, and shall command the officer to whom it shall be directed and delivered. if the judgment and his fees shall not be immediately paid, to take the body of the defendant and deliver him or her, with a copy of the execution, to the keeper of the Erie county penitentiary; and said keeper shall confine such defendant in said penitentiary for the term of one day for each and every dollar unpaid upon said judgment, not exceeding six months, except in cases where judgment for a fine or penalty is recovered against a corporation, in which case an execution against the property of such corporation may issue for the collection

lmprison-

of the amount of such judgment and costs. § 26. When an ordinance provides that a person convicted of breach violations, of it may be sentenced to confinement in the penitentiary, the person charged with a violation of such ordinance shall be proceeded against in the way provided by law for proceeding against persons charged

with the commission of a criminal offense.

Proceedings in punishable by impris-onment

> § 27. No liability for the breach of any bond or undertaking required by this act shall be released. Other liabilities to the city may be released by a resolution of the common council passed by a unanimous vote of all the members elected to each board when approved by the mayor; but fines and penalties incurred under this title or any ordinance may be released or remitted by a resolution of the common

Release of liabilities to city.

Remission of fines,

council passed by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to

each board when approved by the mayor.

§ 28. The common council by a vote of two-thirds of all the mem-Permission bers elected to each board, may permit the track of a steam railroad steam to be laid in along or across any street or public ground, except parks track. and park approaches, but such permission shall not take effect until the just compensation, to which the city shall be legally entitled, shall have been agreed upon between the common council and the railroad company and paid, or shall have been ascertained and paid in the manner provided by the laws of the state regulating the condemnation of land by railroad companies. Nothing in this section shall prevent affect per-the common council, by a vote of two-thirds of all the members mission to elected to each board, from permitting the track of a street railroad lay street railroad used solely for the transportation of passengers within the city, to be track. laid in, along or across any street or public ground, except parks and park approaches, subject to the provisions of any law then existing in relation thereto.

§ 29. The city shall have the exclusive power to establish ferries and ferries and tunnels. tunnels within the city, and may license and regulate or prohibit those now established therein.

§ 30. Whenever any building, fence or other structure of any kind, Removal of danger or any part thereof, is liable to fall down and endanger persons or ous buildproperty, the common council may order the owner of the building, ings, fences, etc. fence or structure, or the owner or occupant of the premises on which such building, fence or other structure stands, to take the same down, or any part thereof, within such time as it may direct. In case the order be not complied with, it may cause the removal to be made, and the expense to be assessed on the land on which the structure stood.

§ 31. The chairman of any committee of either of the boards com-Chairmen posing the common council, shall have power to issue subpœnas for mittees witnesses to appear, or to produce books and papers before the compena wit
mittee, to administer oaths to witnesses, and to examine them and
nesses. such books and papers. If any person duly subpoenaed as a witness should not appear, or appearing, shall refuse to testify, or to produce Proceedings upon such books and papers, the committee may report the failure of the refusal to witness to appear, or his refusal to testify, or to produce such books appearand testify. and papers to the board which appointed it. The said board may thereupon report such offending witness to any court of record or judge thereof, and said court or judge may make an order as to the future appearance of the witness, or the production of such books and papers, and punish any failure to comply therewith as a contempt of court.

§ 32. The common council shall on or before the first day in September Election of each year divide the wards into convenient election districts of not and polling more than three hundred electors, and on or before the first Monday places. in October of each year designate the place of holding the polls in each district, and fill vacancies in the office of inspectors of election. In Vacancies filling vacancies in the office of inspectors of election the board of ors. filling vacancies in the office of inspectors of electron and the same political party to which aldermen shall select persons from the same political party to which Nothing herein General award the operations of the same political party to which award the operations of the same political party to which the operation of the same political party to which the operation of the same political party to which the operation of the same political party to which all the operations of the same political party to which all the same contained shall be deemed in any manner to repeal or limit the opera- affected. tion of the general election laws of the state.

CHAPTER II.

THE CITY CLERK.

Election of

§ 33. On the first Monday of January, of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the common council shall by joint ballot in joint session of both boards, a quorum of each board being present, elect a city clerk, who shall be the clerk of the city and the clerk of the common council. He shall hold his office until his successor shall be appointed and has qualified.

Term.
Appointments.

§ 34. He shall appoint, and may at pleasure remove, a deputy and

such other subordinates as may be allowed him by ordinance.

General duties. § 35. He shall, under the direction of each board composing the common council, make up the journal of the proceedings of each board respectively, and shall publish the same in the official paper as provided in section ten of this act. He shall prepare and sign all warrants on the treasury, and keep an account of them in books kept for that sole purpose. He shall countersign all licenses issued by the mayor, and keep in proper books full minutes thereof. No such license shall be valid until countersigned by him.

Payments to treasurer.

When

town clerk.

deemed

Notice to

§ 36. He shall receive and pay over weekly to the treasurer all moneys which by any law are paid to the clerk of the city, and make a report thereof at the same time under oath to the comptroller.

§ 37. Whenever a ward is, for any purpose, to be regarded as a town,

the city clerk shall be deemed to be the town clerk thereof.

§ 38. He shall, as soon as practicable, notify in writing every officer of his election or appointment, and of the amount of his official bond

elected, or undertaking.

Filing of oaths and bonds.

§ 39. All officers, before they enter upon their offices, shall subscribe and take the oath of office prescribed by the constitution, and file the same with the bond or undertaking required of them with the city clerk, unless otherwise prescribed in this act. If any officer shall neglect for ten days after such notice to take and file with the city clerk his oath of office, or his official bond or undertaking, the common council may declare the office vacant.

Report of a neglect to file oaths,

§ § 40. The city clerk shall report all officers no snall neglect to file their oath of office, or bond or undertaking as required by this act or by ordinance to the board of aldermen at its next meeting after such default.

Record of ordinances.

§ 41. The city clerk shall make and sign a record, in a book to be provided for that purpose, of every ordinance enacted by the common council, and of the time of its first publication; and such record, or a copy thereof, authenticated by the mayor, under the seal of the city, shall be presumptive evidence of the due passage of such ordinance, of the due publication thereof, and of the time of the first publication. Printed books of the ordinances, published, or purporting to have been published, by the order of the common council, shall be presumptive evidence of such ordinances; and that they have been regarded.

Printed books, evidence.

have been published, by the order of the common council, shall be presumptive evidence of such ordinances; and that they have been regularly enacted and published, as required by this act, prior to the printing of them in such book.

Records of streets and alleys. § 42. The city clerk shall keep the records of all streets and alleys now or hereafter established in the city. The copies of the records of certain streets, roads and highways of the city, which were formerly in the town of Buffalo, and which have been entered in a book of record of said city, and verified by the oath of Henry Lovejoy, surveyor, shall have the same force in evidence as the original. A certified copy

of any record of any street or alley shall be presumptive evidence of the existence of the street or alley,

TITLE III.

THE EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

CHAPTER I.

THE CITY OFFICERS.

§ 43. The executive and administrative powers of the city shall be Executive vested in the mayor, the heads of departments hereinafter named, and powers. such other officers as shall, from time to time, be created by law or vested. elected or appointed by virtue of this act.

§ 44. There shall be the following departments:

City de-(1.) Department of finance. partments.

(2.) Department of assessment.
(3.) Department of law.
(4.) Departments of police and excise.
(5.) Department of health.

(6.) Department of fire.(7.) Department of public works.

(8.) Department of parks.(9.) Department of public instruction.

(10.) Department of poor.

§ 45. The mayor, comptroller, corporation counsel, treasurer, as-elective sessors, one commissioner of public works, judges of the municipal court, superintendent of education, police justice, justices of the peace and overseer of the poor, shall be elected, and all other officers shall be appointed as herein provided.

§ 46. No person shall be eligible to any city office unless he is an Eligibility elector of the city, except as hereinafter expressly provided.

§ 47. The mayor, comptroller, corporation counsel, treasurer, super- Terms of intendent of education, commissioners of public works and overseer of one of the poor shall each hold office for the term of three years, the police justice and justices of the peace for the term of four years, the assessors for the term of five years, and the judges of the municipal court

for the term of six years.

§ 48. The comptroller, treasurer, superintendent of education, po-ometal lice justice, justices of the peace, overseer of the poor, corporation bonds. counsel, commissioners of public works, shall execute and file with the city clerk a bond or undertaking to the city, with sureties in such sum as shall be fixed by ordinance, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of their respective offices, and for the accounting for and payment to the city of all moneys belonging to the city received by them, and shall when required by the common council, execute and file a new bond or undertaking. All other officers and persons elected or appointed by authority of this act may, by ordinance, be required to give a like bond or undertaking. The bond or condition undertaking of the comptroller shall contain the further condition in comptroller's that he will pay over to the persons entitled to it the money paid to bond. him to redeem lands sold for taxes and assessments.

CHAPTER II.

Mayor, his

§ 49. THE MAYOR.—The mayor shall be the chief executive officer of powers the city, and shall maintain peace and good order, and enforce the laws therein. He shall see that the duties of the various city officers are faithfully performed. He shall have power to investigate their acts, have access to all books and documents in their offices, and may examine them and their subordinates on oath. He shall have power to issue subpœnas for witnesses to appear before him and testify upon such investigation, and to produce before him books and papers, and may administer oaths to such witnesses and examine them and the books and papers produced by them. If any such officer or his subordinates, or any such witnesses shall refuse to appear or to produce such books or papers, or appearing shall refuse to testify, the mayor may report such refusal to any court of record, or a judge thereof, and such court or judge may make an order for the future appearance of such person, or the production before the mayor of such books and papers, and punish any disobedience of such order as a contempt of The evidence given by persons so examined shall not be used

or removal of officers.

Suspension against them in any criminal proceedings. He shall have power to suspend or remove any officer, except officers whose removal is otherwise provided for by law, whether elected or appointed, for misconduct in office or neglect of duty. The grounds for such suspension or removal shall be stated in the order therefor, and no removal shall be made without reasonable notice to the officer complained of and an opportunity given him to be heard in his defense. 50. He shall have the custody of the seal of the city, and shall

Custody of seal, etc.

authenticate the acts of the common council, and all instruments and papers authorized so to be authenticated.

Appointment of secretary, clerk, etc.

§ 51. He may appoint, and at pleasure remove, a secretary and a license clerk, and such other subordinates as may be authorized by A policeman shall be detailed to attend him and execute ordinance. his orders.

§ 52. He shall, except as otherwise herein provided, issue all licenses

Issuing of licenses.

Hearing

of com-plaints.

authorized by the ordinances of the city, and shall receive the sums fixed therefor, pay them weekly to the treasurer, and at the same time report them to the comptroller. He may, upon reasonable notice to the person complained of, hear any complaint against any person to whom he has issued a license, and may issue subpoenas and compel the attendance of witnesses to testify on such hearing, and may annul such license or suspend it. He shall file a copy of his determination with the city clerk within twenty-four hours after it is made.

General duties.

§ 53. He shall perform such other executive duties as may be by ordinance or provisions of law devolved upon him, and shall recommend to the common council such measures as he may think expedi-He shall appoint all officers, agents and servants whose election or appointment is not in this act otherwise definitely prescribed.

Appointment of officers.

Designation of mayor pro tempore.

§ 54. If the mayor shall be unable to perform the duties of his office in consequence of sickness or temporary absence from the city, he may designate an alderman or councilman to act in his place; if he shall be so incapacited for more than ten days, without making such designation, the board of aldermen may do so. The person so designated shall perform the duties of the mayor until the mayor shall resume them. An alderman or councilman while performing such duties shall not act as a member of the common council.

§ 55. Nothing in this act contained shall be deemed to affect or Civil serlimit the application to the city of Buffalo, of the provisions of chap-vice law ter four hundred and ten of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-fected. four, entitled "An act to amend chapter three hundred and fiftyfour of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-three, entitled 'An act to regulate and improve the civil service of the state of New York,' and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto," or any other general laws pertaining to the civil service. All expenses of ex-Expenses ecuting said laws shall be deemed expenses of the mayor's department, ing said and a sufficient sum therefor shall be included in the annual estimates. laws.

TITLE IV.

CHAPTER I.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

§ 56. There shall be a department of finance consisting of two office Department ces, viz; the comptroller's office of which the comptroller shall be the finance. head, and the treasurer's office of which the treasurer shall be the head.

§ 57. COMPTROLLER AND TREASURER.— The comptroller shall comptrol-superintend the fiscal concerns of the city and manage the same duties. pursuant to law and the ordinances of the city and shall be its chief fiscal officer. He shall keep an account of all warrants drawn on the treasury, and countersigned by him, in a book to be kept for that purpose. He shall keep full and accurate books of account, and shall countersign all receipts given by the treasurer, and charge the treas-When money is paid to him to reurer with the amount thereof. deem lands sold for taxes and assessments, he shall, when the certificate of sale belongs to the city, pay the same into the treasury. shall daily pay to the treasurer all moneys received by him belonging to sucto the city. He shall deposit all money so paid to him, when the cessor. certificate of sale does not belong to the city, in one of the savings banks of the city in trust for those holding such certificates. He shall pay over to his successor in office all moneys remaining in his hands or under his control drawn from the city treasury to pay interest on or principal of the loans of the city, and all moneys received by him

as comptroller for any other purpose whatever.

§ 58. The comptroller, by and with the advice and consent of the Auditor, common council, shall appoint an auditor, who shall have power, and pointment. it shall be his duty to examine and report upon all accounts or claims and duties. against the city for work, labor, services, merchandise or material furnished the city before the same shall be audited and ordered paid by the common council. He shall ascertain, before reporting upon any such accounts or claims, that the work, labor, services, merchandise or material charged for in such account or claim have been actually furnished to and received by the city; that the prices charged are in accordance with the contract or agreement therefor, and that such prices are reasonable and just, and shall make a certificate to that Claims not effect upon each and every such account or claim. The common countobe audited unless cil shall not audit nor order paid any such account or claim against the city, unless the same shall have been so examined, certified and reported upon by the auditor. The auditor shall have power and may sub-authority to issue subpænas to compel the attendance of witnesses and nesses, etc.

144

false swearing.

Proceedings upon refusal to appear and testify.

the production of books and papers upon the examination before him of any account or claim against the city, and is authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations to any person summoned Penalty for and appearing on any such examination. Any willful and corrupt false swearing by any witness or person to any material fact on such examination shall be deemed perjury and be punished in the manner now prescribed by law for that offense; in case any person shall fail or

refuse to obey such subpoena, or refuse to take, when required, the

proper oath or affirmation, or to produce such books and papers, or

shall refuse to answer any proper question, the auditor may apply to a judge or justice of any court of record within said city for a subpæna to compel the attendance of such person, or the production of such

books and papers before a judge or justice of said court to be examined Thereupon the judge or justice respecting such account or claim. shall direct the issue of a subpœna. The person so subpœnaed shall be examined before such judge or justice. Any person refusing or failing to appear and testify, or to produce such books and papers upon such examination when duly subposned shall be deemed guilty of a contempt of court and punished accordingly. Persons so subpænaed shall be entitled to the fees now allowed by law to witnesses in actions, but no claimant shall be entitled to any fees. The auditor shall keep books in which shall be entered all accounts and claims against the city presented to him for audit, together with a note of the action taken by him on each; he shall have authority to employ one clerk,

and as many more as shall be from time to time authorized by the

keep an accurate account of all receipts and expenditures.

§ 59. The treasurer shall receive all money belonging to the city and

Treasurer, his duties. common council.

Fees of

Audit book.

Clerks.

witnesses.

daily deposit all money received by him in the banks designated by the common council, subject to his own check when the same shall be countersigned by the comptroller. He shall not check out any money so deposited, except to satisfy a warrant upon the treasury, or to transfer it, on the direction of the common council, to another deposit bank. He shall render a weekly statement in detail, under oath, to the comptroller of the money received and disbursed by him, specifying the funds on account of which, and the sources from which received, and the accounts for which such disbursements were

Weekly statement.

Money, how drawn from treasury.

made. § 60. Money shall be drawn from the treasury only upon warrants authorized by the common council, and signed by the mayor and city clerk, and countersigned by the comptroller; each warrant shall specify the purpose for which it is drawn, and the fund out of which it is payable.

Cancellation of warrants.

§ 61. The treasurer, when he pays a warrant on the treasury, shall cancel it, and it shall not be reissued. A violation of this section shall be a misdemeanor.

§ 62. He shall, upon the presentation of a warrant on the treasury

Payments 4 1 from proper funds.

Receipts.

to him for payment, pay it, if there be sufficient funds in the treasury to the credit of the fund out of which it is payable. He shall prepare and sign a receipt for any money paid into the treasury. He shall procure such receipt to be countersigned by the comptroller, before he shall deliver it to the person entitled to receive it.

Treasurer, when deemed guilty of larceny.

§ 63. The treasurer, upon conviction of having lent, or deposited in a bank not designated by the common council, or unlawfully appropriated to his own use, any money of the city received by him, shall be deemed guilty of larceny.

§ 64. No one but the treasurer shall receive any money for the city, Treasurer except fines and judgments recovered, unless authorized by this act or to receive by special resolution or the common council.

CHAPTER II.

§ 65. General Fund. — The fiscal year shall begin on the first Fiscal year.

day of July.

§ 66. The comptroller shall, on or before the first day of April in Annual each year, present to the common council a detailed statement of the statement financial condition of the city. In such statement the available re- of compsources of the city and its liabilities falling due within the next fiscal year shall be separately stated. It shall show the receipts and expenditures of the preceding year, and the condition of the general and local funds.

§ 67. The heads of the different departments and such officers as Estimate the comptroller may request, shall on or before the first day of Feb- ses of deruary deliver to the comptroller a full and detailed estimate of the ex-partments. penses and the amount of money required in their respective departments and offices for the next fiscal year.

§ 68. The comptroller, on or before the first day of March in each Annual year, shall also present to the board of aldermen an estimate of the estimate amount necessary to be raised by general tax to carry on the city troller to government, and to meet all the expenses and liabilities of the city for eldermen. the next fiscal year, specifying in detail, and under separate and appropriate heads, the amount estimated for each department, or each office, or other purpose. In such estimate shall be included at least Amount one hundred thousand dollars of the principal, and the interest of the for bonds. bonded debt of the city, due or to fall due within the next fiscal year.

§ 69. Such estimate shall be entered at large upon the journal.

Record of estimate.

70. After the expiration of one week from the presentation of Action such estimate, the board of aldermen shall proceed to consider the thereon by same, and, by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected, may alter or amend the same; and shall, on or before the first day of April, finally pass upon it, and at once report its action to the board of councilmen, which shall pass thereon, and may alter or amend the same by The estimate of the a vote of two-thirds of all its members elected. comptroller shall stand as to all items not altered or amended by both boards before May first. The estimate, as made by the comptroller, Adoption or as altered or amended by the common council, may be adopted by a of estimate. majority vote of each board, and, if altered or amended, shall, upon its adoption, be entered at large upon the journal of each board. But Amount the sum of one hundred thousand dollars to be applied to the payment to be in of the principal of the bonded debt of the city, and to no other pur-cluded. pose, shall be included in such estimate as adopted by the common council.

§ 71. The sum total of the adopted estimate shall be raised by gen- General

§ 72. In such estimate may be included a sum not exceeding five Fourth of thousand dollars for the celebration of the Fourth of July, and the July and receptions reception of distinguished persons.

§ 73. The expenditures for each department, office or other purpose Expendiduring the fiscal year, shall be kept within the estimate made for it, tures not to except that in cases where the mayor, comptroller and treasurer shall estimate. certify in writing that a greater amount than provided for in the estimates is necessary in any department of the city, the expenditures in

1 files

Increase of expenditures in certain cases.

any such department may be increased by the amount so certified by a two-thirds vote of the members elected to each board composing the common council, which vote shall be taken by calling the yeas and nays, and shall be entered upon the journals of the common council. The amount of such increased expenditure shall be included in the estimate for the ensuing year, as adopted by the common council, and may be temporarily borrowed on city certificates of indebtedness or met by the issue of bonds payable on the first day of July of the year next succeeding their issue. No contract shall be authorized by the

Contracts creating liability rized.

Depart-

ments

credited

debited.

Contracts beyond balance and liabinding.

common council, creating a liability to be paid out of the general fund, how author unless a majority of the members elected to each board composing the common council shall vote in favor thereof, which vote shall be taken by calling the yeas and nays, and shall be entered upon the journals of the common council. For the purposes of this section, each department, office, or other purpose, shall be credited with the amount included in the estimate for it; and it shall be debited with the salaries, and the certain and fixed sums to be paid out of it; and the other expenditures shall not exceed the balance remaining of the esti-Contracts made in any form or manner, for an amount exceeding such balance, except contracts for the expenditures in excess of the estimates authorized hereby, shall not be binding on the city bebilities or your such balance, and the excess may be recovered of the members of the common council, jointly or severally, who voted in favor thereof. When liabilities to the amount of such balance shall have been created. all contracts, made in any form or manner, for further expenditures or liabilities, shall not be binding on the city, but may be enforced against the members of the common council, jointly or severally, who Liamity of voted therefor. If the treasurer shall pay a warrant on the treasury, drawn in violation of this section, he shall not be credited with the amount paid upon such warrant.

treasurer.

Estimate by comp troller to council.

Amount thereof,

§ 74. On or before the first day of April, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, the comptroller shall send to the present common council an estimate in detail of the amount necessary to carry on the city government and to meet all the expenses and liabilities of the city for eighteen months from and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-one. Such estimate shall show separately the amount necessary to carry on the city government, and to meet the expenses and liabilities of the city for the first six months of said period, less the amount to the credit of the several funds on the said first day of January. The common council may, by a vote of two-thirds of the members elected, alter or amend such estimate. The sum total of the amount of the estimate as adopted by the common council shall be raised as follows, to wit: The amount estimated for the fiscal year, beginning July first, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, shall be raised by a general tax upon the taxable property of the city, and the amount estimated for the six months beginning January first, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, shall be raised by the issue and sale of the bonds of the city, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding three and one-half per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, the principal to be paid one-tenth thereof in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-two and one-tenth thereof in each year thereafter until the whole amount thereof shall be paid. An amount necessary to pay the principal and interest of such bonds falling due in each year shall be included in the general tax levy of such year. The estimate of the comptroller under this section shall stand as to all items not altered or amended by the

Estimate unless, etc.

Digitized by Google

CHAP. 105.] ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTEENTH SESSION.

common council before the first day of May, eighteen hundred and

ninety-one.

§ 75. As soon after the adoption of any estimate as shall be practicomparable, the comptroller shall apportion said tax upon the taxable prop-troller to apportion erty within the city, as set down in the assessment-rolls of the year tax filed with him; and shall set down in a column, to be prepared for that purpose in said rolls, opposite to the several sums set down on said rolls as the valuation of real and personal estates, the respective sums in dollars and cents to be paid as a tax thereon. He may correct any clerical errors in said rolls. He shall, on the first day of June, or as Delivery of soon thereafter as practicable, deliver said rolls to the treasurer. He treasurer. shall, before delivering such tax-rolls to the treasurer, enter thereon, in a column to be prepared for that purpose, opposite to each lot of Rolls to land, the aggregate amount of all local assessments thereon, with the local as additions returned to him on or before the first day of May of that sessments. year as unpaid.

§ 76. Upon the receipt of said rolls, the treasurer shall give notice, Notice of by publishing the same in the official paper, and by posting the same taxes. in six public places in each ward, that the general tax-rolls have been received by him, stating the day on which they were received, that they will remain in his hands until the first day of March following, and that payment of the taxes and assessments thereon may be made to him at any time before the expiration of thirty days from the time the said rolls were received by him, without additions; that at the end Percent of said thirty days, an addition of one per centum upon every unpaid added tax and assessment will be added thereto; that a like addition of one per centum will be made every fifteen days thereafter until the first day of November following, and that thereafter all taxes and assessments will be charged with interest at the rate of twelve per centum per annum on the first day of each month until the same are paid, together with five per centum collector's fees, if a warrant for levy and sale is issued on or after November first. And such additions, interest and fees shall be charged accordingly.

§ 77. The city may recover by action the amount of every tax with Actions for collecthe additions and interest unpaid on the first day of November afore-tion of said, with interest thereon at the rate of twelve per centum per an-taxes. num, and the further sum of five per centum upon the amount of such tax, interest and additions, from the persons liable to pay the same, which shall remain unpaid for more than five months after the delivery of the rolls to the treasurer. Such action shall be brought by How the treasurer in his name of office. The judgment obtained in such brought. action, when docketed in the office of the clerk of Erie county, shall have priority over any other lien or incumbrance upon or transfer of the property charged with the tax for which such action was brought, and every purchaser or incumbrancer of said property, whose incumbrance, lieu or transfer shall have been recorded before the commencement of the action, shall be made a party to said action.

§ 78. In case any taxes contained in said rolls shall not be paid be-warrants fore the first day of November aforesaid, and no action for the collection of the same be commenced, the treasurer may issue warrants taxes. containing transcripts of the taxes and assessments appearing on the rolls unpaid, with additions and interest, provided he has reasonable grounds for believing that the person or corporation against whom the tax stands unpaid has goods and chattels liable to levy and sale for such tax.

§ 79. Such warrants shall be directed to such person or persons as directed.

the treasurer shall appoint collector or collectors of unpaid taxes and assessments.

Bond of collectors.

§ 80. Before receiving such warrant or warrants, each collector shall file with the comptroller a bond or undertaking to the city, in a sum to be therein specified, not less than double the amount of warrants placed in his hands for collection, with sureties to the effect that such collector will faithfully perform his duties, and account for and pay over all moneys collected by him upon any warrant or warrants placed in his hands for collection.

Condition therein.

§ 81. The bond or undertaking filed by each collector shall also contain a condition that any person aggrieved by said collector in the execution of any warrant delivered to him, may sue thereon, in his own name, in the same manner as though he had been mentioned in said bond or undertaking.

Restriction on delivery of warrants.

§ 82. The treasurer shall not deliver to any collector a warrant or warrants authorizing the collection or receipt by him of taxes and assessments exceeding one-half of the amount specified in the bond or undertaking filed by him.

Interest. how com-

§ 83. Interest on taxes and assessments shall not be computed for less than one month, and shall be computed up to the first day of the month following the day of payment.

Payments by collectors.

§ 84. Each collector shall make immediate payment to the treasurer of the amount of taxes and assessments collected by him and report the same under oath to the comptroller.

Liability of colsureties.

Return of warrants.

§ 85. Upon the delivery of a warrant or warrants to a collector, the lectors and treasurer shall charge the total amount thereof to him, and such collector and his sureties shall be liable for such amount and the interest thereon, and if said collector is not able to collect the taxes described therein, he shall return the warrant within thirty days after receiving it, with an affidavit that he has not collected the whole or any part thereof, or been able to find any goods or chattels out of which to make the same, and the treasurer shall credit him with the amount of the warrant or warrants.

Warranta how made

§ 86. The warrants issued by the treasurer for the collection of unpaid taxes and assessments, together with additions, shall be directed to a collector or collectors, by name, commanding him or them to collect and make the several taxes and additions above specified with interest on each tax from the first day of November aforesaid, at the rate of twelve per centum per annum, together with fees, out of the goods and chattels of the person, corporation or association, opposite to whose name each tax is set down, by a levy and sale thereof, and make return thereon within thirty days.

Collector may receive payment of taxes.

§ 87. Upon the receipt of such warrant by a collector, he shall demand and may receive payment of the taxes and assessments named therein with interest on the same at the rate of twelve per centum per annum from the first day of November aforesaid, together with additions and his fees. He shall make the amount of the several May collect taxes with the additions and interest set opposite to the respective names in such warrant (but not of the assessments), out of the goods and chattels of the person, corporation or association, opposite to whose name such taxes are set down, together with his fees, by a levy upon and sale thereof.

same by levy and

Collector's sales, and how noti-

fled.

§ 88. Sales by virtue of tax warrants shall be at public auction, and six days' notice of the time and place thereof shall be given by the collector by posting it in three public places in the ward or wards in which such sales are to take place.

§ 89. Such warrants may be executed in any part of the city, and warrants, goods and chattels in the possession of the person opposite to whose name the taxes are set down shall be deemed to belong to such person, and no claim of property made thereto by any other person shall be

available to prevent a sale.

§ 90. If the goods or chattels levied upon shall sell for more than Surplus the tax, additions, interest and fees, the surplus shall be paid over by upon collectors to the collectors to the name to the collectors. the collector to the person to whom the tax for which they were sold sale. was assessed. If before such payment any other person shall claim such surplus, and such claim shall be disputed, the collector shall now such surplus into the amount of the surplus into the su pay such surplus into the superior court of Buffalo, by delivering the same to the clerk thereof, with a statement of the dispute; and such court shall ascertain who is entitled to such money, and order its payment to him.

§ 91. On the first day of March, after the receipt of the general tax- Return of rolls, the treasurer shall return said rolls to the comptroller, with his roll, with amdavit affidavit attached thereto, that the uncanceled taxes and assessments of unpaid taxes. therein are unpaid, and that he has not been able to collect the same, and the comptroller shall credit him with such returned taxes and assessments.

§ 92. Taxes and assessments can be paid to the treasurer at any payment time before the rolls are returned to the comptroller, but if a warrant of taxes before rehas been issued for their collection, the fees to which the collector turn of would have been entitled if he had made the collection, which are hereby fixed at five per centum on the amount of taxes, assessments, Fees of additions and interest shall be added, and when collected shall belong collectors. to the city. Such taxes and assessments may also be paid to the comptroller with additions and interest, at any time after the return of the rolls to him and before sale, with the addition of one dollar for expense of publication.

CHAPTER III.

LOCAL FUNDS.

§ 93. The comptroller, on the delivery to him of a local assessment- Duty of roll, shall enter the name of the same and the total amount thereof comptroller. in his books. He shall publish a notice in the official paper stating Notice of that the assessment-roll, naming and describing it, has been received received by him, and that it will be held by him for two weeks, after which it will be delivered to the treasurer. After the expiration of said two Delivery weeks, he shall deliver said roll to the treasurer unless, in the mean of rolls to treasurer. time notice has been served on him, pursuant to law, that a writ of certiorari has been issued or has been applied for or an action has been begun to review said assessment-roll or to test the legality thereof, in which case he shall hold the said assessment-roll for two additional weeks, and shall, after the expiration of said additional time, deliver said assessment-roll to the treasurer, unless the court or the common council shall order him to return the said assessment-roll to the common council, or the proceedings to collect or enforce said assessmentroll are stayed by the court.

§ 94. The treasurer, upon the receipt of such assessment-roll, shall Duty of cause the same to be properly indexed in a book to be kept by him for that purpose, and when the work for which said roll was made shall actually begin, shall publish a notice in five successive numbers of the Notice of official paper, that such roll, naming it, has been received by him, and receipt of roll, etc. that any assessment therein may be paid to him at any time before the

Notice of beginning work.

expiration of one month from the first publication of the notice, with-The department having the work in charge shall out any addition. notify the treasurer of the beginning of any work.

Percentages adunpaid assessment.

§ 95. Upon the expiration of one month from the first publication of such notice, the treasurer shall add one per centum to each of the unpaid assessments in such roll, and a like percentage shall, at the end of every month thereafter, while the roll remains in his hands, be added to each unpaid assessment.

Method of paying.

§ 96. The method of paying such assessment shall be the same as that prescribed for the payment of taxes of the general tax roll.

Retention of roll by treasurer.

§ 97. The treasurer shall retain each local assessment-roll, so that at all times payments may be made thereon, until the assessment is added to the general roll.

A88688⁾ ments added to general roll, effect of.

§ 98. All local assessments, when added to the general roll, shall be liens to the same extent as taxes levied in the general roll, and the same interest be payable upon them and the same remedies and methods of collection shall apply to them as to such taxes under this act, except as herein otherwise provided.

ARRESE ments. liens.

§ 99. Every assessment for local improvements shall become a lien upon the property assessed, upon the first publication, by the treasurer, of the notice that he has received the roll containing such assessment. § 100. An action may be brought in any court having jurisdiction

Actions to test legal-

thereof to determine the legality of an assessment for local improvesessments. ments, and in such action the owner of a separate parcel of land may unite with one or more of the owners of other parcels assessed or attempted to be assessed, in the same assessment-roll. Such an action may be brought at the same time as, or after a writ of certiorari is granted, pursuant to the next section, or while such certiorari proceeding is pending, but it must be brought within one year after said assessment shall have become an actual or apparent lien upon the property assessed. Such an action may be brought and maintained, although the party or parties plaintiff shall not have applied to the board of assessors to correct, amend or revise the said assessment, and shall not have filed any objections to the said assessment-roll; and although the parties plaintiff, or some of them, have paid their assessments upon the said assessment-roll, in which case the parties who have so paid may ask for, and in a proper case the court may order restitution of the amounts paid by them with interest. But in such an action no

When may be brought, etc.

Relief not to be certain

to be granted in relief shall be granted to the plaintiffs based upon any defects, irregularities or errors in the said assessment-roll which could have been reviewed and corrected by a writ of certiorari issued pursuant to the next section. § 101. A writ of certiorari may be granted to review and determine

Writ of certiorari, granting of, upon application.

the legality of an assessment for local improvements by any court of competent jurisdiction upon the application of any person or persons aggrieved thereby. The owner of a separate parcel of land may unite with one or more owners of other parcels of land assessed or attempted to be assessed in the same assessment-roll in the application for such Such writ shall be applied for in the form and manner, and the subsequent proceedings thereupon had shall comply with the proviscedure, applicable. ions of article seven, of title two of chapter sixteen of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to the writ of certiorari to review the determination of an inferior tribunal, except as is in this section expressly

Not to be

enter-

tained

Code of

civil pro-

otherwise provided. No such application shall be entertained unless the persons making the application, or some them, shall have previously made com-

plaint in relation to such assessment to the board of assessors, pur-unless, suant to law, or shall have filed objections to such roll with the city etc. clerk pursuant to law; but the proceeding to review such assessment by writ of certiorari shall not be confined to any grounds of complaint or objection which were presented to the said board of assessors, or in the said objections filed with the city clerk.

2. Such writ may be applied for at any time after the said assess- writ, when ment-roll shall have been confirmed by the resolution of the common applied council, although such resolution may not have been approved by the for. mayor, and before the expiration of two weeks from the publication by the comptroller of the notice required by this act that such roll has

been received by him.

3. The said writ of certiorari shall be directed to the city of Buffalo, Towhom which shall be known as the defendant. It may be served by deliver- and how ing a copy thereof to the mayor or the corporation counsel, and a copy served. to the comptroller or his deputy, unless the court shall otherwise direct. Only one return to said writ shall be made and it may be Return and verified by any one or more of said officers, or by any assessor of the hearing thereupon. The return shall not be conclusive. Upon the return being filed, the cause may be heard at a general or a special term of the court, and either party may notice it for a hearing. If upon the hearing it shall appear to the court that testimony is necessary to the proper disposition of the matter, the court may take evidence or may appoint a referee to take such evidence as the court may direct, and report the same to the court, and such testimony shall constitute a part of the proceedings upon which the determination of the court shall be made.

4. The court shall have power at any stage of the proceeding to Parties order any necessary or proper parties to be brought in by amendment, brought upon such terms as shall be just, and to direct how notice, if required, into shall be given to them by personal service or by publication, and ceedings. thereafter all parties so notified shall be bound by the proceeding, and the court shall have nowed to shall be bound by the proceeding, and the court shall have power to appoint an attorney to represent un-Attorneys known or unrepresented parties, and to order the reasonable costs known and expenses of all parties so brought in, otherwise than upon their parties, etc. own motion, to be paid by the city.

5. If it is established that the assessment is illegal for any reason, Cancellation of the court may order that said assessment be canceled and the same asses shall thereupon be canceled by the comptroller and other proper offi-ments. cers of the city. Where it is alleged or established that the said as- Correction, sessment is irregular or defective on account of any imperfect descrip- etc., of tion of the land sought to be assessed, or any defect or irregularity which can be corrected without prejudice to any of the parties interested therein or affected thereby, the court may order the assessment-roll so corrected or amended, or may order that the assessment-roll be returned to the common council to annul or correct it pursuant to law.

6. The parties applying for said writ of certiorari, or any of them, Payments may pay their assessments upon the said assessment-roll at any time, during notwithstanding the pendency of said writ. In case it shall be de-of writ. termined that the assessment-roll is illegal for any reason, after the Restitu-assessments or any of them have been paid, the court may make such parties. orders in regard to restitution to the parties to said proceeding and to others, as shall be necessary to protect the rights of all parties, and may enforce said orders as judgments in an action.

§ 102. On or before the first day of May in each year, the treasurer Annual results shall return each local assessment-roll not payable in installments to compare the company of the comp which shall have been received by him more than two months prior to troller.

such first day of May, with the additions, to the comptroller, and certify that all uncanceled assessments therein are unpaid.

ments. divided into installments.

§ 103. When any work or improvement shall be ordered by the common council, the expense whereof shall exceed the sum of five thousand dollars and is to be defrayed by money raised by local assessment,

Installments, when due and payable

Interest.

and in any case where such work or improvement shall be the paving of a street or alley whether the expense thereof shall be more or less than five thousand dollars, the several assessments contained in any roll, made for the purpose of raising said money, shall be divided into five equal annual installments. The first installment shall be due and payable from and after the date of the first publication of the notice specified in section ninety-four of this act; and the remaining installments in one, two, three and four years from and after the date of such publication. The second, third, fourth and fifth installments shall bear interest at the rate of five per centum per annum from the date of such first publication, until they shall severally become due Monthly additions of interests shall be made to each and payable. due and unpaid installment as provided in section ninety-five of this act; commencing one month after said installment shall become due and payable.

Collection

of roll.

Return of unpaid installments.

Collection and return of second mient.

Third installment.

Fourth installment.

Fifth in-stallment.

§ 104. The treasurer shall proceed with the collection of said roll in the manner provided for other assessments, and, for such purpose, retain the roll in his possession at all times. On or before the first day of May of each year, he shall make a transcript from the rolls received by him more than two months previous thereto, of each unpaid installment which shall have become due and payable with the addition thereto, which transcript shall be delivered to the comptroller to be spread on the general roll for that year, in the manner specified in section seventy-five of this act, and the treasurer shall note on the original roll the installments so transferred. He shall continue the collection of the balance of said roll until on or before the first day of May in the following year, when he shall make a transcript of the second installment of the assessments on said roll which shall have become due He shall cause a transcript of said installment so due and payable. and payable with the additions thereon, to be delivered to the comptroller to be spread on the general tax-roll for that year, and shall note

on the original roll the installments so transferred. He shall con-

tinue the collection of the balance of said roll until on or before the first day of May in the following year, when he shall make a transcript of the third installment of the assessments on said roll which shall have become due and payable. He shall cause a transcript of said installment so due and payable, with the additions thereon, to be delivered to the comptroller to be spread on the general tax-roll for that year, and shall note on the original roll the installment so transferred. He shall continue the collection of the balance of said roll until on or

before the first day of May in the following year, when he shall in like manner make a transcript of the fourth installment on such roll, which shall have become due and payable. He shall cause a transcript of said installment so due and payable, with the additions thereon, to be delivered to the comptroller to be spread on the general tax-roll for that year, in the same manner as hereinbefore provided,

continue the collection of the balance of said roll until on or before the first day of May in the following year, when he shall in like manner make a transcript of the fifth installment on such roll which shall have become due and payable. He shall cause a transcript of said install-

and note on the original roll the assessment so transferred.

Digitized by Google

ment so due and payable, with the additions thereon, to be delivered to the comptroller to be spread on the general tax-roll for that year as hereinbefore provided and note on the original roll the assessment so Annual interest shall be paid to the treasurer on all un- Payment transferred. paid installments at the time any one of them shall become due, and of annual interest. said treasurer shall not receive payment of any installment after the first, unless interest then due on all installments shall be paid at the same time; if such interest is not paid, the treasurer shall return the Assess entire assessment to the comptroller, with all additions and interest then turned in due in the same manner as though the assessments were payable in case of default. one installment, and the comptroller shall spread the same on the general tax-roll of the year. The treasurer may receive the whole of Receipt of any assessments, with accrued interest and additions, at any time before the same is returned to the comptroller.

§ 105. Whenever any work or improvement shall be or shall have issue of bonds. been ordered by the common council, the expense whereof shall exceed the sum of five thousand dollars and is to be defrayed in whole or in part by money raised by local assessment, and in any case where such work or improvement shall be the paving or repaving of any street or alley, whether the expense shall be more or less than five thousand dollars, the common council may, after such local assessment-roll shall have been confirmed, authorize the issue of bonds to an amount not exceeding four-fifths of said expense. Such bonds shall Interest. draw interest not to exceed four per centum per annum, and shall be payable one-fourth in one year; one-fourth in two years; one-fourth in Bonds, three years, and one-fourth in four years from and after the first day able. of the next calendar month succeeding the confirmation of said assessment-roll. All warrants drawn in payment of any local work or Warrants improvement above specified shall be payable four-fifths out of the pro-field imceeds of such bonds, and one-fifth out of moneys collected upon the provefirst installment of the assessment-roll made therefor. If sufficient how paymoneys have not been realized upon the first installment of such assessment-roll to pay the warrants so drawn against said roll, or if sufficient moneys have not been realized upon any other installment to pay said bonds when the same shall be due and payable, the comp. Temporary troller may temporarily borrow on the credit of the city a sum sufficient to pay the same; and all moneys thereafter realized, on account of said assessment-roll or from sales for non-payment of assessments therein, shall be used and are hereby pledged to the payment of the amount so borrowed and for the payment of such bonds. On the first Monthly Monday of each month, the board of public works shall certify to the of certain common council the total amount of all local work or improvements work performed. performed or contracted for during the preceding month (other than for the paving or repaving of a street or alley,) and which is to be collected by local assessment upon the property benefited, and the common council may thereupon authorize the issue of bonds to such Issue of amount as it shall determine, not to exceed the amount so certified, therefor. payable at such time as shall be fixed in the resolution. Such bonds shall bear interest at not to exceed five per centum per annum, and shall be sold at not less than par. All warrants drawn in payment of Warrants, how pay. any local work or improvement last above specified, shall be payable able All moneys collected upon any Payment of bonds. out of the proceeds of such bonds. local assessment-roll or upon sales for non-payment of any assessments therein, shall be used and are hereby pledged for the payment of the bonds issued for the purpose of raising money for the payment of the work or improvement for which such assessment-rolls were made. The

Monthly certificate of bonds due, and condition of funds.

Warrants payable from asessment funds.

Warrants for work payable in installments.

Payment of war rants, be-fore due.

Notice thereof.

comptroller shall, on the first Monday in each month, certify the amount of bonds, if any, falling due in that month, and the condition of the fund provided for the payment thereof, and the common council shall, upon such statement, determine the amount of bonds to be issued under the provisions of this section, and may determine that any work shall be paid for by the issue of warrants drawn against the roll made to provide a fund for payment of the same in which case warrants shall be issued as follows; when any work or improvement shall be ordered by the common council, the expense whereof is to be collected by local assessment upon the property benefited; the common council may, by resolution, direct warrants to be drawn on the treasurer in payment for the same out of the funds in his hands arising from such assessment, applicable to the payment thereof. Warrants drawn by direction of the common council in payment of any work or improvement, the assessment for which is payable in five installments, shall be drawn payable by the city on a day certain for onefifth of the amount of such improvement in one year from date, onefifth in two years, one-fifth in three years, one-fifth in four years and one-fifth in five years from date. Such warrants shall bear interest at five per centum from their dates. The comptroller shall direct and the treasurer shall pay warrants, with accrued interest thereon, at any time before they shall become due, if there shall be funds in his hands arising from such assessment applicable to the payment thereof, but none of such warrants shall be paid until all those which by their terms are sooner payable shall have been paid, unless he shall retain in his hands a sufficient amount to pay all such prior warrants. comptroller shall direct, and the treasurer shall, when he shall have money in his hands applicable to the payment of such warrants, give notice in five successive numbers of the official paper (Sundays and legal holidays excepted) that he will pay all or any portion of such warrants, with accrued interest, on a day to be specified in said notice, and the interest on such warrants shall cease from and after the day Temporary specified in such notice. If there shall not be sufficient moneys to payment of the credit of the work or improvements for which the assessment is warrants. made to nav such warrants when the course by

CHAPTER IV.

of the amount so borrowed, and to no other purpose.

made to pay such warrants when the same shall become due, the comptroller shall borrow on the credit of the city, if the common council shall by resolution so direct, a sufficient sum of money, which shall be deposited with the treasurer, to pay the same, and the moneys arising from said assessment shall, when collected, be applied to the payment

SALE OF LANDS FOR TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS.

Taxes and 888688ments. ow long llens.

§ 106. All taxes and assessments shall be a lien upon the lands on which they are assessed for ten years from the delivery of the tax or assessment-roll to the treasurer and the first publication of notice of receipt of same, and shall have priority in the inverse order of time in which they become liens. If the proceedings to enforce such liens have been stayed by a court or judge, the period of such stay shall not be taken as a part of said ten years.

Statement of unpaid taxes and 888685 ments.

§ 107. Upon the return by the treasurer of the general tax-rolls to the comptroller, he shall prepare a statement of the taxes and assessments upon lands returned by said treasurer unpaid. Such statement shall be a transcript of the rolls, and shall specify the amount of each

tax and assessment, with additions and interest to the day on which the sale is to commence, and the further sum of five per centum upon the amount of each tax, assessment, addition and interest. there is more than one tax or assessment upon the same parcel of land, the description of such parcel shall be inserted in such statement but The comptroller shall also charge each parcel of land included Charge for in such statement with one dollar to cover expenses of printing and ing. publication. All such additions, interest, fees and expenses shall be a charge on the lands sold and shall be added to and made a part of

§ 108. The collection of every assessment and of every tax upon real Enforceestate returned unpaid by the treasurer may be enforced by a sale of ment of the real estate by the company while the terms of the real estate by the real estate by the terms of the real estate by the real esta the real estate by the comptroller, while the tax or assessment is a lien. by sale of lands. Such sale shall take place in April or May in every year.

§ 109. When the returned taxes and assessments are upon the same sale in parcel of land such parcel shall not be sold for less than the aggregate parcels or separately. amount of them, but when they are upon parcels of different bound-

aries, although in part the same, each parcel shall be sold separately. § 110. The comptroller shall cause to be published twice in each List and week, for three weeks, in the official paper, a list or statement of the notice of sale. real estate charged with the payment of such taxes and assessments, with additions, fees, interest and expenses, and so liable to be sold, and also a notice that the said real estate will, on a day at the expiration of the said three weeks, to be specified in such notice, and the succeeding days, be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, at the city and county hall in the said city of Buffalo, to pay the taxes, additions, fees, interest and expenses thereon which may remain unpaid at the time of such sale; the expense of publishing such list and notices shall not exceed the sum of one dollar for each parcel of land so advertised. On the day named in said notice the said comptroller shall sales at commence the sale of said real estate at auction to the highest bidder, auction. and shall continue such sale from day to day until the whole thereof shall be sold; but the owner of any piece of land or his representatives Redempmay redeem the same at any time before the actual sale thereof, by tion before sale. paying the tax or taxes for which it is to be sold, with all accrued interest, additions, fees and expenses. It shall be the duty of the comp-Lands to troller to bid in for the city all parcels of real estate at such sale be bid in for city. which shall not be purchased by any other person at a rate sufficient to pay the taxes for which the land is to be sold, with all the accrued interest, additions, fees and expenses.

§ 111. If the real estate shall sell for more than the amount of the Surplus tax, interest, additions and expenses aforesaid, the surplus shall be how dispaid over by the comptroller into the superior court of Buffalo, by deposed of livering the same to the clark the result of the superior court of Buffalo, by deposed of livering the same to the clark the result of the same to the clark the same to the same livering the same to the clerk thereof; and such court shall ascertain and determine who is entitled to such money; and if it shall appear that such proceedings are valid and regular, order and decree its distribution and payment to the person or persons entitled thereto. if any of such surplus shall remain unclaimed in said court for the When period of ten years, the same, with accrued interest thereon, shall, on local reapplication of the corporation counsel, and after publication of notice demption fund. that such application has been made in the official paper for ten successive issues thereof (Sundays and legal holidays excepted), be paid to the treasurer of the city, and added to the local redemption fund.

§ 112. The purchasers at such sale shall pay the amounts of their Payment respective bids to the comptroller within forty eight hours after the of bids. sale, and thereupon the comptroller shall execute to each purchaser,

including the city, a certificate in writing, which shall contain a de-

Certificate of sale.

obtained.

scription of the real estate purchased, the amount paid therefor, the date of the sale and that the same was sold for unpaid city taxes and assessments. Such purchaser or his legal representatives or assigns, may, upon receiving such certificate, by virtue thereof and of this act. lawfully hold and enjoy for his and their own proper use and benefit and the use and benefit of his and their heirs and assigns forever, the real estate described in said certificate, unless the same shall be re-Possession. deemed as hereinafter provided. And he and his heirs and assigns may, and at any time after the time limited in the one hundred and fourteenth section of this act for the redemption of such premises shall have expired and the notice therein provided for been given, and said premises shall not have been redeemed as therein provided, and not before, obtain actual possession of the premises by an action at law or by causing the occupant of such real estate to be removed therefrom and the possession thereof to be delivered to him in the same manner and by the same proceedings, by and before the same officers as in the case of a tenant holding over after the expiration of his term without

City to borrow money for permission of his landlord.

Fund for payment.

Notice of payment of warrants.

city treasury, to the credit of each tax and assessment for which sales were made, its portion. All moneys received on the redemption of lands struck off to the city at such sale, or for assignments of certificates of sale, shall constitute a fund for the payment of the money As soon as practicable after the city shall have borrowed money and placed it in the treasury as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the treasurer to publish a notice five days in the official paper, that he will pay all local fund warrants the funds to pay which have been provided by the money so borrowed and placed in the treasury, at any time within ten days from the time of the first publication of such notice, and interest on such warrant shall cease at the end of ten days from the time of the first publication of such notice.

§ 113. The city shall borrow, for a time not exceeding five years,

money sufficient to pay its purchases at such tax sales, and place in the

Redemption of lands.

§ 114. The owner of, or any person interested in, or having a lien upon any real estate sold for taxes and assessments, as aforesaid, may redeem the same at any time within eighteen months after the date of such sale, by paying to the comptroller, for the use of the purchaser upon such sale, his heirs and assigns, the sum mentioned in the certificate given to him, and the interest on the amount of tax, additions, fees, interest and expenses at the rate of twelve per centum per annum, and on the balance of said sum at the rate of six per centum per annum, to be calculated from the date of such certificate, and in case such redemption shall be made after eighteen months, and before two years after the date of such sale a further sum of fifteen dollars to pay for the expenses of searching and publishing and serving the notices herein prescribed. After the expiration of two years from the date of sale the comptroller may receive the deposit last above set forth, but shall not record the redemption of such lands until the certificate issued by him upon such sale shall be returned to him canceled by the purchaser or his assigns, or its loss proven. Notice shall be given by the purchaser of any real estate sold for taxes under the provisions of this act to the occupant, owner in fee, registered agent of the owner, attorney in fact whose power of attorney is recorded, trustee, mortgagee or his registered tax agent, judgment creditor or purchaser upon any other tax sale of the same property, whose certificate is a lien on said premises, and the heirs and assigns of

Purchaser to give notice to redeem lands.

any or either of them and the guardian of any infants having any interest therein, at any time after the expiration of eighteen months from the date of such sale. Such notice shall either be written or Formand partly written, and partly printed, and shall state briefly the lot or contents parcel of land to be redeemed, the amount due at the time of sale, the amount for which the property was sold, and the expenses of making searches thereon, the last day of redemption of any such real estate, and the office, or place, and hours when and where the money for such redemption can be paid, which office or place of business shall be in the city of Buffalo, and which hours shall be between nine o'clock in the forenoon and four and one-half o'clock in the afternoon. last day of redemption to be specified in said notice shall be not less than three months from the day of service of the same, nor prior to two years from the date of such sale. Such notice shall be served per- Notice, sonally or left with some person of suitable age and discretion at the how served. residence or place of business of any and all persons entitled to such notice, if they or any of them reside in the city or have a place of business therein; and in case they or any of them do not reside or have a place of business in said city, then such notice shall be deposited, postage paid in the post-office, addressed to them at the post-office at or nearest to their known place of residence; and if the residence or address of any such person or persons be not known to the holder of such certificate, then such notice shall be published at least once a week for three months prior to the day therein named for redemption in the official paper. The expenses of mailing, serving and publishing such notice shall be added to and become a part of the amount required to be paid for the redemption of The clerk of Erie county shall, upon the application Searches such real estate. of any purchaser of any lot of* lots or his assignees, make a full and clerk. complete search of such property, setting out in full the facts upon the records of his office necessary to enable such holder to serve the notice herein required, and shall be entitled to charge therefor the sum Fee of clerk. of ten cents for each conveyance or record certified by him; such compensation, however, in no case to be less than one dollar and fifty cents, nor more than seven dollars and fifty cents. Such holder shall Allowance be entitled also to demand from any person entitled to redeem from any of certisale, the certificates of which shall be held by him, the sum of one cates. dollar for the tax search upon such property. It shall be the duty of Comptroller to prothe comptroller whenever any parcel of land shall, under the provisions cure of this act, be struck off to the city, to seasonably procure from the searches. county clerk the necessary searches to enable the city to perfect its title to said lands, and he shall in his annual estimate for his department, include a sufficient sum to enable him to carry the same into

\$115. If such real estate or any part thereof be not redeemed as herein Convey-provided the comptroller shall execute to the purchaser, including the lands. city, its or his heirs, successors or assigns, a conveyance of the real estate so sold, which conveyance shall vest in the grantee an absolute estate in fee. The comptroller shall be entitled to demand and receive from Fee of such grantee, for the use of the city, the sum of one dollar for prepar- comptroling such conveyance. Every such conveyance shall be attested by the Execution mayor and signed by the city clerk and the seal of the city attached of conveythereto, and when so executed shall be conclusive evidence that the sale was regular, and also presumptive evidence that all previous pro-

Record of conveyance.

ceedings were regular according to law and the provisions of this act. Every certificate or conveyance executed in pursuance of this act may be recorded in the same manner and with like effect as a deed acknowledged or proved before any officer authorized by law to take the proof and acknowledgment of deeds.

§ 116. It shall be presumed that every tax levied and assessment made

Validity of taxes etc.

Actions to

is valid and regular, and that all the steps and proceedings required by law were taken and had until the contrary shall be made to appear. Any action or proceeding commenced by any person or persons to test the validity or regularity of any tax levied or assessment made shall be commenced within one year from the time of the delivery of the roll in which said tax or assessment is contained to the treasurer, and the first publication of notice of receipt of same; the invalidity or irregularity of any tax or assessment shall not be available as a defense to any action or proceeding commenced after the expiration of one year from the delivery of the roll and publication as aforesaid, for the collection of said tax or assessment or for the enforcement of any right or title, by virtue of any sale thereunder, unless an action or proceeding to test the validity or regularity of such tax or assessment shall have been commenced within the time hereinbefore limited for commencing the same, and shall be still pending, or such tax or assess-

Reimbursement of purchase money.

§ 117. Whenever any purchaser under such sale, or his heirs or assigns, shall be unable to recover or retain possession of any real estate sold to him by reason of any irregularity or error in the assessment of any person or property, or the levying of any tax thereon, or in any proceedings for the collection of any tax, the common council shall reimburse the purchase-money so paid, with interest, from the time of its payment, at the rate of six per centum per annum, the amount thereof to be presented and audited as other city charges, and paid by the comptroller; and thereupon the common council shall order a reassessment of any amount or sum so paid, upon the same real estate or against the same person, which shall for all the purposes of this act be deemed, and taken to be, an original general city tax or assessment as of the date of such reassessment.

ment shall have been adjudged to be irregular and invalid.

Resesses ment of amount.

Certain actions not to be brought.

Tax-roll evidence.

Lien of fected.

Redemp-

tion of lands sold to city.

Record of proceed-ings upon sales, etc.

The tax-roll, when delivered to the treasurer, shall and crosswalks. be presumptive evidence that all the previous proceedings, including the assessing and levying of the tax, were regular and according to law. § 119. Nothing contained in this act shall be held or construed as in

§ 118. No action shall be brought or maintained upon any assess-

ment, for local improvements, except local assessments for sidewalks

state or county tax any way affecting the validity or lien of any state or county tax herenot at tofore levied or hereafter to be levied. tofore levied or hereafter to be levied or assessed upon or against any lands in the city.

§ 120. The common council shall not, unless by unanimous vote, allow owners or others interested in lands sold to said city, for the nonpayment of taxes or assessments, to redeem the same unless by the payment of the amount for which such sales shall have been made, and all accrued interest thereon, and the expenses properly charged thereon.

§ 121. The comptroller shall enter and record in his office his proceedings upon such sales, and all certificates granted by him, and all redemptions, and all proceedings whereby sales are defeated or discharged. He shall also file and record all notices of sales published by him, together with his own affidavit or that of the publisher or foreman of the official paper, of the publication of such notices, and

of all other notices which have been given by him; and he shall keep a record of all certificates and conveyances made by him under section

one hundred and fifteen of this act.

§ 122. When it shall be discovered that the proceedings in ordering council or levying any tax, or in ordering or making any assessment, have been may annul proceeds irregular as to render them illegal and void, the common council ings. may annul them, or may annul all of them subsequent to and including the irregularity and may begin the proceeding anew, or from the point where the irregularity occurred.

§ 123. When any lands are imperfectly described in any tax or as- Correction sessment-roll, the common council may direct the assessors to correct feet dethe description.

\$ 124. The assessors, at any time before the lands are advertised for sale for the non-payment of the tax or assessment, and not after,

may correct the imperfect description.

§ 125. A mortgagee of lands situate in the city, who resides out of it, Tax agents for nonmay appoint an elector of the city as his tax agent, in the manner provided in this act. Upon the presentation of such appointment to the mortgacomptroller, he shall file the same and register the names in a book

to be kept by him for that purpose.

§ 126. The holder of a certificate of sale shall be allowed fifty cents Allowances to for every notice to redeem necessarily served, twelve cents for every holders of affidavit necessarily made and filed, and the amounts actually and nec-certificates. essarily paid for searches, publication and postage. When the same person holds more than one certificate of sale on the same parcel of land, he shall be allowed for but one search. He shall make out a bill Bill to be of the allowances claimed by him in items, naming the persons on filed. whom the notices were served, and stating who was served as owner, mortgagee or occupant; and shall annex to it his affidavit that the charges in the bill are just, and were necessarily incurred, and that the notices charged were not served upon any person whom the law did not require to be served. He shall annex such a bill to a copy of the certificate of sale, and file the same with the comptroller. If there be any dispute in respect to the bill, the comptroller shall adjust it. If any Deposit by redemption is made after the expiration of eighteen months from the deeming. sale, and before a bill of the allowances claimed has been filed, the person redeeming shall deposit with the comptroller fifteen dollars. The comptroller shall, with said fifteen dollars, pay the bill of allow- Duty of ances, when filed, which shall in no case exceed that sum, and return ler. the surplus, if any, to the party who deposited it, on demand.

§ 127. If any person having a lien by mortgage or judgment, upon Rights of

lands sold for taxes or assessments, shall redeem them from the sale, having he may add the amount paid to redeem to his mortgage or judgment, liens on lands sold. and enforce it with interest as part thereof.

§ 128. Any person may pay any one or more taxes or assessments Payment of part of upon his property, leaving others unpaid, to be enforced in the man-taxes, etc. ner provided by this act.

TITLE V.

CHAPTER I.

DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENT.

§ 129. BOARD OF ASSESSORS.—There shall be a department of as- Board of sessment, of which a board, to consist of five assessors, shall be the assessors. head.

Digitized by Google

_ 21

Present assessors.

§ 130. The assessors in office at the time this act shall take effect shall hold their office during the term for which they were elected re-The assessor whose term of office shall first expire shall spectively. Chairman. be chairman of the board.

Election of assessors.

§ 131. At each annual election held under this act, there shall be elected one assessor, who shall hold his office for five years.

Quorum

§ 132. A majority of the board of assessors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Subordinates, ap-pointment, etc., of.

§ 133. The board of assessors shall have the power of appointing and removing its subordinates. The number of subordinates and their compensation shall be fixed by the common council.

Powers and duties of board.

§ 134. The board shall have the power and duties of assessors of towns, except as otherwise provided by this act. It shall be the board of valuation and assessment for the city.

Electors to act with assessors, appointment of, etc.

§ 135. When, by reason of interest in a local assessment, there is not a majority of assessors qualified to make the assessment, the mayor may appoint a sufficient number of the electors of the city, to act with the qualified assessors in making the assessment. The persons so appointed shall take the oath of office, which shall be annexed to the roll, and they shall each receive five dollars a day for their services in making the assessments, which shall be paid out of the general fund.

Maps and surveys of taxable property.

§ 136. The board of assessors shall keep in their office, maps and surveys of all the taxable property in the city certified by the chief engineer of the department of public works, which maps and surveys shall show the location and boundaries of each piece of property taxed, as nearly as practicable, and the name of the owner or person or corporation assessed. The assessors shall have the power, and it shall be

Reference thereto.

their duty, to make notations in pencil on such maps and surveys showing changes, and such notations shall be deemed to be a part of such maps and surveys. Reference shall be made to such maps and surveys in the annual assessment-rolls in all local assessment-rolls, in certificates of sale for unpaid taxes, in notices to redeem and in all conveyances of property sold for unpaid taxes, and said maps and surveys shall be deemed a part of the description in said assessment-rolls, certificates, notices and conveyances of property sold. Reference to

Deeds to be stamped before

such maps and surveys in assessment rolls may be made generally in captions thereto. Every deed of conveyance of lands in the city shall be presented to the assessors and stamped by them before it shall be recorded. recorded, and if the county clerk shall record any deed of conveyance Penalty for of lands in the city which has not been stamped by the assessors, he recording shall forfeit to the city the sum of ten dollars. Nothing herein con-

deeds.

tained shall affect the record of an unstamped deed. Every map, plot or subdivision map or plot of lands within the city showing a subdivision of such lands into blocks or lots, shall, before it shall be filed in the office of the clerk of Erie county or in any city office be presented to the assessors and a copy thereof filed in their office. The assessors shall stamp said original map or plot. If any such map or plot which has not been so stamped shall be placed on file by any officer he shall forfeit to the city the sum of ten dollars.

Maps showing subdivision of lands.

Jurors.

returning

and selection of.

§ 137. Each ward shall be deemed a town for the purpose of returning jurors, and the board of assessors shall select and return jurors under article second, title three, chapter ten of the Code of Civil Pro-

cedure.

CHAPTER II.

ANNUAL ASSESSMENT-ROLL.

§ 138. The board shall prepare annual assessment-rolls of each ward Annual which shall consist of two parts. The first part shall contain the as- ment-rolls, sessed valuations of the taxable lands of each ward, substantially in how protection in which town assessors are required to make them, except pared. that all lands shall be assessed in form as resident lands; the second part shall contain the names in alphabetical order of all the inhabitants of the city, corporations and associations, deemed taxable in each ward upon personal estate, and opposite to each shall be set down the full value of his or its taxable personal estate. It shall complete the complerolls on or before the first day of April in each year, and thereupon notice publish a notice in the official paper, twice a week for two weeks, that thereupon. said rolls have been completed, and may be seen and examined at its office until a day specified in said notice, not less than twenty days from the first publication thereof. The rolls shall be open to public

inspection during such time.

§ 139. During such time, application may be made by any person Applica-considering himself to be aggrieved by the assessed valuation of his correction real or personal property, to have the same corrected. If such appli- of rolls. cation be made in reference to the valuation of real estate, it must be in writing, stating the grounds of objection thereto, and thereupon the proper assessor shall examine into the complaint, and if, in his Examina-judgment, the assessment is erroneous, the board may cause the same comto be corrected. If the application be made in relation to the assessed plaints. valuation of personal estate, the applicant shall be examined under oath by an assessor; and if, in his judgment, the assessment is erroneous, the board shall cause the same to be corrected.

§ 140. The rolls shall be carefully reviewed and corrected by the Review board. It shall make two copies of all rolls as revised and corrected tion of and certify them; and on or before the first day of May, it shall file rolls. one copy of each roll in the comptroller's office, and shall deliver one Copies to copy of each roll to the clerk of the board of supervisors at the first regular annual meeting of said board, which shall be the assessmentrolls of the several wards for county and state purposes.

§ 141. The board of assessors shall have the power to rectify any Power to error committed in the making up of the annual assessment-rolls and errors. of the assessments for local improvements, in the following cases only:

1. When the error is entirely clerical.

2. When there is a mistake in the name of the party taxed or

3. When the real estate or the improvements thereon shall be erroneously described or stated.

4. When the property that has been assessed is by law exempt from assessment or taxation.

5. When a correction shall have been directed to be made in accordance with the provisions of section one hundred and thirty-nine of this act.

§ 142. When a tax shall be levied, or an assessment shall be made Apportionment of upon a parcel of land, of which specific parts shall at the time when taxes upon the roll was made by the board of assessors, belong to different per-parts of sons, the board, upon the application of either of such persons, shall land. apportion the tax or assessment between the specific parts owned by such different persons. The board shall make a certificate in dupli- Certificate.

Discharge of owner of specific cate of such apportionment, describing the different specific parts and by whom owned, and the amount of the tax or assessments apportioned to each, and deliver one part to the comptroller and the other to the The owner of any specific part may discharge it from the tax or assessment by paying the amount thereof, with the additions and interest, if any, apportioned upon such part.

CHAPTER III.

LOCAL ASSESSMENTS.

Ratimate

§ 143. The common council shall, unless otherwise provided by this of amount act, estimate and fix the amount of money to be raised by assessment.

Duty of MASOSSOTS.

§ 144. All assessments shall be made by the board of assessors, and in the order in which they shall be estimated and fixed, unless otherwise directed by the common council.

Amount, how as

§ 145. The board shall assess the whole amount ordered to be assessed upon the parcels of land benefited by the work, act or improvement, in proportion to such benefit, except in those cases in which, by this act, the assessment is to be made upon a different principle, and in those cases it shall make the assessment upon the principle prescribed in each case by this act.

A88688 ment-roll, what to contain.

§ 146. In the assessment-roll, it shall briefly describe the several parcels of land assessed as nearly as practicable and set down the amount in dollars and cents assessed on each parcel.

Entry of names.

Assess

§ 147. If the name of any person is marked upon the books in the assessor's office as the owner of any parcel, the assessor shall enter it upon the assessment-roll, but their omission to do so shall not invalidate the assessment, and the inserting the name of a person deceased. ments not alter the assessment, and the three ments of the invalidated alone or in connection with the words "estate of," or inserting the name of a person who is not the owner, shall not invalidate such assessment.

sions, etc.

Notice of § 148. On the first Monday of each month the board shall publish completion in the official paper notice of the assessment-rolls in its hands which § 148. On the first Monday of each month the board shall publish have been completed. It shall specify each assessment by name, and state that it will remain at the office of the board, open to inspection and revision, for ten days from the publication of such notice. roll, or rolls, shall remain open for inspection and revision during the time specified in the notice.

Agents for dent land owners.

§ 149. Any person owning land in the city, but residing out of it, may appoint in writing, an elector of the city as his agent, to take care of the taxes and assessments, on his lands in the city. pointment shall be acknowledged. Upon the presentation of such appointment to the board it shall file the same, and register the name of the person making the appointment and the name of the person appointed, in a book to be kept by it for that purpose. The notices in such case, required by the following section, shall be addressed to

Notices addressed to.

such agent. § 150. It shall be the duty of the assessors to procure and have prepared at the expense of the city, and thereafter keep the same in the assessors' office as a part of the records thereof, and accessible to owners and agents. the inspection of the public, a book or books of registration of suitable form and properly bound, in which shall be entered by the assessors opposite to each parcel of land, the name and address respectively of resident owners of lands lying in the city, and of agents of non-resident owners of lands lying in said city, who shall have been appointed as

Books for registration of residences

such in pursuance of the foregoing section to whom notices relating to the assessment-rolls are to be directed by the assessors, as hereinafter Such book or books shall be prepared in the same form as near as may be, as that in which the annual assessment-rolls are required to be prepared. Every resident owner and every such desig-Informanated agent of non-resident owners of lands lying in said city shall furnished furnish to and for the assessors at their office, for the purpose of having the same registered as above provided, his or her name, together with an address to which the notice to such person, relating to the assessment-roll, as provided for in this section, is to be directed by the assessor; and each and every change of address shall forthwith be made change of known to the assessors by said owners or agents, and thereupon said address. assessors shall enter in said book or books of registration the changed address. Every original or changed address shall be accompanied with a description of each parcel of land owned by such person, or the principal or agent furnishing the same. The registers so kept by the assessors shall show the date when the information herein required of the owners and agents in relation to their names and residences was furnished to the assessors. When an assessment is to be Notices of made by the assessors upon the parcels of land to be benefited by the provework, act or improvement in proportion to such benefit, the assessors how shall, at least five days before the expiration of the time during which mailed. the roll is to remain in their hands for inspection and revision, deposit in the post-office in said city, postage prepaid, a notice directed to the persons whose names shall be entered on the roll, and which notice shall state that the roll, naming it, is on inspection, and in every instance where the persons so to be notified, shall have complied with the requirements of this section by furnishing to the assessors their names and residences or place to which such notices are to be directed by the assessors, such notices shall be directed to the name and such address of the person to be notified; in every other instance such notices shall be directed simply in the name of the person to be notified at Buffalo, New York. The validity or regularity of the service of any notice validity of required to be served by the provisions of this chapter shall not be roll not to be questioned or disputed by any person who, by this section, is required the toned by certain to furnish to the assessors for registration his or her name and address, persons. who shall refuse, fail or neglect so to furnish to the assessors his or her name and address, or who shall refuse, neglect or fail to report any and every change of address, should any such be made, as herein required.

§ 151. On the application of any person conceiving himself ag- Hearing of grieved, it shall be the duty of the board to hear and examine his com- aggrieved. plaint in relation to such assessment, and it shall be its duty to adjourn, from time to time, as may be necessary to hear and determine such complaint.

§ 152. The board shall make and sign a copy of the revised roll, and copy de attach to it proof, by affidavit, of the giving of the notices required corporaby this act to be given by it and deliver the same to the corporation tion councounsel. He shall thereupon cause the same to be examined as to the Examina-regularity of the proceedings. If they are found to be regular he tion as to shall annex his certificate of the fact to the roll and deliver it to the of proceed. city clerk to be proceeded with; if they are found to be irregular he ings. shall annex to the roll his certificate of the fact, specifying in what the irregularity consists, and lay the same before the common council. The common council may take such action thereon as it shall deem Action by expedient.

Notice by city clerk of receiving roll.

Filing of objections.

Roll confirmed if not objected to.

Report to council.

Rolls objected to, laid before council.

objection, etc.

New 90000 ment by arsessors.

Delivery of conto comptroller.

Division of rolls by order of court.

New anseus. ments in place of ments declared void.

Actions to compel same

No lands exempt. Assessment of occupants citv.

§ 153, When an assessment-roll shall be delivered to the city clerk to be proceeded with, he shall publish a notice in five successive numbers of the official paper (Sundays and legal holidays excepted) that the roll, naming it, is in his office, and that objections to it may be filed with him within ten days from the first publication of the Any person interested in the roll may, within the time specinotice. fied in the notice, file with the city clerk objections to it, which objections shall be subscribed and verified by the objector or his agent. The city clerk may include several rolls in the same notice. objections shall be filed within said time, the roll shall be deemed to be confirmed, and the city clerk shall attach to it proof of the publication of the notice required to be published by him and his certificate that no objections to it have been filed with him and deliver the The city clerk shall report to the common same to the comptroller. council the rolls that have been confirmed by the lapse of time.

§ 154. If objections shall be filed with the city clerk to such roll, he shall at the first regular meeting of the common council after the expiration of the time for filing objections, lay such roll and the objections filed thereto before the common council, which shall, on that Hearing of day or on such other day or days as it shall appoint, hear the objections and confirm the roll, or annul it, or refer it back to the board of assessors, to make a new assessment.

§ 155. Whenever an assessment shall have been sent back by the common council to the board of assessors to make a new assessment, the board shall forthwith proceed to make a new assessment, in the same manner as is provided for original assessments.

§ 156. Upon the confirmation of any roll, the city clerk shall atfirmed roll tach to it proof of the publication of the notice required to be published by him, and his certificate that the roll has been confirmed,

and deliver the same to the comptroller.

§ 157. The superior court of Buffalo at a special term thereof may at any time upon a resolution of the common council, grant an order directing the assessors to divide any assessment-roll made or to be made by them, and to make the same in two parts, to be designated and known as part one and part two respectively, and may also direct that either of said parts shall remain in the office of the comptroller after it shall have been delivered to him, or returned to him in case it had been delivered to the treasurer for such length of time as it may direct, not exceeding one year, then to be proceeded with pursuant to the provisions of this act.

§ 158. In all cases where the common council shall have power to order an assessment, and such assessment shall finally be declared void by reason of any irregularities or defects occurring after such order, in an action or proceeding brought to determine the legality of the same, the board of assessors shall forthwith proceed to make a new assessment for the work or improvement for which the void assessment was ordered, in the same manner as is provided for original assessments. In case the board of assessors shall neglect for six months to make a new assessment, as herein provided, any citizen may bring an action to compel the board of assessors to make such new assessment, and the assessors shall severally be liable for the costs of such action.

§ 159. No lands in the city shall be exempt from local assessments. § 160. Whenever any person or corporation shall occupy any public ground or place of the city by permission of the common council, such of public grounds of person or corporation shall be assessed by the assessors for any local improvement benefiting the ground or place so occupied, the same

amount they would assess such ground or place if not so occupied; and when such occupant is so assessed, such public ground or place so occupied shall not be assessed for such improvement. The compactions troller may maintain an action in his name of office against any per- of assessing the interest and expenses thereon and the assessment together with ment. the interest and expenses thereon, and the cost of the action at any time after the treasurer shall return to him as unpaid any such assessment.

TITLE VI.

DEPARTMENT OF LAW.

§ 161. There shall be a department of law, which shall have the Depart charge and conduct of all the law business of the city and its depart-law. ments.

3 162. The corporation counsel shall be the head of the department corporaof law. He shall be an attorney and counselor of the supreme court tion counselor of the supreme court sel. of at least eight years' practice, and shall hold his office for the term of three years and until his successor shall qualify.

§ 163. The corporation counsel shall prosecute and defend all ac-His duties. tions and proceedings brought by or against the city or any of its departments. He shall, when requested, advise all the officers and departments of the city in respect to their powers and duties. He shall prepare proper forms of contracts, bonds and obligations, and of all proposals for public works. He shall also, when requested by the head of any department, prepare such legal instruments as may be needed by any such department. He shall also have the charge and conduct of all legal proceedings by which the city shall exercise the right of eminent domain. He shall also discharge such other duties as may properly pertain to the legal department of the city.

§ 164. The corporation counsel shall not receive to his own use any To receive fees or emoluments in addition to his salary, and shall pay into the no fees to own use. treasury all costs and commissions collected by him; such payments shall be made monthly, and a report under oath be made at the same Monthly

time to the comptroller.

§ 165. The corporation counsel shall appoint two assistants, to be Assistants called respectively the attorney and the assistant attorney, and file force. certificates of such appointments with the city clerk. He shall also appoint a managing clerk, a clerk and a messenger and such other subordinates as may be authorized by the common council.

§ 166. The attorney shall be an attorney and counselor of the su-Qualifica-preme court of at least four years' practice, and shall, under the direc-duties of tion of the corporation counsel, have charge of all the litigated busi-and clerks. ness of the department. The assistant attorney shall be an attorney and counselor of the supreme court of at least two years' practice, and shall, under the direction of the corporation counsel, have charge of the examination of assessment-rolls. The managing clerk shall be an attorney and counselor of the supreme court, and shall, under the direction of the corporation counsel, have charge of keeping the records required to be kept in the department of law. They shall each. perform such other duties as the corporation counsel may assign to them.

§ 167. Within ten days after the recovery of any judgment the corporation counsel shall file with the comptroller a statement, showing ments. the amount of the judgment, the time of its recovery, in what court and against whom it has been obtained.

- **(* 1**5)

Substiturecord.

§ 168. Upon taking office the corporation counsel shall be deemed tion as attorney of to be substituted as attorney of record in all actions and proceedings in which the city or any of its departments is a party, and it shall not be necessary to enter any order to that effect.

Delivery § 169. At the expiration of this successor all property of the city, or any of property sel shall deliver over to his successor all property of the city, or any that shall be in his possession, and § 169. At the expiration of his term of office the corporation counof its departments, and all papers that shall be in his possession, and he shall not be retained by the city in any cases, except under extraordinary circumstances and at the request of his successor, and with the approval of the common council and mayor.

Law regis-ters, to be kept.

§ 170. There shall be kept in the department of law, registers, in which shall be entered the title of every action and proceeding which the corporation counsel is required to prosecute or defend, and an abstract of the several steps taken therein and the date thereof, and the result of such actions and proceedings. Such entries shall be made as soon as practicable after the action or proceeding is commenced, or the step taken. It shall be the duty of the corporation counsel to see that such registers show fully and correctly the status of each action and proceeding at the expiration of his term of office.

Investigation of claims for personal injuries.

Accident report book.

§ 171. It shall be the duty of the corporation counsel to cause all claims for personal injuries to be thoroughly investigated, and he shall advise the proper committee of the common council in respect thereto. There shall also be kept in the department of law an accident report book, in which the corporation counsel shall cause to be entered the names of all persons reported to him, or coming to his knowledge, as having received injuries for which claims are likely to be presented against the city, together with the names and residences of the witnesses and the time and place of the accident, and he shall cause to be entered therein, from time to time, the names and residences of all witnesses and a statement of all facts that shall be discovered by him or shall come to his knowledge concerning each of said cases.

Attorney, act for corporation counsel.

§ 172. The attorney shall, in the absence or inability of the corporation counsel to perform the duties of the office, and during a vacancy therein, perform the duties thereof; before entering on the office he shall take the oath of office prescribed by the constitution, and execute with sureties and file with the city clerk a bond or undertaking in such sum as shall be fixed by ordinance, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties and the payment over of all moneys received by him.

Inventory of records and books.

§ 173. The corporation counsel, on assuming office, shall file with the comptroller an inventory of all records and books belonging to the city that shall come into his possession, and shall report to the comptroller all additions thereto, and he shall be responsible to the city for the delivery over to his successor of all such books and records.

Official bond.

§ 174. The corporation counsel shall give a bond with two sureties, in such sum as shall be fixed by ordinance for the faithful performance of the duties of his office.

Annual report to council.

§ 175. The corporation counsel shall annually transmit to the common council at its last session in each year, a report of the business done in the department of law during the year.

Term of present counsel.

§ 176. The corporation counsel in office at the time this act takes effect shall continue to be the corporation counsel for the balance of the term for which he was elected.

Failure to keep regis-

§ 177. A failure to comply with sections one hundred and seventy and one hundred and seventy-one of this act shall be deemed a mis-

demeanor, and shall be punishable by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars.

§ 178. The common council may, from time to time, on the written Temporary recommendation of the corporation counsel, authorize the comptroller judgments. to borrow, temporarily, a sum sufficient to pay any judgment against the city or any claim against the city which has been settled or compromised, and not arising upon contract.

§ 179. The common council shall, in each year, place in the esti-Payment mates a sum sufficient to pay the amount so borrowed the next preceding year and the interest thereon.

TITLE VII.

CHAPTER I.

DEPARTMENTS OF POLICE AND EXCISE.

§ 180. There shall be a department of police and a department of Departexcise which shall have charge of all police and excise matters of ments. the city. No person holding office under this title shall be liable to Exemption from jury.

jury or military duty.

§ 181. The department of police shall consist of a board of police, Depart a police force, and of such clerks and employes as are authorized by ment and board of this title to be appointed. The board of police shall consist of the police. mayor, ex-officio, who shall be the president of the board and preside at its meetings when present and two commissioners of police, who shall be appointed as hereinafter provided. But nothing in this title contained shall be deemed or construed as making it obligatory upon the mayor to attend the meetings of said board of police, except when requested in writing by the commissioners of police or either of them. The department of excise shall consist of a board of excise, and of Departsuch clerks and employes as are authorized by this title to be apment of excise. pointed. The board of excise shall consist of the two commissioners of police, acting as commissioners of excise.

§ 182. The present commissioners of police shall continue to hold Terms of their offices until the expiration of the terms for which they were police comrespectively appointed, and until their successors shall qualify and missioners. enter upon the duties of their office, and they shall be the first two commissioners of police provided for in this act. One of said com- Acting missioners shall be designated by the board as acting commissioner. Stoners. The acting commissioner shall, in the absence of the president, possess the power and perform the duties of the president, and shall serve as acting commissioner until his term of office as commissioner shall expire, or until another commissioner shall be designated as the acting A commissioner of police shall thereafter be appointed Appointby the mayor at the expiration of each term of office, who shall hold commishis office for the full term of six years, and until his successor has sioner qualified and entered upon the duties of his office; at no time shall there be two commissioners of police from the same political

§ 183. Each commissioner of the police before entering upon the Oath of office. duties of his office, shall subscribe and take before the city clerk the oath of office required to be taken by judicial officers, which oath shall be filed in the office of the city clerk. If a vacancy shall occur in the Vacancies office of commissioner of police from any cause other than the expiration of the term, the mayor shall appoint a person to fill such vacancy, who shall hold office by virtue of such appointment for and

If any such

Qualifications of commissioners.

during the unexpired term of the commissioner whom he shall succeed, and until his successor shall qualify and enter upon the duties of his The commissioners of police shall be citizens of the United States and electors of the city of Buffalo, and shall have resided in the city for at least five years next preceding their appointment.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE DEPARTMENT OF POLICE. § 184. The commissioners of police shall receive such annual salary

as may be fixed by the common council by ordinance. They shall not

be interested in the purchase or sale of any lands for police purposes,

in the construction or repair of station-houses, nor the manufacture,

commissioner shall be so interested, or shall neglect his official duties, or be guilty of malfeasance or misconduct in office, he shall be re-

moved by the supreme court at general term; but no removal shall be made unless upon charges, or unless the party charged shall have been served with a copy of the charges, and have had an opportunity to be Such hearing shall be in the city of Buffalo, and the accused shall have an opportunity to present evidence in his own behalf, and

to be represented by counsel. The board shall hold meetings as

often as may be necessary, and shall make rules to govern its proceed-

§ 185. The board shall have charge of all the property of the de-

purchase or sale of any article used in the department.

Salary of commissioners. Not to be in purchases. etc.

interested

Removals for cause.

Meetings of board.

Powers of board.

Stationhouses, offices, etc.

Designation of houses for detention Police matrons.

Powers in requiring military

partment, of the purchase of the supplies used by the department, and of the repairs necessary to any of the property under its control, except the repairs of police buildings, which shall be in charge of the department of public works, and be done on the recommendation of the police department and order of the common council. partment of public works shall provide such office and business accommodations, station-houses, substation-houses, and other buildings, as the department of police may from time to time deem necessary for the transaction of the business of the department, and as may be ordered by the common council, and the police commissioners may establish stations and station-houses and substation-houses, at least one in each precinct, for the use of the police force, and as places of detention for persons arrested; and for that purpose it may appropriate and use any police station used as such at the time this act takes effect. The board, shall as speedily as possible after this act becomes operative, designate at least three of such station-houses at which all women arrested in the city shall hereafter be detained, in each of which said station-houses a matron shall be appointed, in accordance with the provisions of chapter four hundred and twenty of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-eight. And it shall be the duty of said commissioners to see that the provisions of that act are carried out with reference to the care and detention of all women arrested in the city so far as the same may properly come within their province and duties as such commissioners.

§ 186. The board shall possess and exercise all the powers conferred by law upon the mayors of cities and the sheriffs of counties in requiring the services of the military in aid of the civil authorities to quell riots, suppress insurrections, protect property and preserve public tranquillity; and in case the board shall neglect or refuse to act, the mayor may exercise any of the powers given by this section to the board.

§ 187. The board shall appoint the following subordinates, who Police shall constitute the police force of the city: A superintendent and an force. assistant superintendent of police; also one captain, two sergeants and three doormen for each precinct (except that in the first precinct it may appoint three sergeants), a surgeon of police, a clerk of the board, and such number of patrolmen as the common council shall authorize. and patrol wagon drivers, not less than three for each patrol wagon district to be established by the board. The term "doormen" in this act covers all members of the force who were appointed under the name of "operators." The board may also appoint, in addition to the Clerks, etc. police force, such clerks and employes as it may deem necessary for the proper management and working of the department. It may re-Reductor duce to a lower grade or rank all members of the police force, and all in rank. other employes as hereinafter provided. The officers and other mempresent bers of the police force who are in office when this act takes effect force conshall continue in office and hold their respective positions, unless reduced in rank or removed pursuant to the provisions of this Lieuten act. Lieutenants in charge of precincts at the time this section of this ants to act takes effect shall remain as members of the police force and shall captains. rank as captains of their respective precincts, but may be removed or reduced in rank by the board as provided in section one hundred and ninety-two of this act.

§ 188. The city shall be divided into not less than eleven nor more Police prethan fourteen police precincts, in the discretion of the board. The clucts. boundaries of such precincts shall be fixed by the board. The common council, upon the recommendation of the board, shall have power to increase the number of precincts, and when so increased the commissioners shall appoint one additional captain of police, two sergeants and three doormen for each new precinct so established.

§ 189. The board shall designate the number of patrolmen to be Patrolmen assigned to each of said precincts, and shall annually grant to each therein. and every member of the department a vacation of not more than ten vacation successive days, with pay. It shall also grant to each and every mem-and leave of absence. ber of the department one day's leave of absence in each month, with pay, beginning at six o'clock in the evening of the one day and ending at six o'clock in the evening of the following day, when such leave of absence is granted. The said board shall have the power and authority to suspend such leave of absence when public demands are such as require the assistance and aid of such member. The board may de-Drillsignate one captain or member of the force to act as drillmaster of the master. force; and one captain or member of the force to act as inspector of Inspector. the force; and each of them may receive for such service an additional annual salary not exceeding two hundred dollars, to be fixed by the

§ 190. The board with the concurrence of the common council shall salaries of fix the salaries of all its officers and employes. All salaries in this deofficers and
partment shall be paid monthly, as follows: The board shall cause to be made out and presented to the common council, monthly, a full and true statement of the amount of salary due each of the members of the board of police, the police force, the clerks and employes of said department. No person shall hereafter be appointed a captain Qualification of who has not been a member of the police force for at least two years. captain. In the absence of the surgeon of police, and when no city physician can be obtained, any physician called by a member of the police force compensato render medical or surgical aid to a person unable to pay for such tion for physicians.

services, when the case is one which the surgeon of police would be

required to attend, shall be entitled to reasonable compensation for such services, to be audited and allowed by said board, and paid in the same manner as the members of the police force are paid.

Appointment of patrolmen

Certain persons ineligible.

§ 191. The board shall make all appointments of patrolmen from among those applicants only who shall have passed the examination prescribed by law; but no person shall be appointed to any place or office in the said police force, or continue to hold such place or office. who is not a citizen of the United States, or who has ever been convicted of crime punishable by confinement in a state prison, or who can not read and write understandingly, or who shall not have resided within the city during one year next preceding his appointment. Sergeants shall be appointed from among the members of the force.

Detectives. The superintendent shall detail for detective duty such patrolmen (not exceeding twelve in number, unless authorized by the commissioners to detail a greater number) as he shall, from time to time, se-The patrolmen so detailed shall compose the detectives of the lect. force.

Term of office.

Removals or reductions in rank.

Suspensions from pay or duty.

Special

Compensation

Appointment for special duty.

Term of office.

Powers and duties.

§ 192. All members of the police force, clerks and employes, shall hold office during good behavior, and shall be liable to removal or reduction in rank only after written charges shall have been preferred against them, according to the rules and regulations of the board, and the same shall have been publicly heard and examined after notice to them thereof by said board in the manner to be provided by said rules The board and regulations; such charges shall be made under oath. may suspend from pay or duty, or both, any member of the force or other persons appointed by said board, but not longer than thirty days from pay at one suspension. If such suspension shall be for more than ten days the board shall make and file with the clerk of the board a decision in writing setting forth the grounds for such suspension.

§ 193. The board may, upon any emergency or apprehension of a

patrolmen riot, pestilence or invasion, appoint as many special patrolmen, with or without pay, from the electors of the city, as it may deem advisable; and during any day of public election and the day preceding and succeeding any such day of public election, it may appoint, to perform duty in the city, as many special patrolmen as it may deem necessary, with or without pay. Special patrolmen appointed with pay shall receive such sums for their services as may be fixed by the board, not The board may, upon the applicaexceeding three dollars per day. tion of any person or corporation, showing the necessity therefor, appoint special patrolmen to do special duty as required by the applicant for such appointment, but such special patrolmen shall not be entitled to any compensation from the city; nor shall any appointments of special patrolmen be made upon the application of any person or corporation until after the applicant shall have secured and indemnified the city and the board against all claims and demands for such services, or growing out of any acts done or committed by such special patrolmen, in such manner as shall be provided by the rules and regulations of the board. The special patrolmen named in this section shall hold office during the pleasure of the board, and during their term of service as such patrolmen shall possess all the powers and privileges, and perform all the duties that may be from time to time prescribed by the rules and regulations of the board, and during their respective terms of service the said special patrolmen shall be subject to such rules and regulations.

§ 194. The government and discipline of the department of police Government of deshall be such as the board shall prescribe. The board shall enact, and

modify or repeal from time to time, rules and regulations for the man- Rules and agement and administration of the board, and for the government and reguladiscipline of the police force, and of the subordinates under its control, which rules and regulations shall prescribe the modes of appointments to and removals from office, and also define the duties of the members of the police force. The board shall also enact rules and regulations to prevent undue detention of persons arrested by and in the custody of members of the force. The orders, rules and regulations authorized by this act, when duly made, enacted or adopted by the board, shall have the same force and effect as if herein specially enacted; provided that the said rules and regulations shall not be in conflict with the laws of this state or of the United States, board shall also prescribe the uniform, badges and emblems of office badges, and equipments to be worn by members of the force, and may provide that the same may be repaired or replaced by the department when they are injured or destroyed in the proper and necessary discharge of duty.

§ 195. Any member of the board or the superintendent shall have Issue of power to issue criminal warrants in all cases after entertaining com-oriminal plaints, making the same returnable before the police justice or one of the justices of the peace of the city of Buffalo; and they may each commit for examination. The board and the clerk of the board shall each Subpœnus. have power to issue subpœnas attested in the name of its president, to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers upon any proceeding authorized by this act and by said rules and regulations, and witnesses for whom subpœnas shall be issued shall not be entitled to any fees. Each commissioner, the superintendent Affirmations and and the clerk of the board is hereby authorized and empowered to ad-oaths. minister affirmations and oaths to any person summoned and appearing in any matter or proceeding authorized as aforesaid, or to take any deposition necessary to be made under the rules and regulations of the board, or in conducting the business of the department; and any will-Penalty for ful and corrupt false swearing, by any witness or person, to any ma-swearing. terial fact in any necessary proceedings under the said rules and regulations, or under this act, shall be deemed perjury, and be punished in the manner now prescribed by law for that offense; and in case any person subposnaed under this section shall fail to or refuse to obey such Attendance subposna, or refuse to take, when required, the proper oath or affirmations. tion, or to answer any proper question, or to produce such books and how compapers, the board may apply to any court of record or judge or justice pelled thereof for an order to compel attendance and punish disobedience; and any process issued under the provisions of this section may be Process, served or executed by any member of the force except the one issuing served.

§ 196. The members of the police force shall possess, within the Police to state of New York, all the common law and statutory powers of con-bave stables, except that of serving civil process; and any warrant for search stables. or arrest issued by any magistrate of the state may be executed in any part thereof by any member of the force. The actual and necessary Expenses expenses incurred by any member of the force, when directed by the by a superintendent, board of police or district attorney of the county of county charge. Erie in serving or executing any process, or endeavoring to detect, discover or arrest, or procure the extradition of, any perpetrator of crime against the laws of the state, including the expense of legal counsel without the state, or discover or reclaim any stolen property, shall be a charge against the county of Erie; and the account of such

Account, how made audited.

expenses shall be made out in detail, and verified by the oath of the party to whom the same is due to the effect that the sums therein charged have been actually and necessarily paid out by him, and the amount thereof when audited and certified by the board shall be presented to the board of supervisors of the county of Erie, to be audited

Advances \ vice fund.

and paid as the other county expenses are audited and paid.

§ 197. For the purpose of providing for the expenses mentioned in for expenses and the preceding section, and for a secret service fund, the common council shall advance to the superintendent, out of the police fund, such sums as the board shall from time to time recommend, not exceeding in the aggregate three thousand dollars in any one year.

Superintendent.

Duties of police force.

§ 198. The superintendent shall, at all times, cause the ordinances of the city to be enforced. The police force, at all times, within the city, shall preserve the public peace, prevent crime, detect and arrest offenders, suppress riots and insurrections, protect the rights of persons and of property, guard the public health, preserve order at every primary and public election; report all the dangerous places and obstructions in, and encroachment upon the streets to the department of public works, remove such nuisances existing in public streets, roads, places and highways as the board of police or the board of health shall direct; suppress disorderly houses and houses of ill-fame, arrest all street beggars and violators of law, assist the firemen and protect them in the discharge of their duties; assist, advise and protect strangers and travelers in the public streets, at steamboat and ship landings and railway stations; and enforce every law and ordinance for the suppression and punishment of crime. § 199. Each member of the police force shall have authority, im-

Arrests without process, and pro-

mediately and without process, to arrest and take into custody any person who shall commit, or threaten, or attempt to commit, in his thereupon. presence or within his view or knowledge, any breach of the peace, or any offense prohibited by the laws of this state, or by any ordinance of this city. He shall forthwith convey every person arrested by him before one of the justices of the peace, to be dealt with according to Detention of offender. law. But if no justice of the peace is holding court, then the offender may be detained in the station-house until the public sitting of the police justice, before whom he may be tried or held to bail and he shall then be conveyed without delay, before such police justice, to be dealt with according to law. While at any station-house such person shall be furnished with necessary and proper food; and the board of police shall include a sum to meet the expense thereof in its annual estimate and such expense shall be a charge against the county of Erie.

Food for prisoners.

Warrants of appointment.

Order of detail for detective duty

Oath of

office.

Bond of superin-tendent.

§ 200. The board shall issue to each member of the police force a proper warrant of appointment, signed by the board and countersigned by the clerk which warrant shall contain the date of his appointment Each patrolman detailed to duty as a detective shall and his rank. have issued to him a written order of detail, signed by the superintendent and countersigned by the clerk of the board, and the revocation of such detail shall be issued in like manner. Each member of the police force shall, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, take and subscribe the usual constitutional oath of office before one of the commissioners.

§ 201. The superintendent shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, execute to the city and file in the office of the city clerk a bond, the penal sum of which shall be fixed by the board, with two or more sufficient sureties to be approved by the mayor, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties as such superintendent, and for the accounting for and payment of all moneys that shall come into his hands or under his control as such superintendent. The board spy officers, shall also require security to be given by the assistant superintendent, etc. the clerk and such members of the force as it may designate, for the faithful performance of their respective duties. During the absence absence of from the city or other inability of the superintendent, the assistant super. superintendent shall perform the duties of that office. The board may prescribe and regulate the duties of the superintendent and the Regulating assistant superintendent, and other officers and members of the police of duties. force, conformatory to the provisions of this act.

§ 202. Every criminal process issuing out of any police court; or Criminal from any justice of a court not of record residing in the city, shall how be served or executed by a member of the police force, and not other-etc. wise; but the board shall detail as many patrolmen as may be necessary, and as the sheriff of Eric county shall require, to attend the Attendterms of the superior court of Buffalo, and no constable or deputy superior sheriff shall be paid by the city or county for any services in said court. The necessary expenses incurred in the execution of any criminal process within the city and county shall be a charge against Expenses the county of Erie, and the amount thereof when certified by said in execution of board, shall be audited and paid in the same manner as other county process.

§ 203. The board shall cause to be kept general complaint books, in Books and which shall be entered any complaint of a police nature, with the records. name and residence of the complainant. The superintendent shall cause to be kept books of registration of lost, missing and stolen property, and books of record, wherein shall be entered the name, age and residence of every member of the police force, and such other matter as may be prescribed by the board; also such other records as the board may deem necessary.

§ 204. The superintendent shall exercise general police supervision superviand inspection over all pawnbrokers, junkshop keepers, cartmen, slon over hackmen, dealers in second-hand merchandise, intelligence-office brokers, keepers, and auctioneers of watches and jewelry, and all other licensed etc. places in the city. The superintendent and captains within their precincts may, by authority in writing, empower any member of the Examina-police force who shall be in search of property feloniously obtained, books and or of suspected offenders, to examine the books and business premises property. of any pawnbroker, and the business premises of any junkshop keeper, dealer in second-hand merchandise, or intelligence-office keeper. Any member of the force so authorized, and having in his possession a pawnbroker's receipt or ticket, may examine the property purported to be pawned or deposited on the receipt or ticket; but no such property shall be taken from the possessor thereof without due process or authority of law.

§ 205. If any member of the police force, or if any two or more Powers as householders shall report in writing, over his or their signature, to the to gaming houses, superintendent, that there are good grounds, and stating the same, rooms, for believing that any house, room or premises within the city is kept etc. or used as a common gaming-house, common gaming-room or common gaming premises, for the playing for wagers of money at any game of chance, or is kept or used for any lewd or obscene public amusement, Obscene or the deposit or sale of lottery tickets or lottery policies, it shall be ments lawful for the superintendent to authorize any member or members of and lotthe police force to enter the same. The member so authorized shall teries.

Arrest of persons and seizure of implements.

forthwith arrest all persons there found offending against any law, and shall seize all implements of gaming, lottery tickets and lottery policies found therein, and convey any person so arrested before the police justice, and bring the articles so seized to the office of the It shall be the duty of the superintendent to cause superintendent. the arrested person or persons to be rigorously prosecuted and the seized articles to be destroyed.

Patrolmen

§ 206. The superintendent shall detail, on the day of any election at election in the city, and on the night and day following if necessary, one or polls. more patrolmen to each election poll, who may have access to the room or place in which the ballots are being received and counted. board shall provide ballot and other boxes, for use at any election in the city, and provide for the custody of such boxes at all times, except The city shall during the taking, receiving and counting of ballots. pay the expenses of procuring and taking care of such boxes as are used at elections.

Measures

elections.

Ballotboxes.

§ 207. The superintendent shall take proper measures to have elecfor orderly tions conducted in an orderly and fair manner, as provided by the election laws of the state.

Fees not charge able without cousent.

§ 208. No fees or compensation whatever shall be charged or received by any member of the police force, except from the city or county for the arrest, confinement or discharge of any person, or for mileage and travel, or for serving any process, or for discharging any other duty required by this act, without the consent and approval of the board, nor shall any such fee or compensation be charged or received by any officer or citizen for the arrest of any person charged with crime, or for the service of any process in any criminal case, without such consent and approval. The actual, necessary and reasonable traveling expenses, which shall include board as well as transportation, incurred by any member of the police force, or by any citizen who may have been selected to execute any process issued within the city, in executing any such process or discharging any duty required of him by the district attorney of the county of Erie, or by any police justice, judge of a court of record, or criminal court held within the city, shall be audited and allowed by the board of police, and be paid by the superintendent, but such charges shall only be allowed upon the affidavit of the person making them that such expenditures have been actually and necessarily made and shall not include any items for traveling expenses in cases wherein transportation has been furnished to the party gratuitously.

expenses how audited and

Traveling

Affidavit of expenditures.

Permits. to carry pistols.

§ 209. The superintendent may, upon application in writing, setting forth under oath sufficient reasons, issue to any person a permit in writing to carry a pistol or pistols in the city. If such person shall be a private watchman, whose employers recommend the issuing of such permit and whose duties may require the use of such weapon or weapons, such permit shall be issued without charge. For all other such permits issued said superintendent shall charge and receive an annual fee of two dollars and fifty cents, in advance. Such permit shall not continue in force for more than one year, but may in the discretion of the superintendent, be revoked, or renewed from time to time upon the payment in advance of the fee of two dollars and fifty cents for The superintendent shall keep a register, upon which each year. shall be entered the name, residence and occupation of every person to whom he shall issue such permit, the date of issue or renewal, and Deposit of the fee received for the same; and all the fees so received by him shall be deposited monthly in the city treasury to the credit and for the use

Registration there-



of the police pension fund hereinafter mentioned. No person, other carrying than members of the police force, regularly elected constables, the weapons sheriff of Erie county, and his duly appointed deputies, shall, in the prohibited. city, carry concealed upon or about his person, any pistol or revolver, or other-dangerous weapon or weapons, without having first obtained a permit, as hereinbefore provided; and such permit shall be produced Exhibiand exhibited by any person holding the same, upon the request of a permital member of the police force. A violation of any of the provisions of renalty. this section shall be a misdemeanor and punishable as such; and all fines imposed and collected for such violations shall be deposited to Deposit of the credit of said pension fund by the clerk of the court imposing the fines. same.

§ 210. The superintendent shall, either personally or through the Dog captains of the respective precincts, subject to such reasonable regulations as the board may, from time to time, adopt, issue licenses to residents of the city who own or keep a dog or dogs, to permit such dogs to run at large within the city limits. Each dog must, at all Collar to be times, wear a suitable collar, to which shall be attached a tag or plate, to be furnished by the superintendent bearing the number of the license issued for it, and all dogs so licensed shall be subject to such provisions of law or ordinances as may be enacted. Such licenses shall Term of be for the term of one year, and shall only be granted upon fee. the payment, in advance of the sum of one dollar for each dog and two dollars for each bitch so owned or kept. It shall be the duty of every person residing in the city, who owns or keeps such Application for an animal to apply to the captain of the precinct in which he resides, licenses. or to the superintendent for a license for each such animal so owned or kept by him; and if such person fail to apply for and take out such license within twenty days after being notified so to do by any member Penalty. of the police force, he shall for each offense, be liable to a fine of five dollars, to be sued for and collected in the municipal court of Buffalo, upon the complaint of the superintendent or any member of the police force, together with the cost of such proceeding. Any member of the Destrucpolice force is authorized to destroy by any means other than poison-dogs. ing any such animal not duly licensed and whose owner is not known or who fails to comply with this section. The superintendent shall Record. keep a record of all licenses issued, and shall deposit all fees received Deposit of therefor with the treasurer of the city, who shall credit the same to fines. the police pension fund. All fines collected under the provisions of this section shall be deposited to the credit of said fund. § 211. All rewards or gifts that may be paid or given to any member of Police pen-

the police force for his service, except when the board allow him to how retain the same, and all moneys arising from the sale of unclaimed created. goods remaining for the space of one year in the hands of the clerk of the board, and all fines imposed by the board upon members of the police force, and all fees received and fines imposed under the two preceding sections, and all moneys, pay, compensation or salary or any part thereof, forfeited, deducted or withheld from any member or members of the police force, for or on account of absence for any cause, lost or sick time, sickness or other disability, physical or mental, shall be paid monthly by the board, and five per centum of all fees for licenses for the sale of liquors, wines, ale and beer, and five per centum of all fines and penalties imposed for any violation of the excise law shall be paid weekly by the board of excise (provided, however, that the said five per centum of license fees, fines and penalties shall not exceed the sum of fifteen thousand dollars in any one year) all of which sum shall be

life in-

deposited with the treasurer of the city, and be by him invested or deposited when, from time to time, directed by the board, as a fund Treasurer. to be called the "police pension fund." The treasurer of the city The members of the board of shall be the treasurer of such fund.

Trustees of police and treasurer of the city shall be the trustees of the police penfund. sion fund, and shall have the power to grant pensions as herein pro-

vided, to be paid from the police pension fund by the treasurer upon Delivery of the order or warrant of the board of trustees. Immediately upon this act taking effect, the present trustees of the police life insurance fund Burance shall deliver the fund, including all investments belonging to the same, fund to treasurer. to the treasurer of the city for the uses and purposes of the police pension fund hereby created as hereinafter declared. The treasurer shall make all necessary contracts and take all necessary proceedings in relation to the fund, in his name, as treasurer of the police pension fund of the city. Pensions shall be granted by the board of trustees Pensions.

of the police pension fund in the following cases:

To widows of deceased members.

To chil-

have died from the effects of an injury received while in the actual discharge of such duty, the sum of three hundred dollars per year so long as she remains unmarried. And if there be no widow of such deceased member, then such annual pension shall be paid to his child or children him surviving, if any, so long only as such child or children, or the youngest of such children, shall continue under the age of sixteen years. No pension shall be paid under this title to any child over sixteen years of age. And if there be no such widow child or children of such deceased member, then such pension shall be paid to his parent or parents, provided such parent or parents were dependent upon such deceased member for support, and for such time only as such pension shall be necessary for the support of the parent or parents.

1. To the widow of any member of the police force who shall have

been killed while in the actual performance of police duty or who shall

To dependent parents.

To members disabled for duty.

2. To any member of the force who, while in the actual performance of police duty, and by reason of the performance of such duty, and without fault or misconduct on his part, shall be injured or become permanently disabled, physically or mentally, so as to unfit him for the performance of full police duty, the sum of not more than one-half nor less than one-fourth of his rate of compensation per year.

To retired or dismissed members.

3. To any member of the force who, by long service and exposure while in the actual performance of police duty and by reason thereof, has contracted any disease or disability which incapacitates him permanently from performing full police duty, without fault or misconduct on his part, upon his retiring from the service or being dismissed on account of such disease or disability, the sum of three hundred dollars per year, if he has served as such member for ten years; the sum of four hundred dollars per year, if he has served as such member fifteen years, and a yearly sum equal to one-half the full pay of a member of such police force of the rank of the member so retiring or dis-Limitation missed, if he has served twenty years or upwards. No pension shall exceed the sum of one thousand dollars per year in any case. Certificate provided for in the second and third subdivisions above shall not be granted except upon the sworn certificate of the surgeon of the police and upon the unanimous resolution to that effect by the members of the board of trustees of the police pension fund. Where a pension is being paid under the second and third subdivisions, and the person so

receiving it dies of the disease or disability contracted in the service

of surgeon.

Continuance of pensions after death.



of the city in its police force, said pension shall be continued to the same class of persons and in the same manner as is provided in subdi- \mathbf{v} ision first in case of a member killed in the performance of his duty. The police matrons shall be granted the privileges of this fund, so far Police as it relates to their children. Nothing herein contained shall affect matrons. the claim of any annuitant to whom an annuity has heretofore been Proviso as allowed from the police life insurance fund, but such annuity shall be to annuities and paid by the treasurer out of the police pension fund, so long as the pensions board shall so direct, the same as if the claim thereto had arisen sub-under life in-sequent to the time when this act shall take effect. And the board of surance trustees may, in their discretion, and by a majority vote, and in accordance with the provisions of this act, grant pensions to widows of deceased members and to annuitants under the police life insurance fund where death or retirement has occurred prior to the passage of this act, and has been caused by disability acquired in service and in In computing the time of service of any member of Time of the line of duty. the police force for the purposes of this section, the term of service of service of how co such member on any regular police force of the city shall be computed puted. and taken the same as service on the police force of the city, and it shall not be deemed necessary for the purposes of this section, that such service shall have been continuous. All officers who are retired Temporary under the provisions of this act and who are drawing pay from the said duty by pension fund may, when able to act, perform duty in case of emergency, police. and may be accepted to perform temporary duty by the commissioners when satisfied that they are able to serve. While so serving on temporary duty they shall be entitled to receive compensation not exceeding three dollars per day, in the discretion of and to be fixed by the board, for every day or part of a day that they shall so serve, in addition to their pension, which shall not be in any manner affected by such temporary service. All pensions provided for herein shall be Payments. payable monthly and shall be exempt from attachment and execution. This title shall be considered as applying to any officer of the superior Title apcourt of Buffalo appointed pursuant to chapter two hundred and plicable to officer forty-three of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, who of superior shall have performed police duty for a period of twenty years or upwards, including the period of service in said court, upon his own application and upon the certificate of the surgeon to the police, certifying that such policeman or officer is physically disqualified from performing police duty.

§ 212. (1.) All money or property alleged or supposed to have been Custody of feloniously obtained, or which shall be lost or abandoned, and there-property after taken into the custody of any member of the police force, or of taken by police. any criminal court in the city, or which shall come into the custody police. of the police justice or a justice of the peace within said city, shall be by such member or justice, or by order of said court, given into the custody of and kept by the clerk of the board, and shall be particularly Registraregistered by the clerk in the book kept for that purpose, which shall tion. also contain a record of the names of the persons from whom such money or property was taken, and of the claimants thereof, the time

of its seizure, and the final disposition thereof.

(2.) Whenever property or money shall be delivered to the clerk of Beturn of the board as aforesaid, and the magistrate or court, before the case etc., to shall be heard, shall be satisfied from evidence that the person arrested person. is innocent of the offense alleged, and that the property rightfully belongs to him, such magistrate or court shall thereupon, in writing, order such property or money to be returned to such person, and the

clerk of the board, if he have it, shall deliver such property or money to the accused person himself, and not to his attorney, agent or clerk.

Custody of claimed property, etc., dui ing trial.

(3.) If any claim to the ownership of such property or money shall be made on oath, before the magistrate or court, by, or on behalf of any other person than the one arrested, and the accused person shall be held for trial or examination, such property or money shall remain in the custody of the clerk of the board until the discharge or conviction of the person accused. If the person accused shall be held Delivery to viction of the person accused.

for trial or examination, and shall be afterwards tried upon the charge of having feloniously taken or obtained such property from the person by whom or on whose behalf the claim shall be made, and shall be convicted on such charge, then the board shall direct such property to be delivered to the claimant, or his duly authorized agent, upon the certificate of the district attorney of Erie county, or his deputy, or the judge or magistrate who presided at the trial at which such conviction If the accused person shall be tried and shall be acquitted was had. and discharged then the board may, upon the certificate of either of

Redelivery to accused person.

Clerk may advertise

Proviso.

Property suspicion, etc., to be registered and advertised.

Determi-

to non-residents.

Property lost or taken from insaue or intoxicated persons.

the above-named officers, direct the property to be redelivered to the accused person, on his making oath before any member of the board or before the clerk that he is entitled to its possession. If the accused person shall not demand the property and make the oath, or if the board shall be satisfied that he is not entitled to the possession of the property, the clerk shall advertise and dispose of the property in the manner hereinafter provided. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to cases provided for in subdivision two of this section. (4.) All property or money taken on suspicion of having been feloniously obtained, or of being the proceeds of crime, and for which

there is no other claimant than the person from whom the same was

taken, and all property and money, taken from pawnbrokers as

the proceeds of crime, shall as soon as practicable, be transmitted to

the clerk of the board, to be by him duly registered. The clerk shall give notice that he has received such property by publishing such notice in the official paper once a week for three weeks. At the expiration of the three weeks, the board shall determine what person is lawnation of ownership, fully entitled to the possession of the property and shall direct the return of the same to him. It shall be delivered by the clerk as directed by the board. If the person from whom such property shall Redelivery be taken shall be a non-resident of the city, and the board shall determine, upon examination, that the circumstances are not such as to justify the detention of the property, then it may direct it to be redelivered to such person before the expiration of the three weeks.

(5.) All lost property coming into the possession of any member of the police force, and all property taken by any member of the force from any person supposed to be insane, intoxicated or otherwise incapable of taking care of himself or herself, shall, as soon as practicable, be transmitted to the clerk of the board, to be duly registered, and shall be delivered to the owner or person entitled to its possession, upon proof to the satisfaction of the board, or the clerk thereof, that such person is the owner or entitled to the possession of the property.

Notice of (6.) When money or property shall remain in the possession of the property for six months unclaimed, or where the board shall not have dicierk. rected it to be delivered to any person, the clerk shall publish a notice in the official paper once a week for three weeks, that he holds the If no person lawfully claims the property the clerk shall sell it at public auction, giving notice of the time and place of such sale,

Sale

Digitized by Google

by publishing the sale daily for one week previous thereto in the official paper of the city. The proceeds of such sale and any unclaimed Disposal of money shall be paid by the clerk of the board to the treasurer of the proceeds city and become a part of the police pension fund.

(7.) Any property or money in the custody of the clerk desired as Property evidence in any criminal proceeding, shall be temporarily delivered for detained as evithat purpose to any officer who shall present an order therefor from a dence.

court, magistrate or district attorney

(8.) When conflicting claims shall be made to any property in the Bond custody of the clerk, under the provisions of this section, the said from conflicting board or the said clerk may require from any claimant, as a condition claimants. of the delivery of such property to him, that such claimant execute and deliver to the said clerk to be filed by him in his office, a bond, with sufficient sureties, to be approved by said board, conditioned to indemnify and save harmless the said board and each and every member thereof, and the said clerk from and against all suits, judgments, demands, causes of actions, cost and damages of every nature and description by reason of or in any manner growing out of the delivery of such property to such claimants, and from and against the payment of any and all sums of money which the commissioners or either of them, or the said clerk, may be compelled to pay by reason of such delivery; such bonds shall be in such form as the board shall prescribe, and shall be executed to the board of police as the obligee therein; and for any breach of the condition thereof an action may be main- Action for any breach of the condition thereof an action may be main- Action for breach tained thereon in the name of the said board as plaintiff, and any re-thereof. covery thereon shall be in the name of said board, but for the benefit of the commissioners or commission, or clerk, as to whom the said breach shall have occurred.

§ 213. All accounts against this department for services, labor, or Accounts material and merchandise, except accounts for executing or endeavor- against department. ingeto execute criminal process, or for arresting or extraditing, or endeavoring to arrest or extradite criminals, and those payable out of the secret service fund, shall be made out in detail and certified by the board, before they are presented to the common council for audit.

\$ 214. The board shall, in each year, make an estimate of the sums Appual of money necessary for the administration of the affairs of the depart-expenses. ment of police, and for defraying the expenses of said department for the ensuing official year, including all sums necessary for salaries, for expenses in the execution of criminal process, for office accommodations and supplies, for warming, lighting, furnishing and supplying police station-houses, patrol barns and all buildings in use or to be in use by the said departments; for necessary legal expenses, and all expenses which may necessarily be incurred by reason of any civil or criminal action or proceeding against the commissioners of police, or either of them or against any member of the police force for acts done in the discharge of his or their duty; and also for any deficiency which in the judgment of said board, may arise in the police pension fund in meeting the charges payable out of said fund as hereinbefore The said estimate shall be signed by the board or a majority provided. thereof and shall be by the said board, on or before the first day of February in each year, transmitted to the comptroller. Any sum Deficiency which may be allowed and raised upon an estimated deficiency in the in pension police pension fund shall be held by the city treasurer for the uses and purposes of the police pension fund.

§ 215. The superintendent shall have the control of the force under Powers. him which must look to him for all orders and directions. All reports etc., of

must be made to him by the force through the proper channels and

Quarterly reports to board.

Annual report to council.

he will be held responsible for the discipline and effectiveness of the force and the enforcement of all the orders, rules and regulations of the board. He shall make to the board quarterly reports in writing of the state of the police force, with such statistics and suggestions as he may deem advisable to submit for the improvement of the police force and the discipline thereof. The board shall, on or before the first day of February in each year, make a report to the common council upon the condition of the police force together with such recommendations as the board may deem necessary.

Detail of police for departments

§ 216. The superintendent shall, when directed by the mayor, detail a sufficient number of the police to render any assistance required by the head of any department in the discharge of his duties. The captains of police shall in their respective precincts examine the premises and inquire into the character of the persons applying to the board of excise for license under the provisions of this title whenever said application shall be referred to them by the board of excise, and shall report in writing to said board the fitness of such persons to receive licenses and the propriety of granting the same.

Inquiry into character of persons applying for excise licenses.

> § 217. Any willful resistance to any member of the police force, while in the discharge of his duties, and any willful or malicious interference with, or obstruction, or defacement of any police telegraph line or apparatus, or any street box used in connection therewith, by any person shall be a misdemeanor. It shall also be a misdemeanor for any person not a member of the police force falsely to represent himself to be such a member.

Certain misdemeanors.

Anuual statement to supervisors.

Levy of . taxes.

§ 218. The board shall furnish annually to the board of supervisors of Erie county an accurate statement of all moneys paid out, by the superintendent during the preceding year, under the requirements of this title. It shall be the duty of the county treasurer to pay over the money raised under the provisions of this title to the treasurer of the city. The supervisors of the county are hereby authorized, empowered and required, from time to time, to levy and raise by taxation, all sums of money required to carry into effect the fiscal provisions of this title affecting the county, and necessary for the payment of all sums which by the provisions of this title shall become a charge against the county.

CHAPTER III.

SEALER OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Sealer of weights, etc., and assistants.

§ 219. The board of police shall appoint a sealer of weights and measures and such assistants as he may require, and provide suitable office accommodations for him at the police headquarters. He shall hold his office for one year, and receive such compensation as may be fixed by ordinance.

Duties of sealer.

§ 220. The sealer of weights and measures shall test all scales, weights and measures in the city as directed by ordinance and shall investigate all complaints of violations of the ordinances of the city relating to weights and measures, and for that purpose, or whenever directed by the board, shall report to the corporation counsel all violations of the ordinances of the city relating to weights and measures, Actions for and the corporation counsel shall thereupon bring an action to enforce

fines.

the fine, penalty or forfeiture prescribed for such violation. § 221. The sealer of weights and measures shall report in writing his official acts to the board at least once in each week, and such sealer

Weekly

Digitized by Google

of weights and measures and assistants shall be appointed under the civil service rules.

CHAPTER IV.

DEPARTMENT OF EXCISE.

§ 222. The board of excise shall have all the powers conferred by Powers of law on boards of excise in cities. It shall have power and authority to board of excise. grant licenses for the sale of strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer, and fix the fees therefor, as provided by law; it shall also have power to grant to licensed pharmacists actually doing business as such, special licenses for the sale of alcohol, strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer, in quantities less than five gallons, and not to be drank upon the premises, for medicinal, mechanical, chemical and sacramental purposes, but the fees for such licenses shall not be less than the minimum fee now fixed by law for a storekeeper's license; it shall also have power and authority, and it shall be its duty, to rewoke any license granted by it or by any preceding board, whenever it shall appear to its satisfaction, or when sufficient proof is made that the person to whom the license is granted is not a person of good moral character, or is a person who permits the premises in which liquor is sold to become disorderly, or anything to be done or committed therein or thereon contrary to peace or good order, or who violates any provision of the excise law.

§ 223. The board shall appoint, and may at pleasure remove, a Appoint clerk, an excise inspector and such other employes as may be required, ments and removals and fix the salaries of such employes, with the concurrence of the by board.

common council.

§ 224. All fees for licenses which shall be issued by the board, and Fees and all fines and penalties imposed for any violation of the excise law, shall able to be paid to and received by the clerk of the board, and be paid daily to elerk. the treasurer of the city, who shall credit the same to the excise fund less five per centum, which shall be paid to the treasurer for the police

pension fund.

§ 225. The clerk of the board shall, before entering upon the duties Oath and of his office, subscribe and take before one of the commissioners an clerk. oath of office and also execute and file with the city clerk a bond in the penal sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, with two or more sufficient sureties, to be approved by the mayor, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties as such clerk, and for accounting for and paying over to the treasurer of the city all moneys which shall come into his hands or under his control as such clerk; said bond shall be to the city as the obligee therein, and the city may maintain an action against the said clerk, and his sureties on said bond, for any breach of the conditions of the bond. The clerk shall make to the Daily recity treasurer a daily report of all moneys received by him, which re-treasurer. port shall be certified by the chairman of the board, or in his absence, by some other member of the board. The clerk shall also take from the treasurer his receipt in duplicate for all moneys deposited with Receipts such treasurer on each day, and one of such receipts shall be deposited posits. daily with the comptroller. The clerk shall keep an accurate record of the proceedings of the board, and perform such other duties as the board may prescribe.

§ 226. It shall be the duty of the excise inspector to make an ex- Excise inamination of any and all premises for which a license is asked when his duties.

Security.

Detail of

investiga-

tions.

required by the board, and to make a fair and truthful report thereon; to examine into and report any violation of the excise law, and to perform such other duties as the board may prescribe. He may, in the discretion of the board, be required to furnish security for the faithful performance of his duties. The superintendent of police shall detail officers for an officer or officers to make any special investigation with reference to the granting or revoking of any license required of him by the board, and shall make a true report of said examination to the board, in writing or otherwise as the board may require.

Power to issue subpœnas, etc.

§ 227. In any proceeding before the board of excise, the commissioners shall have power to issue subpœnas for the attendance of witnesses, and the production of books and papers; to administer affirmations and oaths, or take depositions. In case any person subposnaed under this section shall fail or refuse to obey such subpæna or refuse to take when required the proper oath or affirmation or to answer any proper questions or to produce the required books and papers, the board shall apply to any court of record or a judge or justice thereof for an order to compel witnesses to attend and to take the proper oath pelled, etc. or affirmation and to answer any proper question, and to punish dis-obedience, and any process issued under this section may be served or executed by the excise inspector or by any member of the police force. Any willful and false swearing by any witness or person, to any material fact in any proceeding or matter before the board, shall be deemed perjury.

False swearing.

Attendance of

witnesses, how com-

Hearing of complaints for violations.

§ 228. Any hearing or trial upon any complaint for violation of the excise law, may be conducted by either member of the board without the presence of the other member; but the testimony shall be taken in writing, and no decision shall be rendered, except by concurrence of the board, upon consideration of the evidence in the case. The person charged with such violation shall be served with a written copy of the charges against him and shall have the right to be represented by counsel and to produce witnesses and proofs in his behalf upon such trial or hearing. For any other business to be transacted, both commissioners shall be present and concur.

Accounts against depart ment.

§ 229. All accounts against this department for services, labor, material or merchandise, shall be made out in detail, and certified by the board, before they are presented to the common council for audit.

Acceptance of sureties.

§ 230. The commissioners shall not accept any one person as surety on more than one bond, unless such surety shall qualify for the aggregate amount of all such bonds. It shall be the duty of the obligees named in said bond to sue for the penalty thereof in case of any viola-tion thereof, and, in the event of the recovery of the penalty, to pay the amount thereof into the police pension fund.

Duty of obligees in bond.

TITLE VIII.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

Health commissioner.

Board of

health.

Term of sioner.

§ 231. There shall be a department of health, which shall be under the control and management of a health commissioner, who shall be appointed by the mayor and act under the advice and supervision of a The board of health shall consist of the mayor, presboard of health. ident of the board of public works, and said health commissioner. health commissioner shall hold his office for the term of five years from the time of his appointment and until his successor is appointed, and he shall devote his entire time to the duties of his office.

be a reputable and licensed physician of not less than thirty years of qualifica-age, and with an actual experience as a practicing physician of not less thous.

than five years.

§ 232. The commissioner shall have supervision over the care, re-Powers moval and burial or incineration of the dead, the registration of births, of commismarriages and deaths, the registration of vital statistics in the city, stoner. and with the approval of the board he shall make such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary for the proper carrying out and enforcement of all laws and ordinances that may be prescribed for the government of said department, for the protection of the public health

and for the proper care and registration of such statistics.

§ 233. The commissioner is hereby authorized and directed to pre-Ordinances pare such ordinances as he shall deem to be required for the protection for protection of of the public health, and for securing the proper registration of births, health, marriages, deaths and such other statistical information as may be necessary for the efficient working of the department, with penalties for their violation, which ordinances, when approved by the board, shall be by him submitted to the common council, and when approved by said common council, shall have the same force and effect as other No ordinance so prepared and approved, shall ordinances of the city. be repealed or amended without the approval of the health commissioner and board of health, and the common council shall adopt no ordinance relating to or governing the matters and things contained in this title, unless the same shall be recommended by the health commissioner and board of health.

§ 234. The commissioner shall divide the city into eight health Health districts, and the board of health shall appoint a physician in good and physi standing in the medical profession for each of said districts. The board therefor. shall also, in addition, appoint from the homeopathic school of medicine, two physicians for such districts as it may designate. may, at any time, remove any of said persons, and appoint a successor. The said physicians shall be known as city physicians of their respective districts. It shall be the duty of said city physicians to render puty of medical service to indigent sick persons, as prescribed in title thirteen class. of this act, and to report to the department of health any nuisances or unsanitary places or violations of health ordinances or regulations that may come to their attention in connection with the performance of their duties. In case of epidemics or impending pestilence the city physicians shall perform such professional duties as may be required of them by the health commissioner.

§ 235. The commissioner shall have power to appoint an assistant Assistant health officer, a clerk, a register of vital statistics, and inspector of officer and plumbing and drainage who must be a practical plumber, a city chemist, employee. a cattle inspector, a keeper of the quarantine hospital, a city scavenger and two inspectors of food supplies and drugs, and such other officers and employes as may be authorized by the common council. board, with the concurrence of the common council, shall fix the sal- of physiaries of all the city physicians and other employes, and the duration class and of the terms of office of all such employes shall be in the discretion of the commissioner of health; provided, however, that the whole expense of administering said department shall not exceed the sum appropriated therefor by the common council, except as provided in section seventy-three, and all expenditures so incurred, for whatever Expendipurpose, shall be made and met in such manner as is provided for in tures, how other departments of the city government and in the following sec-met.

The Salaries

Duty of police

Massures for preser health from impestilence.

tion. It shall be the duty of the superintendent of police to execute superintent the orders of the health commissioner when so requested by him.

> § 236. In the presence of great and imminent peril to the public health of the city, by reason of impending pestilence, it shall be the duty of the health commissioner to take such measures and do, order and cause to be done such acts and make such expenditures (beyond those duly estimated for as herein provided) for the preservation of the public health from such impending pestilence as he may, in good faith, deem the public safety and health to demand, and the board of health shall, in writing, approve; and such peril shall not be deemed to exist, except when and for such period as the board of health shall by proclamation declare.

§ 237. The commissioner shall have full power to enforce and carry

out all ordinances, rules and regulations for the preservation of the

Power to enforce usiness.

muisances.

Proviso as to interference with rights, etc.

Plans for buildings and alterations to e submit-

Powers of ommissioner.

Removal ings.

Registraplumbers with board of health.

etc., and to public health, and for the registration of vital statistics as have been or may be hereafter enacted by the common council; and in case any business or practice is dangerous or detrimental to the public health, To declare to prohibit the same, and to declare unwholesome grounds, yards, cellars, buildings and other places, stagnant or unwholesome waters, filth and unwholesome matter injurious to health, to be nuisances, and upon so declaring, the commissioner shall have power to abate the same in such manner as he may deem expedient, and the expense may be assessed upon the lands upon or in front of which said nuisances were, or upon the parcels of land benefited by the abatement of the nuisance, as the common council shall direct; but no established business or the rights to property of any person shall be interfered with or prohibited until the offender or offenders therewith charged shall have been duly summoned by notice of not less than one or more than five days to appear before said commissioner to show cause why such declaration or order of prohibition shall not be enforced against the party or parties or premises charged, nor until the said party or parties or persons interested in the premises shall have an opportunity to be heard, in person or by counsel. § 238. Any person or persons desiring to erect a building for use as

a dwelling for more than three families, or for use as a livery stable or public barn in which live-stock of any kind is to be kept, a slaughter-house or a rendering establishment, or to alter or convert an existing building to such uses, shall submit the plans for such building or alterations to the commissioner, who shall have power if not prohibited by ordinance or law, to permit or prohibit the erection or alteration or conversion of any building to be devoted to such uses under such rules and regulations as he may adopt; and the commissioner shall have the or persons power to cause the removal of persons from any building which, in his judgment, is so crowded by persons dwelling therein as to endanger the public health.

§ 239. (1.) Every master and journeyman plumber, or a person who has been engaged in the business of plumbing for five years next prior to the passage of this act, carrying on his trade in the city, shall under such rules and regulations as the board of health of said city may prescribe, register his name and address with the clerk of said board of health, and after said date it shall not be lawful for any person to carry on the trade of plumbing in said city, unless his name is registered as above provided.

(2.) A list of the registered plumbers in the city of Buffalo shall be published. published in the newspaper designated by the common council of said city to publish the official proceedings of said city at least once in each

(3.) The drainage and plumbing constructed or placed in and about Drainage all buildings, both public and private, in the city of Buffalo, shall be ing. how constructed, executed, and placed in accordance with plans previously executed. approved in writing by the board of health or the health commissioner. Suitable drawings and descriptions of said drainage and plumbing shall in each case be submitted to said board of health or commissioner, and shall be placed on file in the office of the board. Said Drawings board of health is hereby authorized to receive and place on file draw-acriptions. ings and descriptions of the plumbing and drainage of buildings erected in said city prior to the passage of this act.

§ 240. The board of health of the city of Buffalo shall have power Rules and to make such rules and regulations for the registration of plumbers tions. and for drainage in said city as such board shall deem proper, and to make all such rules and regulations as shall by it be deemed necessary

to carry into effect the provisions of this title.

§ 241. The commissioner shall have power to take measures to pre-Prevention vent the entrance of pestilential or infectious diseases into the city; of entrance of to stop, detain and examine for that purpose every person coming diseases into city. from any place infected, or believed to be infected with such disease; to cause any person infected or believed to be infected with such disease, to be removed to such quarantine hospital as the city may And for such purpose the city shall maintain a quarantine Quarantine hospihospital which shall be under the control and direction of, and whose tall necessary attendants shall be appointed by the commissioner. commissioner shall have power to cleanse infected buildings, vessels, Cleansing of build vehicles and places of all kinds, and to destroy furniture, clothing ings, etc. and other property so infected as to be dangerous to public health.

§ 242. Any court of record in the city, or any judge or justice Courts thereof, shall have power, at any time after the service of notice of may reany violation of any provision of this title and upon the affidavit of lations of the commissioner, to restrain in an action by the commissioner in his junction. name of office, by injunction order, the further progress of any violation of the provisions of this title or of any work upon or about the building or premises upon which the said violation exists, and no undertaking shall be required as a condition to the granting or issuing of any injunction. Upon obtaining such injunction, the health com- Record of missioner shall record in the office of the clerk of the county of Eric affected, an instrument under his hand setting forth a description of the prem-etc. ises against which such injunction is obtained, and the nature of the complaint against the same. The clerk of the county is hereby authorized and required to provide a suitable book in which to record Duty of such instruments and the necessary and proper indexes thereto county.

Upon such injunction being dissolved, or upon certificate of the health commissioner that the cause of complaint has been removed, the said clerk of the county is authorized and required to discharge of record the instrument so recorded relating to the property affected by such injunction.

§ 243. It shall be the duty of the commissioner to visit all hospitals Visitation in which patients supported by the city are received, at least once in of hospieach month, and to inquire into the condition of any such patients whom he may find therein, and to order the discharge of any such patients Discharge whom he shall deem to be sufficiently recovered, and he shall com-of patient. municate such order to the department of poor; and after the issuing

of any such order the patient therein referred to shall cease to be a

city charge.

Violation of ordinances

§ 244. Any person violating any of the provisions of this title or any of the ordinances adopted under the powers granted by it, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

TITLE IX.

DEPARTMENT OF FIRE.

CHAPTER I. § 245. There shall be a department of fire, of which the board of

Board of fire commissioners.

fire commissioners shall be the head. The board shall consist of three members, who shall be appointed by the mayor, who shall hold their offices for the term of six years, and until their successors are ap-No more than two commissioners shall be adherents of the pointed. Vacancies, same political party. Vacancies in the board shall be filled by the mayor by appointment for the unexpired terms. The mayor may ap-Temporary point commissioners to fill temporarily the places of commissioners unable to perform their duties by reason of mental or physical disability, or absence from the city; such temporary commissioners shall receive the compensation of the commissioners whose places they occupy for the time they serve.

sioners.

First board. Quorum.

§ 246. The commissioners in office at the time this act takes effect shall constitute the first board, and shall serve out the terms for which they were respectively appointed. Two members of such board shall be a quorum.

Not to be interested in purchases, etc.

§ 247. No member of the board shall be interested in the purchase or sale of lands for the use of the department, in the construction and repair of engine-houses, or in the manufacture, purchase or sale of anything used in the department. Any member who shall be so interested, or who shall be guilty of misconduct in office, or who shall neglect his official duties, shall be removed by the mayor after due hearing on charges.

Removals for cause. Meetings,

§ 248. The board shall hold at least four regular meetings each month, and shall make rules to govern its proceedings. The commissioners shall elect one of their number to be the president of the board.

President. Secretary.

§ 249. The board shall appoint, and may at pleasure remove a secre-He shall keep an accurate record of all proceedings of the board. tary. and shall perform such other duties as it may prescribe. kept by the secretary, when duly certified by him, shall be received as evidence in all legal proceedings.

Records, evidence.

Officers and mem-

bers of depart-ment.

Salaries.

Present officers and members, term

§ 250. The board shall also appoint, and may after a public hearing on written charges remove a chief engineer, an assistant chief engineer, a surgeon of the department, a superintendent of horses, a chief operator, and such district engineers, foremen and other subordinates as it may deem necessary for the efficient working of the department, and it shall, subject to the approval of the common council, fix the salaries The officers and other members of the fire departof all its employes. ment in office when this title takes effect shall continue in office and hold their respective positions, or the positions herein designated which correspond to those which they shall then hold, unless reduced in rank or removed pursuant to the provisions of this act.

Vacations.

§ 251. The board shall annually grant to the chief engineer, assistant chief engineer and district engineer, a vacation of not more than fifteen consecutive days with pay, and to the other members of the

department, an annual vacation of not more than ten consecutive days with pay. They shall also grant to each and every member of the de-Leave of partment two days' leave of absence in each month with pay, beginning absence. at eight o'clock in the forenoon of one day and ending at eight o'clock in the forenoon of the following day. Such leave of absence may be suspended when public interests require it. They shall also grant to Meal each member of the department three hours each day for meal-times, and grant to any member of the department who is disabled by sick- Pay in case ness, half-pay for the time that said sickness shall exist, provided it be of sickness or for no longer time than six months, and the said board shall grant to disability. any member of the department who shall have become disabled by accident while in the performance of duty, full pay until he shall become able to resume his duties, provided it be for no greater time than one But in case of the sickness or other disability of any member, Certificate the said board may from time to time require the certificate or affidayit of physical of the attending physician that such member is not able to perform his duties as a member of the fire department.

§ 252. The board shall control and manage the department. It shall control of property. have charge of the property used by the department, including the fire-alarm telegraph. It shall purchase such horses, supplies, engines, hose and other apparatus as may be required, and shall make repairs neces-Purchases, sary to any of the property under its control, except repairs to buildings. It shall recommend to the common council the erection, altera- Engine houses. tion and repair of engine-houses and buildings for the department when necessary, and the plans therefor must be approved by it. shall employ subordinates, whose duty it shall be to make repairs to Subordinates, engines, hose, wagons, ladders and other apparatus of the department, make:rebut such subordinates shall not be taken from the house in which they pairs. are employed to do such work at any other places in the department. It shall provide for the proper drilling and exercise of the officers, Drills, etc. men and horses of the department, when not on active duty.

§ 253. The board shall not order the expenditure of any money or Expenditures and make any contract except by the majority vote of all its members, contracts. which vote shall be taken by yeas and nays and entered upon the No expenditure or contract, exceeding or involving the sum of five hundred dollars, shall be made without the consent of the com-Before the board shall enter into a contract for the per- notices formance of any work, or the purchase of any apparatus, materials or proposals. supplies, the expense of which shall exceed the sum of five hundred dollars, it shall cause a notice to be published in three successive numbers of the official paper, Sundays and legal holidays excepted, and in case of the purchase of apparatus for the department due and ample notice shall be mailed to such competing parties as the board shall deem advisable, inviting sealed proposals for the same, according to the plans and specifications to be filed in its office, and the contract shall Award of contracts. be let to the lowest responsible bidder, who shall furnish security for its performance satisfactory to the board.

§ 254. The board shall make and enforce rules and regulations for Rules and the government of the officers and employes of the department in the tions. discharge of their duties. They shall also adopt rules and regulations to prevent interference with the department and its apparatus, and such last-mentioned rules and regulations shall have the force and effect of ordinances when approved by the common council.

§ 255. The board shall investigate the cause and origin of all fires investigation of the city, and when deemed advisable testimony may be taken be-origin of fore it, which shall be reduced to writing and subscribed by the wit- fires.

lesue of subpœnas.

Failure to appear and testify.

nesses, and the board shall thereupon report it to the board of police, with its opinion as to the cause and origin of the fire. shall have power to issue subpoenas for witnesses to appear before it and testify upon any such investigation, and to produce before it books and papers, and each member of the board may administer an oath to such witnesses and examine them, and the books and papers produced by them. If any such witnesses shall refuse to appear or to produce such books and papers, or appearing, shall refuse to testify, the board may report such refusal to any court of record or a judge thereof, and such court or judge may make an order for the future appearance of such person or the production before the board of such books and papers and punish any disobedience of such order as a comtempt of court.

Annual report to council.

§ 256. The board shall make an annual report to the common council stating the expenditures of the year, the condition of the property under its control, the number and origin of the fires occurring during the year, and any other pertinent matters.

§ 257. The chief engineer shall be the executive officer of the board,

Chief engineer.

and shall perform such duties as may be imposed upon him by the In case of his absence or inability to act, the assistant chief Fire alarm engineer shall act in his place. The chief engineer, under the direction of the board, shall, by virtue of his office, be superintendent of the fire-alarm telegraph, and the board may appoint such number of operators and other employes as may be necessary for the management of said telegraph. No person connected with the department, except the commissioners, shall be engaged in any business or occupation other than that of the department.

Not to engage in other business.

telegraph.

§ 258. Each member of the board, the chief engineer, the assistant chief engineer, and each district engineer, shall have power, at all reasonable times, to enter and examine any premises, and they shall report to the board all violations of any ordinance for the prevention of fires.

tion of premises.

Examina-

§ 259. The board shall report to the corporation counsel any viola-Violation of fire tion of the fire ordinances, and he shall thereupon bring an action to ordienforce the penalty or forfeiture prescribed for such violation. The nances corporation counsel shall not settle or discontinue any such action without the consent of the board.

report of,

fires.

§ 260. Each member of the board, the chief engineer, the assistant Arresta at chief engineer, and each district engineer, may arrest or orally direct any policeman or person to arrest any one who disobeys his lawful order or who is intoxicated or disorderly at a fire, and cause the person so arrested to be confined temporarily or until the fire shall be extinguished.

Destruction of buildings at fires.

§ 261. The engineer, the assistant chief engineer, or district engineer in command, with the concurrence of the mayor, or, if the mayor is not present, with the concurrence of one of the fire commissioners, may direct any burning building, or any other building which they may deem hazardous and likely to take fire and endanger the safety of other buildings, to be torn down, blown up or destroyed.

Claims for damages therefor.

§ 262. Any person owning, or having any interest in, any building injured or destroyed by any act authorized by the preceding section, may, within three months thereafter, file with the city clerk a verified statement of the facts of such injury or destruction, and the damages If the claim is made within such time, and the city claimed by him. does not within two months compromise or pay it, the claimant may within one year after the building was injured or destroyed, present

Petition missioners of estimate.

a petition to the supreme court or the superior court of Buffalo, for the appointment of three commissioners to ascertain the just compensation to be made to him. The petition shall be verified and a copy of it, with notice of the time and place, when and where it will be presented, shall be served on the corporation counsel at least fourteen days before the day when it shall be so presented. The court shall Appoint hear the proofs and allegations of the parties, and shall, in a proper commiscase, appoint three persons to ascertain the just compensation to be stoners. made to the claimant, and fix the time and place of their first meeting. The commissioners shall be paid five dollars a day for their services. Compensation.

Such payment shall be made by the city.

§ 263. The commissioners so appointed shall take and subscribe an Powers

oath that they will faithfully discharge their duties. Any of them may issue subpoenas and administer oaths to witnesses. A majority of them may adjourn the proceedings before them, from time to time, They shall view the premises, hear the proofs in their discretion. and allegations of the parties, and reduce the testimony taken by them, if any, to writing; and after the testimony is closed they, or a Determination and majority of them, all being present, shall, without unnecessary delay, award ascertain and determine the amount which ought justly to be paid by the city to the claimant or claimants. In determining such amount, the commissioners shall decide whether the building so damaged or destroyed would have been destroyed by the fire, and if they decide that it would have been so destroyed, they shall not award to the claimant or claimants an amount exceeding the amount of valid insurance, which such claimant or claimants had then existing in their favor upon such building, and which they may have lost by And if they shall determine that the said building its destruction. would not have been destroyed by the fire, they shall award the full damages to the property, as determined by them.

§ 264. Every fireman, and every person who shall have served as a Exemption volunteer fireman without pay, in the city for the term of five years, and millshall be exempt from serving as a juror, and from all militia duty, ex- tia duty. cept in cases of insurrection or invasion. A certificate from the mayor, under the city seal, shall be evidence of such exemption. The common council may grant certificates of exemption to members of the Certificates late volunteer fire department of the city, who were duly enrolled in unteer deany one of the companies of said department, in like manner and partment. with the same effect as though they had served the full term of five years, without pay, as volunteer firemen.

§ 265. The money which is required by chapter one hundred and Payment seventy-eight, of the laws of eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and the insurance acts amendatory thereof, and supplementary thereto, to be paid to the tax to astreasurer of the city, shall be paid to the treasurer of the Firemen's Benevolent Association of Buffalo, and the bond required by such chapter shall be executed and delivered to him.

CHAPTER II.

FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND PENSION FUND.

§ 266. There shall be established in the city of Buffalo a firemen's Fund, how relief and pension fund, which shall consist of,

 All securities, property and moneys, which upon the passage of securities, this act, are in the possession and under the control of the fire com-etc., of relief fund. missioners of said city, belonging to the firemen's relief fund.

ಪ್ರಾಯಾಗಿ ಕನ

Fines, etc., imposed on members.

2. All fines, penalties and forfeitures that from time to time may be imposed upon any officer or member of the fire department of said

city by way of discipline, collectible from pay or salary.

3. All rewards, fees, gifts or emoluments that may be paid or given Rewards, gifts, etc. for extraordinary services, rendered by any officer or member of said fire department, except when allowed to be retained by such officer or member by the board of fire commissioners, or given to endow a medal or other permanent competitive reward.

Proceeds from sales of property.

4. All moneys realized, derived or received from the sale of condemned, unfit, and unserviceable property belonging to or in the possession or under the control of said fire commissioners, where the same does not exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars in value for any one article.

License fees.

5. All fees and moneys realized, received, or derived from the granting or issuing of licenses for the keeping or sale of fireworks, kerosene, coal oil, naphtha, gasoline, gunpowder and other explosive materials.

Moneys from fines etc., under act and rules.

6. All moneys realized, derived or received from fines or penalties under the provisions of this act or under the ordinances of the city of Buffalo, or under the rules and regulations of the board of fire commissioners, for the prevention and extinguishment of fires, and for the conveying and removal of gunpowder, nitro-glycerine and other explosives, in and through the city or any part thereof, and the keeping and sale of fireworks, kerosene, coal oil, naphtha, gasoline, gunpowder and other explosive materials.

Board of trustees.

§ 267. The mayor, the members of the board of fire commissioners and the chief engineer of the fire department of the city and their successors in office, are hereby constituted the board of trustees of the firemen's relief and pension fund. The said board of trustees shall have the exclusive control, management and distribution of said fund. The mayor shall be the chairman, and the chairman of the board of fire commissioners shall be the treasurer of said board of trustees.

Officers of board.

Bond of

tressurer.

The secretary of said board of fire commissioners shall be the secretary of said board of trustees. Each of these officers shall serve without Said treasurer shall, from time to time, as additional compensation. said board of trustees shall direct, give a bond in such sum, not less than double the amount of money and negotiable securities in his hands at any one time, and upon such conditions as said board of trus-

Organization of board.

tees shall require. When this act takes effect, the mayor shall call a meeting of the officers hereby designated to constitute such board of trustees for the purpose of carrying the provisions of this chapter into The said board of trustees are hereby authorized to adopt rules and regulations for its government; and it shall hear and determine all applications for relief or pension under this chapter and its decision shall be final and conclusive, and not subject to review or reversal

Powers and duties.

Retire-

bers by

board.

except by said board of trustees. It shall cause to be kept a record of all its proceedings and meetings.

§ 268. 1. The said board of fire commissioners shall have the power ment, etc., and authority by a majority vote to retire or discharge from all serand memvice in the fire department, any officer or member thereof who may be found on examination by the surgeon of the department, duly certified under oath, disqualified physically or mentally for the performance of his duties in the department by reason of disease or disability caused or induced by the actual performance of the duties of his position without fault or misconduct on his part.

Retirement upon application.

2. Every officer or member of said department who may have become permanently incapacitated from performing full duty as a fire-

man by reason of disease or disability caused or induced by injury or by long service and exposure while in the line of his duty as a fireman, without fault or misconduct on his part may on his own application be retired from service by a majority vote of such board, provided the Proviso applicant has been examined by the surgeon of the department and his sworn certificate filed, showing that the applicant is permanently disqualified from performing the duties of a fireman. A pension shall be granted and paid to each person so retired from the Pensions said fireman's relief and pension fund equal to one-half the annual to retired members. compensation allowed him as a salary at the date of his retirement from the service, or such less sum in proportion to the number of officers and members so retired, as the condition of the fund shall warrant. But no officer or member of said department shall be entitled to any Proviso allowance as pension under the provisions of this chapter, during the time he shall be receiving full salary from said fire department.

3. The widow, minor child or children or dependent parent or pensions parents of any deceased officer or member of said fire department, pro- to families vided the death of such officer or member occurs during his service in and memsaid fire department and is caused or induced by injury or by long bers. service and exposure while in the line of his duty without fault or misconduct on his part, or after he has retired on account of disability, or is discharged as hereinbefore provided by reason of his having become physically or mentally disqualified from performing his duty, shall be allowed and entitled to receive from said fund an allowance as The amount of such pension shall be determined upon the

following conditions:

a. To the widow of such officer or member, the sum of twenty-five To widows. dollars per month. But upon her remarriage, such pension shall cease.

b. To each child of such officer or member, under the age of sixteen To chilyears, the sum of five dollars per month. Upon the child attaining dren. the age of sixteen years, such pension shall cease. In case the widow shall die or remarry, then the pension allowed to her shall be paid to the child or children of such deceased officer or member who shall be under the age of sixteen years. But all such payments to any child shall cease when such child becomes sixteen years of age. The whole Payments amount paid to the widow and minor child or children of any officer to widow or member shall not exceed one-half the annual compensation dren, allowed such officer or member, at the date of his death or retire-limited.

c. To the dependent parent or parents of such officer or member Pension to the sum of twenty five dollars per month. No pension shall be paid dependent to a dependent parents in cose the efficiency member of soil parents. to a dependent parent or parents in case the officer or member of said fire department so dying shall leave him surviving, a widow or minor child or children. No more than one pension shall be paid in case both parents survive.

4. Said board of trustees shall pay the pension as allowed and fixed Payment by this chapter from said relief and pension fund, and said board of dren's trustees may in its discretion, pay the pension of said minor child or pensions. children, to their mother or to their general or testamentary guardian, or to the person or persons who shall have the care and custody of said minor child or children, and the decision of said board of trustees as to what is deemed for the best interests of said minor child or children shall be final and conclusive, and payment according to its determination of the pensions herein provided for shall be a full discharge for the moneys so paid.

Application of act. become officers and members of the fire department of the city of Buffalo, and all of such persons shall be eligible to the benefits secured

by the creation of this fund.

Pensions on account of retire ments and deaths previous to act.

6. Pensions as provided in subdivisions two and three of this section shall be paid to officers and members of the department who have been discharged or retired as therein provided and to the widow, minor child or children or dependent parent or parents of any officer or member who has been killed in the discharge of his duty or died on account of disability acquired in the service and in the line of duty previous to the passage of this act.

7. All moneys ordered to be paid out of said pension and relief

Paymente how made.

fund to any person or persons shall be paid by the treasurer only, upon warrants signed by the chairman of the board and countersigned by the secretary thereof, and no warrant shall be drawn except by the order of said board duly entered in the record of the proceedings of said board. Said board of trustees is hereby authorized to deposit said fund in any of the banks of the city of Buffalo upon receiving adequate security therefor, or to invest the same in bonds and mortgages on improved real property worth twice the amount loaned, or in bonds of the United States, or of this state, or of the city of Buffalo, or of any city, county, town or village of this state issued pursuant to the authority of the laws of this state. All interest, income or dividends which shall be paid or agreed to be paid on account of any such loan or deposit shall belong to and constitute a part of said fund. Nothing herein contained shall, however, be construed as authorizing

Interest, etc., part of fund.

Deposit and investment

of fund.

Proviso.

Annual report of so authorized by the board. 8. The board of trustees shall make a report of the condition of said pension and relief fund, to the common council, in the month of January in each and every year.

the treasurer to loan or deposit said fund or any part thereof unless

Real and

personal property.

Money from city authorities.

§ 269. 1. The said board of trustees may take by gift, grant, devise or bequest, free from taxation, any real or personal property, the annual income of which shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of thirty thousand dollars. In any year when the condition of the relief and pension fund shall render it in the judgment of the said board of trustees necessary, said board of trustees may receive from the authorities of the city of Buffalo, a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars, to be included in the annual estimates of the said board of fire commissioners, and drawn and collected by them in like manner as other moneys applicable to their expenses, and the amount so obtained shall at once be paid over to the said board of trustees, to be used as a portion of said relief and pension fund.

Licenses

2. No person shall store, keep for sale, sell or offer for sale in the explosives. city of Buffalo, any fireworks, kerosene, coal oil, naphtha, gasoline, gunpowder, or other explosives without first having obtained a license therefor from the board of fire commissioners and said board of fire commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to issue such license, and to recommend ordinances to the common council, fixing the fee for such license, and for regulating the keeping and sale of fireworks, kerosene, coal oil, naphtha, gasoline, gunpowder, and other explosives in said city, and providing penalties to be paid for a violation of such ordinances and for dealing in and keeping for sale, or storing such articles, without having first obtained a license therefor from said board of fire commissioners.

Recommendation of ordinances

Fines, etc.. 3. The treasurer of said board of trustees is hereby authorized and empowered to receive, collect, sue for, and shall have the exclusive receipt and right of recovery of any and all fines and penalties which are to be of. paid into said pension and relief fund under this chapter. He may in his name as treasurer sue for, recover and collect the same, with costs, in the manner provided for in actions under the Code of Civil Procedure, and all moneys so collected by him shall become a part of this relief and pension fund. The said treasurer may in his name as Actions, treasurer bring any suit or action hereby authorized, and any action to how recover any fee, fine or penalty under this chapter, or under said ordi-brought.

nances, may be brought in the municipal court of the city of Buffalo.
§ 270. 1. The corporation council of the city of Buffalo, without ad-Duty of ditional compensation, shall, under the direction of the said treasurer, tion countake charge of the prosecution of all suits or proceedings instituted for sel. the recovery and collection of fines, penalties and the enforcement of the several provisions of this chapter, collect and receive all moneys upon judgments recovered, or in suits or proceedings so instituted, pay all costs and disbursements out of moneys collected by him under the provisions of this chapter, or received from the said treasurer for that purpose, and discontinue suits and proceedings and execute satisfaction of judgments upon payment of fines, penalties or costs in compliance with orders made in such suits or proceedings. He shall keep Register a correct and accurate register of all suits and proceedings and ac- of suits, count for all money received and paid out thereon, and shall pay over to said treasurer the amount of all license fees, fines, penalties and Payment to treas moneys received and collected by him after deducting the amount of urer. his disbursements actually incurred, and the said treasurer's receipt therefor shall be an acquittance of the moneys so collected and paid over by said corporation counsel. And said treasurer is hereby author- compromise of ized to settle or compromise any suit or judgment for less than the suits, amount of the same, with the consent of said board of trustees.

2. Any officer or board of officers of the city of Buffalo who shall Monthly realize, receive or derive any money, which, under the provisions of of moneys this chapter is made a part of this relief and pension fund, is hereby by officers directed to pay over the same on the first day of the month succeed boards. the receipt and collection thereof to the treasurer of the said board of trustees, to be used and applied as a part of said fund. These provisions shall apply to pay, compensation or salary, or any part thereof, Application of collected, forfeited, deducted or withheld from any officer or member provisions. of said fire department, for or on account of absence for any cause, lost or sick time, sickness or other disability physical or mental, or for any fine, penalty or forfeiture imposed upon such officer or member by way of discipline.

3. All pensions granted under the provisions of this chapter shall be Pensions exempt from execution, attachment or any process whatever. said fund shall be sacredly kept and held secure, and distributed and cation. applied for the purpose of pensioning the persons named in this chapter, and for no other purpose whatsoever.

4. Every person, who knowingly or willfully, in any wise, procures Penalty for the making or presentation of any false or fraudulent affidavit or affir- false affi-mation concerning any claim for relief or pension, or the payment davits. thereof, shall in every case forfeit a sum not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars, to be sued for and recovered by and in the name of said board of trustees, and when recovered it shall be paid over to, and False thereupon become a part of said relief and pension fund. Any person swearing.

^{*} So in the original.

who shall willfully swear falsely in any oath or affirmation in obtaining or procuring any pension or relief, or the payment thereof, under the provisions of this chapter, shall be guilty of perjury.

Transfer of funds to treasurer.

5. The said board of fire commissioners is hereby authorized and directed when this act takes effect, to pay and deliver the moneys and securities belonging to the said firemen's relief fund to the treasurer of the said board of trustees, the same to become and constitute a portion of the relief and pension fund created by this chapter.

TITLE X.

CHAPTER I.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Board of public

Commissioners, election, appointment, etc., ef.

§ 271. There shall be a department of public works of which the poard of public works shall be the head. The board shall consist of three commissioners of public works. The term of office of the commissioners shall be three years, except as hereinafter provided. commissioner shall be elected at the annual election held in eighteen hundred and ninety-one. On the first Monday of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, the mayor shall appoint two commissioners, one for the term of one year and one for the term of two years. term of each commissioner shall begin on the first Monday of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-two. The successors of the commissioner elected shall be elected at the annual election next preceding the expiration of the term of office. The successors of the commissioners appointed shall be appointed by the mayor. The two appointed commissioners shall not be adherents of the same political party. In case of vacancy in the office of any appointed commissioner, it shall be filled by appointment by the mayor for the unexpired term. A vacancy in the office of an elected commissioner shall be filled by appointment by the mayor, until the first Monday of January, after the next annual election, at which election a commissioner shall be elected to fill the unexpired term of the elected commissioner whose

Vacancies.

Quorum. President.

office became vacant. A majority of the board shall be a quorum. The commissioners shall elect a president of the board, who shall hold his office until his successor is elected and qualified. The board of public works shall have charge and control:

Control of waterworks and water.

1. Of all structures and property connected with the public water-works, the supply and distribution of water, the collection of the water revenue and of giving permits for house connections with the same, except the Jubilee water-works. It shall have power to construct, maintain, extend, repair, and regulate water-works to supply the city and its inhabitants with water and may cause water-pipes to be laid in such streets in said city (paved or unpaved) as shall be ordered by the common council. It shall also have power to purchase and repair all necessary boilers, engines, machinery, tools and supplies for maintaining the water-works and distributing water.

Sewers and drains.

2. Of the designing, constructing, altering and maintaining of the public sewers and drains and of giving permits for house connections with same.

Streets and public places. 3. Of locating, laying out, opening, constructing, altering, regulating, grading, regrading, paving, repairing, curbing, guttering, repairing, cleaning, sweeping and sprinkling all streets, avenues, places, alleys and roads (except such as are placed in charge of the park commissioners); of removing ashes and garbage, keeping streets, ave-

nues, alleys and places free and clear of all encroachments, obstructions and incumbrances, granting builders' permits to occupy streets, laying of side and cross walks, numbering houses, putting up street

names and superintending the erection of awnings.

4. Of the lighting of streets, avenues, places, alleys and roads; the street cleaning and repairing of public lamps, inspecting of gas and lamps, electrical electric lights, electric wires, conduits and building connections with conductors and fixelectric plants, the locating and removing of all gas mains, telegraph, tures telephone and electric light poles; and it may cause all telegraph, telephone and electric light wires to be placed under ground, pursuant to directions of the common council.

5. Of constructing, repairing and maintaining all bridges, canals, Bridges, wharves, docks, piers, basins, slips, aqueducts, tunnels and culverts docks, etc. belonging to the city.

6. Of the constructing, altering and repairing of public buildings, Public buildings.

including school, fire, police and water buildings.

7. Of the filling of sunken lots, the fencing of vacant lots, licensing Lots, street of vaults underneath streets, and of stairways, areas and projections in vaults and projections in projections.

8. Of repairing and closing wells, pumps and hydrants, and abating wells, etc.

all nuisances on the requisition of the board of health. 9. Of making and preserving all surveys, maps, plans, estimates Surveys and drawings relating to the laying out and improvement of streets, avenues, roads, alleys, sewers, water and gas mains, bridges, telegraph, telephone and electric-light mains, the constructing, altering and re-

works under the care of the said department.

pairing of public structures, buildings and offices and all other public

The common council may thereupon order the work done or may order that plans, specifications and descriptions shall be Action of council furnished with or without estimates of costs or bids from responsible thereon.

§ 272. When any work or improvement, general or local, prescribed Recomin this title, is necessary or advisable, the board may recommend the tions for same to the common council, with or without plans, specifications and work, etc. descriptions. parties who will contract with the city to do the prescribed work. The common council may order any work or improvement either with or without the recommendation of the board of public works, but Contracts. when such work or improvement is ordered in accordance by specifications or descriptions, a contract therefor shall be made by supervision of the work itself. All supervision of work and improvements ordered shall be under the direction and su-work and pervision of the board, and when it shall make report to the common therefor. council of its action, the council shall provide for the payment therefor, either from the general fund, or by local assessment, or both, as in this act prescribed. And no such work shall be executed until payment therefor has been provided as required by this act. It shall Reports of work done. make a special report of any work done or contracted for when required by the common council or mayor, and a general monthly report to the common council of its transactions for the previous month.

The common council upon the recommendation of the board of public Contracts works and upon such terms and for such time (not exceeding five cleaning, years) and upon such conditions as said board may prescribe, may removal of garbage. authorize said board to enter into a contract with any person or corporation for cleaning any or all the streets, alleys, public parks, wharves and grounds of the city, and for removing the dirt, ashes, rubbish and garbage therefrom, or for cremating or otherwise disposing within or without the limits of the city of such street cleanings or

Annual cost thereof. such ashes, rubbish or garbage, but the annual cost or expense thereof shall be placed in the annual estimates of said board and paid in equal

Bureaus and officers and employes

Pay accounts.

Control of certain matters to board.

Bureau having charge of public im-Drovements.

Chief engineer.

Bureau having charge of water-

Water superin-tendent. Bureau having charge of cleaning. etc.

annual proportions. § 273. There shall be four bureaus in the department of public

works, the chief officers, subordinates and employes of which shall be appointed and removed by the board of public works, and their salaries and pay shall be fixed by the board with the concurrence of the common council. In all cases in which by the general laws of the state compensation is required to be paid weekly, pay accounts for employes shall be certified to the common council accordingly, and pay accounts for the commissioners, and employes not required to be so paid, shall be certified monthly; and, on receipt of the same, the common council shall order the proper warrants for the payment of said accounts to be drawn on the treasurer. All matters and things under the charge and control of any officer or department on the day preceding the first Monday of January, eighteen hundred and ninetytwo, the charge and control of which are not by this act vested in some other officer or department, shall be under the charge and control of the board of public works on and after the said first Monday of January. 1. A bureau having under the board the charge and care of the

construction of sewers, the granting of permits for sewer connections and their inspection, the locating, laying out, opening, grading, regrading, curbing, guttering, paving, repaving, and repairing of all streets, avenues, alleys and places; constructing and repairing roads, flagging and repairing sidewalks, laying crosswalks, filling sunken lots, digging down lots, fencing lots, constructing and repairing all wells and pumps, setting of lamp-posts, building docks and bulk-heads, and repairing the same, building and repairing bridges. making and preserving all maps, surveys, plans and estimates, and drawings relating to the laying out, regulating, grading and paving of all streets, alleys and avenues, and any other public improvements to be done by or under the supervision of the department. The chief officer of this bureau shall be called the chief engineer. The engineer of the city of Buffalo in office on the first Monday of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, shall be such chief engineer until the expiration of the term for which he was elected.

2. A bureau having under the board the charge and care of all the ponds, conduits, reservoirs, tunnels, piers, engines, pumps and lands connected with the water-works, and of laying all water pipes and the construction of all new work relating thereto, the extension and distribution of the water, the control of making all house connections with water mains, the setting of all water-meters, taking and preserving their record, the setting and repairing of fire and drinking hydrants and keeping the same free from ice, and the collection of the revenue arising from the sale and use of water. The chief officer of this bureau shall be called the water superintendent.

3. A bureau having under the board the charge and care of cleaning, sweeping and sprinkling streets, removing ashes and garbage, keeping the streets, avenues, alleys and places free and clear of all encroachments, obstructions and incumbrances, supervising, inspecting and cleaning sewers, regulating the occupancy of streets by licensed hacks, carts and trucks, granting builders permits to occupy streets, numbering of streets, putting up street signs, cleaning and repairing public lamps, inspection of gas and lamps, electric lights, electric wires, conduits and building connections with electric plants, the erection of awnings. The chief officer of this bureau shall be called superintendent of

the superintendent of streets.

4. A bureau of building, having under the board the charge and Bureau of care of the construction, alteration and repair of all buildings in the buildings. city, the chief officer of which shall be called the superintendent of buildings, who shall also superintend the construction, alteration superintend repairs of all public buildings and see that all building laws en-buildings. acted by the state legislature or passed as ordinances by the common council are enforced. The board shall appoint not less than three in- Inspectors. spectors of buildings, who shall be under the control of the superintendent of buildings. These inspectors shall be practical building mechanics of not less than five years experience in their trade.

§ 274. No person shall construct any of the works mentioned in construct subdivision one of section two hundred and seventy-one of this act tion of water-

without the written authority of the board.

§ 275. All repairs of accepted streets shall be paid for from the Repairs of

general fund.

§ 276. The board shall estimate annually the amount necessary to Annual be expended during the ensuing year for repairs to accepted streets, estimate of exand shall return the said estimate to the comptroller, with its other penses.

estimates of the department.

\$ 277. The board shall cause the accepted streets to be repaired, Repairs, without the previous order of the common council, and shall employ how made and paid the necessary men, and purchase the necessary materials. When any for. such work has been done or any material has been purchased, the board shall certify the expense of the same to the common council. The common council shall thereupon order the proper warrant for the payment thereof to be drawn on the treasurer.

§ 278. For the purpose of this title, repairs of streets shall be Cleaning deemed to include the cleaning and repairing of all public sewers and ing sewers.

receivers.

§ 279. All streets or parts of streets paved at the time this act takes Accepted effect or which shall subsequently be paved, shall be deemed accepted defined. streets within the meaning of this title, and shall be repaired when necessary if the chief engineer certifies that less than one-third of the When repaired. carriageway is in condition requiring repairs.

§ 280. The board shall estimate annually the amount necessary to Sewers and be expended, during the ensuing year, for the cleaning and repairing annual of all public sewers and receivers, and shall return such estimate to estimate the return such estimate therefor. the comptroller with the other estimates of the costs of the depart-

§ 281. The board may cause surveys to be made of all the streets surveys and public squares of the city, and shall, from time to time, as such scriptions survey progresses, file descriptions and surveys of such streets and of streets, squares in the office of the city clerk. Such surveys and descriptions, and certified copies thereof, shall be evidence of the existence of the streets and squares so surveyed and described, and their boundaries and location.

 \S 282. No member of the board and no subordinate or employe of Not to be the department shall be pecuniarily interested in any contract made inconfor the department, or in the purchase, sale or repair of any article tracts, etc.

used by it.

§ 283. No expenditure or contract exceeding or involving the sum contracts of five hundred dollars shall be made by the board without the con- **soo.** sent of the common council. Before the board shall enter into a contract for the performance of any work, the expense of which shall ex-

works.

THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.

Notice inserting proposals.

ceed the sum of five hundred dollars, it shall cause a notice to be published in the official paper, and two other daily papers in the city, twice a week for two weeks, inviting proposals for the same, according to the plans and specifications to be filed in its office, and the contract shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder, who shall furnish security for its performance satisfactory to the board.

Award of contracts.

Rules and regula-

§ 284. The board shall make and enforce rules and regulations for the government of the officers and employes of the department in the discharge of their duties.

Water CRI.CH

tions.

§ 285. The board shall, subject to the approval of the common council, fix the rates to be charged for the use of water, and shall have charge of the collection thereof. It shall have power to adjust the rates as established, and to increase or diminish the rates in cases where consumers increase or lessen their consumption of water, and to refund a proportionate amount of rates paid in cases where consumers cease to use water. Water rates shall be payable semi-annually in advance, on days to be fixed by resolution of the board. The board may divide the city into districts and fix the days on which the rates in each district shall be paid.

When payable. Districts.

Daily payments by Applicawater receipts.

§ 286. The board shall pay daily to the city treasurer, all moneys received by it from any source, and make a report at the same time to the comptroller. All moneys received from the sale and use of water shall be used only for the purposes of the bureau created by subdivision two of section two hundred and seventy-three, and for the payment of principal and interest on the water bonds.

Audit of claims.

§ 287. All claims against the city, connected with this department, shall be audited by the board before being presented to the common The time during which any claim shall remain in the hands of the board for audit shall not be a part of any time limited for the Limitation commencement of an action against the city, and the time of such limitation shall be extended accordingly.

of actions.

Laying of service pipes.

Expense a

lien. Notice to owners, of

property, Statement

to comp-troller. Amounts added to general tax.

Hydrants.

Expenses, thereof, sessed, etc.

§ 288. The board shall have power to lay service pipes from the main pipes in the streets to such point as it may determine beyond the curb line of any street and within the street lines where such main pipes are now or shall hereafter be laid; the expense of laying such service pipes shall be a lien upon the property for the service of which the pipes are laid. The board shall notify the owner or occupant of such piece of property to which such service pipes are laid that if the same are not laid by the owner or occupant within ten days, the same will be put in and laid by the city, and if so, that it will receive payment of the amount due therefor, for thirty days from the date of giving such notice. On the first day of May of each year the board shall present to the comptroller a certified statement, specifying the various sums remaining unpaid therefor and the property affected thereby, and the comptroller shall add such amounts to the general city tax for that year, on each piece of property so affected, and they shall be collected in the same manner as other taxes on said roll.

§ 289. The board may establish, designate and maintain hydrants within the city to supply the public with water, and the expense thereof may be assessed upon and collected from the property deemed benefited, in like manner as provided in title five of this act, for assessment and collection of assessments; and the board shall designate the districts by boundaries within which such assessment shall be levied.

Building

nances.

§ 290. The superintendent of buildings, under the direction of the board shall enforce the ordinances of the city, regulating the con-

Digitized by Google

struction, alteration or repair of buildings in the city. He and the how eninspectors of buildings shall have authority to enter any premises or forced building for the purpose of examining its condition; and whenever in Removal the judgment of the superintendent of buildings any building or any buildings. part of a building shall be dangerous to the public, or unsafe, he may, under the direction of the board, when the same shall be approved by the common council, order such building to be torn down, and in case his order shall not be obeyed, he may cause it to be torn down; or he Repairs may order it to be repaired so as to be safe, and in case his order shall thereto. not be obeyed, he may cause the proper repairs to be made.

§ 291. The expense of removing or tearing down any unsafe build- Expense a lien. ing or of making it or any portion thereof secure, shall be a lien on the property on which the building stood, and may be enforced and collected in the same manner as a local assessment thereon, or it may How en-be recovered from the owner of the premises upon which the building collected.

stood, by action brought in the name of the city.

§ 292. Before the construction or remodeling of any building in the Requirecity is commenced, the owner shall file with the superintendent of erection or buildings a sworn statement of the character and use of the building remodel-he proposes to erect and its location on his premises. And in all cases, buildings. except where the building is a one or two-story frame dwelling, or a one or two-story frame store or dwelling within the limits where wooden buildings may be erected, he shall file a copy of the plans and specifications of such building, and a statement which shall contain the name and residence of the owner and the purposes for which the building is designed, and which shall be sworn to by the owner or his authorized agent. The superintendent shall, within ten days after Approval the filing of the plans, specifications and statement, approve the same, etc. or indicate in writing the alterations to be made therein to comply with the general laws of the state and ordinances of the city, and no building shall be erected or remodeled until the approval of the superintendent shall be obtained and a written permit issued by him to the Nothing herein contained shall Proviso. owner or builder of such building. affect the exclusive power of the common council to grant permits for buildings under subdivision five of section seventeen of this act.

§ 293. The superintendent of buildings shall report to the cor-Report of poration counsel any violation of the building laws of the state and of building laws of the state and of building laws. ordinances of the city, for which a fine, penalty or forfeiture is pre-ing laws. scribed, and the corporation counsel shall thereupon bring an action to enforce the same. In case the construction or remodeling of any work building is commenced without the permission of the superintendent, stopped. he shall order the work to be stopped. In case the work on the building is continued he shall report the facts to the corporation actions counsel, who shall, by action, enjoin the further prosecution of enjoining prosecution work until the permission shall be obtained. The court shall cutton of work. enjoin the prosecution of the work, pending the action. The corporation counsel shall not settle or discontinue any such action without the The usual costs in actions at written consent of the superintendent.

law and special proceedings shall apply to these proceedings.

§ 294. The captains of police in the several districts of the city shall Report of defective report daily to the superintendent of police all defective street lamps lamps, etc. which may be discovered in their respective districts, and all street lamps which were not lighted during any night; and shall also report of defects daily to such superintendent of police all defects which may be discovand omissions to clean the streets or sidewalks, and all omissions to clean the same. And the superintendent shall make a consolidated report of the same same

Notice.

to the department of public works daily. Notice to any member of the police force of any defective streets shall not be notice to the city until actually received by the board of public works.

Maps of electrical subways.

§ 295. All gas, telegraph, telephone and electric light companies, having subways or conduits, or any other persons or corporations having grants from the city for any subways or conduits in public streets or alleys, shall be required to file with the department, service maps and plans of all their mains, subways and conduits in existence at the

for laying,

Permission time this act shall go into effect, and shall thereafter obtain permission from this department for laying or relaying all mains, subways and conduits.

Store yard.

§ 296. The department shall have authority to purchase or lease a piece of land to be used as a store yard or depot of supplies, where shall be stored all materials necessary for repairing the public works which are under the charge of this department.

Waterworks, extension. etc., of.

§ 297. Before the city shall order the extension or alteration of the water-works, or the construction, in whole or part, of new water-works, the board of public works shall have power to determine upon the plans and specifications of such extension, alteration or construction, and no extension of said water-works shall be ordered except upon the

Notices inviting proposais.

recommendation of the board of public works. When any extension, alteration or construction (except pipe-laying) the expense of which shall exceed the sum of five hundred dollars shall be ordered, it shall be the duty of said board to advertise by publication in the official paper, and in two other daily papers twice a week for two weeks, a notice inviting, until a certain day to be specified in the notice, sealed proposals to do the work and furnish the materials according to the plans and specifications on file in the office to be specified in such no-But said board may, in its discretion, employ necessary labor, purchase necessary supplies for, and cause any or all water pipes to

Laying of water pipes.

property owners,

etc.

be laid under its own supervision. Notice of repairs to

§ 298. When repairs to sidewalks or any other repairs in front of or work upon premises are ordered by the common council, the board shall notify the owner or occupant, personally or by mail, at least ten days before the board will undertake the work, that if said repairs are not made or work done by the owner or occupant within ten days the same will be done by the board, and the expense thereof, with interest at twelve per centum per annum, from the time such work is done, shall be chargeable upon and assessed against the said premises

in the same manner that other local assessments are made.

Restriction of expenditures.

§ 299. The board of public works shall not, without the consent of the common council, expend in any one year any greater amount of money than shall have been appropriated by the common council in the annual appropriation for said year for said department, except as provided in section seventy-three.

CHAPTER II.

JUBILEE WATER-WORKS.

Maintenance of works

§ 300. The city shall have power to maintain, repair and regulate the Jubilee water-works for the use and benefit of the inhabitants of the parish tract.

§ 301. There shall be a board of Jubilee water commissioners, which Board of water com-missioners. shall consist of three members, who shall be appointed by the mayor and hold their offices for the term of three years. Each commissioner shall be a resident of the parish tract and shall serve without compensation.

§ 302. The Jubilee water commissioners in office at the time this act First takes effect shall constitute the first board, and serve out the terms for board. which they were respectively appointed. Whenever a vacancy arises in such board, by reason of the expiration of the term of office of any vacancies. commissioner, the mayor shall appoint a Jubilee water commissioner to serve three years.

§ 303. The board shall have charge of the management of the Jubi- Powers of board.

lee water-works and their appurtenances.

§.304. The board shall appoint, and may at pleasure remove a sup- superin-

erintendent.

§ 305. The common council shall fix, regulate and levy the rates water and charges for the use of the Jubilee water, and it shall provide for rates. the assessment, levying and collection thereof. It shall levy and as- Taxes. sess upon the taxable property of the parish tract all other taxes necessary for the maintenance of the Jubilee water-works, and provide for their collection; and may enact such ordinances as it may deem neces-Ordisary to carry into effect the provisions of this chapter.

§ 306. All water rates, charges, penalties and taxes shall, when col- Jubilee lected constitute a fund to be called the "Jubilee water fund," and fund. shall be applied to the payment of all expenses or liabilities incurred

in maintaining the Jubilee water-works.

§ 307. All claims against the city, growing out of the maintenance Audit of the Jubilee water-works, shall be audited by the board of Jubilee board. water commissioners before being presented to the common council. Nothing in this chapter contained shall be construed to repeal or affect Proviso. chapter one hundred and fifty-four of the laws of eighteen hundred and ninety, except that no compensation shall be paid to any officer or employe mentioned in the eighth section of that chapter unless such compensation shall be first authorized and approved by the common council by ordinance.

TITLE XI.

DEPARTMENT OF PARKS.

§ 308. There shall be a department of parks, of which the board of Board of park commissioners shall be the head. It shall consist of fifteen missioners. members, who shall be appointed by the mayor, who shall also be a member of said board, ex officio. The name and style of said board shall be "The Park Commissioners." The present park commissioners of said city shall constitute said board until the expiration of their respective terms of office, and until others are appointed in their places; at the expiration of their several terms of office, the vacancies thereby created shall be filled by appointment, as hereinbefore provided, of a person or persons who shall hold office for six years, and until their successors are appointed and qualified. Should a vacancy vacancies occur in said board by reason of death, resignation or otherwise, ex- in board. cept the expiration of term of office, there shall be appointed, in the manner hereinbefore provided, a person to fill such vacancy. whose term of office shall expire at the end of the term of the one whose vacancy he is appointed to fill.

§ 309. No member of said board shall receive any compensation for Disburse his services, but each commissioner shall be entitled to receive his ac-ments for tual disbursements for expenses in visiting and superintending said expenses.

Ineligi-bility.

park, when such visits or service shall be made or rendered by the direction of the said board of commissioners. No member of the common council shall be eligible to the office of park commissioner.

sive power to make rules and by-laws for the orderly transaction of

The said board shall have the full and exclu-

Quorum,

transaction of business.

General

powers.

Roadways of ap-proaches, epening, etc., of.

Notices to be pub-lished.

Hearing

Sidewalk borders,

Sidewalks upon ap-proaches.

Ap-proaches,

Proviso.

or such other officers as the board may designate. § 311. It shall be a misdemeanor for any park commissioner to be directly or indirectly, in any way pecuniarily interested in any contract

or work of any kind whatever connected with said parks or approaches

Misdemeanor to be interested in

§ 310. A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum for the

their business; to govern, manage and direct, and to lay out and regulate the parks and approaches thereto; to appoint a superintendent and such engineers, surveyors, clerks and other officers as may be necessary; including a police force, not exceeding twelve in number; to prescribe and define their respective duties and to fix the amount of their compensation, and generally in regard to said parks and the approaches thereto they shall possess all the power and authority now by law conferred upon or possessed by the common council in respect to the public streets, sidewalks, squares and places in said city. said board shall have sole and exclusive power, by contract or otherwise, to open, grade, construct, repair and maintain the roadways of said approaches, and the assent of adjacent property owners thereto shall not be necessary; but no such work shall be done where any part thereof is assessable, as hereinafter provided, until notice of intention to order it shall have been published in the official paper, by order of said board, at least twice a week for two consecutive weeks before the same shall be ordered, the last publication to be at least one week before the same is so ordered, and all interested parties shall have an opportunity to be heard before said board at such time as it shall appoint in such notice; provided that no such notice or hearing shall be necessary in the case of work the expense of which shall not exceed two hundred dollars. The said board shall have power to control sidewalk borders, and to plant, regulate and maintain trees thereon, and to construct and lay, or cause to be constructed and laid, sidewalks on the said approaches, and to provide by ordinance for repairing the same, and removing snow, ice and dirt therefrom, by or at the expense of the owners and occupants of the property in front of which such sidewalks may be, and to provide fines and penalties for violation of such ordinances, not exceeding twice the cost of such repairing and the removing of such ice, snow and dirt, and all persons violating the same shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and punished as hereinafter provided. The said approaches shall, within the intent and meaning of this act, be deemed to include all lands within the boundaries thereof, together with all rights and easements appurtenant thereto, and such portions thereof as may be within the boundaries of intersecting city streets; provided, nevertheless, that the common council shall have jurisdiction of said intersecting city streets up to the curb line of such approach, but no new street shall be laid out to intersect any park approach without the consent of the park commissioners, and the expense of opening, grading, paving, repairing and maintaining the roadways and sidewalks of such portions of said intersecting city streets shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as the expense of constructing, grading and repairing the city streets Policemen, or sidewalks. Policemen appointed by the said board shall have the same powers as patrolmen of the police department, and shall be subject to the orders of the park commissioners and park superintendent,

thereto; and it shall be the duty of every person who may have contracts, knowledge or information of the violation of this provision, forthwith etc. to report the same to the mayor, who shall present the facts of the Report of case to the superior court of Buffalo. The said court shall hear, in a wiolations and hearsummary manner, such commissioner in relation thereto, and any ing thereevidence he may offer; and if after such hearing, the said court shall ou be satisfied of the truth of such charge, the judge holding the same shall by an order of said court, to be made at chambers or in term, Removals. immediately remove such commissioner. Every commissioner shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe the oath of oath prescribed by the constitution of the state, which oath shall be office. filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court of Buffalo.

§ 312. The said park commissioners shall, in the month of January Annual in each year, make to the common council a full report of their pro-report. ceedings and a detailed statement of all their receipts and expendi-

§ 313. It shall be lawful for the said park commissioners to let from Leases and year to year, or for any term not exceeding ten years, any buildings buildings, buildings, and the grounds attached thereto, which may be within the boundaries etc. of said park, or parks, and the said park commissioners may sell any building improvements and product of said park or approaches, which in their judgment shall not be required for the purposes of said parks and approaches; and the proceeds of such leases and sales shall be de- Proceeds, posited with the treasurer of said city to the credit of the park fund, how a which is hereinafter created; and such proceeds shall be used by the said commissioners for the improvement or maintenance of the said parks or approaches.

§ 314. The said park commissioners shall have power upon such Licenses for street terms and upon the payment of such yearly license fee or such per railways. capita tax as said commissioners may prescribe, to grant to any street railway company the privilege of laying down and operating a railway, for the carriage of passengers only, through said approaches; but no street or other railway shall enter, upon, in or through the said park or parks without the consent of two-thirds of the members of the The said commissioners shall have sole power to license hacks, Hacks. omnibuses and other vehicles for use in said park, parks or approaches, and boats for use on park waters under such regulations as the said commissioners shall prescribe. All sums of money which may be re-Receipts, ceived by the said commissioners pursuant to this section, shall be de- plied. posited with the city treasurer to the credit of the park fund, and shall be devoted to the improvement and maintenance of said parks or

approaches.

§ 315. The common council shall every year grant to the said park Annual appropriation for the said park and as to the tion for the said park and as to the tion for the said park and as to the tion for the said park and as to the tion for the said park and as to the tion for the said park and as to the tion for the said park and the s said common council shall appear reasonable and just, for the government, improvement, paving and maintenance of said parks and approaches, and for keeping in repair the improvements and structures proaches, expense of therein, and for furnishing a suitable office for said commissioners. opening. One-half of all the expenses for opening, grading, paving, construct- defrayed. ing, repairing (except repairs, the expenses of which shall not exceed two hundred dollars), or otherwise improving the curbing and roadways of the said approaches shall be paid from the general fund and the other half be defrayed by local assessments upon the lands adjacent to such approaches, or which the assessors shall determine to be benefited thereby, and shall be a lien thereon, and assessed, levied and collected in the same manner as other local assessments, and when collected



shall be paid into the park fund; provided that where any approach

or part of an approach shall have three roadways, the whole expense of opening, grading, constructing, paving, repairing or otherwise improving the central roadway shall be paid from the general fund, and one-half the expense of opening, grading, paving, constructing, repairing (where the repairs shall cost two hundred dollars or more), and otherwise improving either lateral roadway, shall be assessed upon the private property adjacent to such lateral roadway and benefited thereby, and the other half shall be paid from the general fund. Where any approach, or part of an approach, has two roadways and no more one-half of the expense of opening, grading, constructing, paving and repairing (where the expense of such repairs exceeds two hundred dollars), and otherwise improving each roadway, shall be assessed on the adjacent property benefited thereby, which shall be on the same side of the approach as the roadway on which the work shall be done, and the other half shall be paid from the general fund. common council shall order the expense of opening, grading, constructing, paving, repairing and otherwise improving such approaches as is herein provided to be paid by adjacent property benefited to be assessed, levied and collected as local assessments, as hereinbefore provided, upon the same being reported to them by the board, and all such assessments, when collected, shall be paid into the park fund. The said commissioners may construct, repair and maintain sidewalks upon said approaches at the expense of the owners of the parcels of land in front of which the work is done, and shall report the expense of the work to the common council, which shall direct the same to be assessed upon the parcels of land in front of which the work was done or is to be done, in proportion to the benefit; and the board of assessors shall thereupon assess the same. Such assessments shall be liens upon the property assessed, and be levied and collected in the same manner as other local assessments. All moneys collected upon such assessments shall be paid into the city treasury to the credit of the park fund. The said commissioners shall furnish annually an estimate of what sum of money they will require for the government, maintenance and improvement of said park, parks and approaches, specifying the particular improvements which are proposed to be made on any park approach, and the said council in making its annual grant to said commissioners, shall specify each item and the

ments council to order.

Sidewalks upon ap-proaches.

Assess ment of expense.

Annual estimate for park mainten auce, etc.

Moneys, how dis-

Estimate,

furnished. fied by the secretary of said board and furnished to the city comp-

Sewers. gas tion of.

annual estimates.

Connec-

§ 316. The said board of commissioners shall have the sole power and water pipes, loca- to determine the places in said parks and approaches where sewers and gas and water-pipes shall be laid; and no trench for any sewer, gas-pipe or water-pipe shall be opened in any of said parks or approaches until said commissioners shall have designated the location of the same. They shall have power, when the roadway or any ap-

amount of each item of such estimate granted for improving any of such approaches, as well as the total amount. Said commissioners shall not apply the moneys so granted for any particular improvement on any park approach to any other purpose. The money granted

by said common council shall be paid out of the park fund, which is hereby created, when ordered by said commissioners, upon their drafts, signed by the president and secretary, and countersigned by the comp-

troller on or before the first day of February of each year, which estimate, as furnished, shall be included by said comptroller in his

The said annual estimate of the commissioners shall be certi-

proach is constructed or repaired, to cause connections to be made tions there and extended from the sewers, gas-pipes and water-pipes which may be therein, to the sidewalk border thereof, at such distances apart as they shall determine to be necessary. The expense of making Expense, such connections shall be a local tax, and shall be ordered by said how as sessed. common council to be assessed upon the parcels of land with which such connections shall be made, upon the expense thereof being reported to it by the commissioners. The city may recover the amount recovery of such assessments, with the additions and interest, of the owners of assessments. such parcels, by action in its name, when they shall remain unpaid ments. for more than sixty days after the rolls shall have been delivered to the city treasurer, and may enforce the same as provided in title five of this act for the enforcement of assessments. Such assessments when collected shall be paid into the city treasury, to the credit of the park fund.

§ 317. None of the said park commissioners, nor any person, Creation of whether in the employ of said commissioners or otherwise, nor said debts, etc. common council, shall have the power to create any debt, obligation, claim or liability for or on account of the said park commissioners, or of said park, parks or approaches, except with the express authority of said commissioners conferred at a meeting thereof duly convened and held.

§ 318. No telegraph, telephone or electric-light wires or other wires, wires and or posts or supports therefor, shall be erected or placed in, upon, posts, tele-through or over said park, parks or approaches, without the consent placing of, of said park commissioners and the said commissioners shall have in parks. of said park commissioners, and the said commissioners shall have full power and authority to designate the place and places for and manner of erecting, placing and maintaining the same, and may cause the places and manner of maintaining the same, whether heretofore or hereafter erected or placed, to be altered at such times and in such manner as they shall deem best for the interests of said park, parks and approaches, and may require such wires to be laid under ground.

§ 319. The office of any one of the said park commissioners who Absence of shall not attend the meetings of the board for three successive months, sioners, after having been duly notified of such meetings, without satisfactory creates reason therefor, or without leave of absence, shall by said board be declared vacant.

§ 320. Real and personal property may be granted, bequeathed, de- Devise, vised or conveyed to the said city for the purpose of the improvement property or ornamentation of the said parks or approaches, or for the establishment or maintenance therein of museums, zoological or other gardens, ments, etc. collections of natural history, observatories, libraries, monuments or works of art, upon such trusts and conditions as may be prescribed by the grantors or devisors thereof and agreed to by the mayor, common council and park commissioners. All property so devised, granted, Control bequeathed or conveyed, and the rents, issues, profits and income thereof. thereof shall be subject to the exclusive management, direction and control of said park commissioners. Real estate may also be conveyed conveyto the city for the purpose of additions to said parks or approaches, ance of real estate provided that the location of such real estate and the condition of the for additions. conveyance be agreed to by the mayor and common council and by

the park commissioners. § 321. It shall be lawful for said board, at any meeting thereof ordiduly convened, to enact such ordinances as it may deem necessary for nances for the use regulation, protection and government of said nodes and government of sai the use, regulation, protection and government of said parks and ap-ment of

parks, etc.

Publication thereof.

Record.

Existing ordi - nances, etc.

Copies, evidence.

Violation of ordinances, a misdemeanor.

Recovery of fines and penal-

Terms in act defined.

proaches, not inconsistent with the ordinances of the city or the provisions of this act, and to prescribe fines and penalties not exceeding one hundred dollars or imprisonment in the Erie county penitentiary not exceeding thirty days, or both, for their violation. Such ordinances, upon their passage, shall be published ten days in the official The secretary of the board shall make and sign a record, in a book to be provided for that purpose, of every ordinance enacted by said board, and of the times of its first and final publication; and such record, or a copy thereof, certified by the president or secretary, under his hand, shall be presumptive evidence in all courts and places of the due enactment and publication of such ordinance, and of the The by-laws, ordinances and times of its first and final publications. regulations of the board as now constituted, shall be the by-laws, ordinances and regulations of the board as constituted under this act, until the same shall be repealed, superseded, altered or amended by the board hereby created. Copies of the record of the said ordinances kept by the secretary of the present board, certified by the secretary of the board hereby created, shall be presumptive evidence of their due enactment and publication.

§ 322. Every person offending against the ordinances of said board shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction before the police justice or any court of competent jurisdiction, be punished by fine or imprisonment, or both, as prescribed in the ordinance violated; or in case no fine or imprisonment be provided by such ordinance, by fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days in said penitentiary, or by both such fine and imprisonment; and said police justice shall have jurisdiction of all offenses against said ordinances, and shall, subject to the provisions of this act, have the same power and authority as to such offenses and the trial and punishment of all persons offending against the said ordinances, as he now has as to any case of misdemeanor which may be tried before him. All fines and penalties imposed by said ordinances may also be recovered as penalties in civil actions to be brought in the name of said city in the municipal court of Buffalo, and such suits shall be brought by the corporation counsel, upon complaint made to him by said board, or the park superintendent. remedies hereby given shall be deemed to be in the alternative at the election of said board or superintendent, and not to be cumulative. All fines and penalties collected hereunder shall be paid into the general fund.

§ 323. The terms "park" and "parks," as used in this act shall include the grounds known as the "Park," "the Parade," "the Front" and all parks and public grounds (not being an approach or part of an approach), which are now or may hereafter be under the control of the board of park commissioners. The word "approaches," whenever it occurs in this act, shall include the avenues and parkways leading to or connecting said parks, which are now or may hereafter be under the control of the board of park commissioners and the "Circle," "the Bank," "Soldiers' Place," "Chapin Place," and "Bidwell Place," and all other lands forming and designated by the board a part of an approach.

TITLE XII.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

§ 324. The city has power to establish, maintain and regulate pub- Public

§ 325. The city shall be, by ordinance, divided into school districts, Districts and from time to time, redivided, and in each district there shall be and schools maintained one or more primary or grammar schools.

§ 326. Such schools shall be open and free to all persons between five Schools, and twenty-one years of age residing within their respective districts. free.

§ 327. The city may maintain and regulate one or more high schools, High and it may also maintain and regulate schools for manual and technical training schools. training, into which may be admitted pupils who shall possess the qualifications prescribed by ordinance.

§ 328. The high schools shall share in the literature fund of the state, share of and in all appropriations to academies. The primary and grammar state schools shall share in the school fund of the state, and in the appro-funds.

priations made to public schools.

§ 329. All expenses of the school department shall be included in Expenses of department shall be included in Expenses of department shall be included in Expenses of department shall be included in Expenses The comptroller is hereby author- ment. and paid out of the general fund. ized to embrace in his estimates a sum not exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand dollars annually, which shall be used solely for the purchase of school lots and the erection, enlargement, repairs and fur-

nishing of school buildings.

§ 330. The superintendent of education shall be at the head of this Superindepartment. He shall from time to time recommend to the common education, council the course of study to be pursued in the different public his powers and duties. schools, and such measures as will, in his judgment, increase the usefulness and efficiency of the schools. He shall select all new teachers to be employed in the different schools, after this act shall take effect, from among the names from time to time certified to him, by the board of school examiners, except as hereinafter provided. He shall hire all teachers for the period of time, and at the compensation, and upon the terms and conditions provided by ordinance. He shall see that the courses of study and systems of education established by ordinance If none be established by ordinance, he shall direct the are observed. courses of study and systems of education to be pursued. ers shall be subject to his orders and direction. He may suspend, and for cause, and after a hearing, with the concurrence of the mayor, dismiss any teacher. He shall, on the second Monday in December Annual report. of each year, make a full and comprehensive report to the common council of the condition of the schools up to the thirtieth day of June preceding. He shall appoint a citizen, who shall be well versed in the Superin-German as well as the English language, and whose duty it shall be to teaching superintend the teaching of the German language in the public schools, German. and who shall also act, when not otherwise employed, as secretary to the superintendent. Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to authorize the appointment of more than one clerk for said department, unless authority therefor shall be given by the common council.

§ 331. The mayor shall, within thirty days after this act shall take Board of effect, appoint five citizens of Buffalo, who shall be known and designated as "the board of school examiners." They and their successions are the successions of the succession of the s sors in office shall each, before entering upon the performance of the duties of an examiner under this act, qualify in the manner prescribed

for officers of the city government.

First examiners.

§ 332. The first examiners shall be appointed respectively one for one year, one for two years, one for three years, one for four years, and one for five years, from and after the dates of their respective appointments, unless sooner disqualified or removed, as hereinafter provided. The city clerk shall indorse, upon the oath of office of each examiner appointed as aforesaid, the date on which his term of office expires, and shall, at least thirty days before the expiration of such term, notify the mayor in writing of the name of the examiner whose term is to expire in that year. The mayor shall, on the expiration of the term of any examiner, appoint an examiner to succeed the one whose term shall ment of successors, then expire, and who shall hold office for the term of five years, unless sooner removed or disqualified as herein provided.

Appoint-

Notice of expiration

of terms.

Suspensions and emovals for cause.

Vacancies, how filled.

Meetings.

Chairman.

Chairman pro tempore.

Secretary. Visitation

Applica-tions for positions as teacher.

of schools.

Notice to applicants.

Teachers divided into grades.

Subjects for exami-nations.

Prepara questions.

§ 333. The mayor may at any time suspend, and for cause, and after a hearing remove any examiner appointed under this act. Whenever any one of the examiners dies, resigns, is removed, or in any manner becomes disqualified to serve before the expiration of his or her term of office, the said office shall thereupon become vacant, and the mayor shall, within thirty days after receiving notice of such vacancy from the secretary of the board of examiners, appoint another qualified citizen to fill such vacancy, as provided heretofore for regular appointments, who shall hold office for the unexpired term of such examiner, unless sooner removed or disqualified.

§ 334. The examiners, appointed under this act, shall hold at least one stated meeting in each month. At the first meeting of the examiners, which must be held within fifteen days after their appointment, and annually thereafter, the examiners shall choose one of their number to act, and be known as chairman, who shall preside at all sessions In case of the absence or inability of the chairman, the remaining examiners shall elect one of their number as chairman pro Three of their number shall constitempore to preside at any session. tute a quorum for the transaction of business. They shall also at their first session, held as hereinbefore provided, appoint a secretary, who shall perform the clerical duties of the board. It shall be the duty of each member of the board to visit and inspect all schools at least once in each term.

§ 335. Any person hereafter desiring to secure a position as teacher in any of the public schools of the city shall apply to the secretary of the board who shall thereupon furnish to such applicant a blank application, approved as to form by the board; the applicant shall fill out and sign said blank, stating in which of the three grades of teachers, hereinafter provided, he or she desires to be appointed. Such applicants* shall then be presented to the board, which shall after receiving the same, properly filled out and signed as aforesaid, notify each applicant of the next time and place of holding the examination of ap-

plicants for positions as teachers hereinafter provided.

§ 336. For the purposes of this act the teachers in all the public schools in the city are hereby divided into three grades, designated, respectively high-school grade, grammar-school grade, and primary grade. The superintendent shall, as soon as practicable after this act grade. shall take effect and not later than thirty days thereafter, designate the subjects upon which applicants for teachers in their respective grades shall be examined, and prescribe the scope and limits of such The board of examiners shall, from time to time, preexaminations. pare written or printed questions upon such subjects, within the scope or limits prescribed as aforesaid, which shall be used in the written examinations of such applicants as hereinafter provided. The superintendent may, from time to time, as he deems necessary, change

the subjects and the scope of such examinations.

§ 337. The examiners shall hold stated public examinations at such stated of their regular meetings as they may designate, and at least as often examinaas once every three months, of all the applicants who have filed their applications with the secretary, as hereinbefore provided. They shall cause due notice of the time and place of holding such examinations, notice and the grades of teachers to be examined, to be published six times in thereof. at least three of the daily newspapers of the city, commencing one week prior to each examination, and no examination shall be held by them unless so noticed. At the time of holding such examinations, they may Physical first examine the applicants orally, for the purpose of ascertaining their and moral fitness. general physical and moral fitness for teachers. No applicant shall Proviso as be rejected for lack of educational qualifications without first being to rejections. admitted to the written examination hereinafter provided for.

§ 338. Each applicant who shall appear upon such oral examination written to possess the moral, physical and general qualifications essential and examinarequisite to make a good practical teacher, shall then be subjected by the examiners to a written examination upon the subjects prescribed as aforesaid for the grade of teachers in which he or she seeks to qualify, by writing out, under the direction and supervision of the examiners, the answers to the questions on such subjects prepared as hereinbefore provided. Before beginning such written examinations, How coneach applicant shall be required to select an envelope containing dupli- ducted. cate numbered cards, in such a manner that no one of the examiners shall know what number any applicant has. ' No two applicants shall Each applicant shall write his be furnished with the same number. or her name upon such cards, and sign his or her examination paper with the number on such card, omitting the name, and place one card in a blank envelope and seal the same and deposit it in a box to be provided by the examiners before examination, retaining the duplicate At the close of the examination each applicant shall hand his or her examination paper, folded in such a manner as to conceal the number so signed, to the chairman of said examiners. The papers Examinashall be examined by the examiners and they shall, according to a uniform plan or standard, to be agreed to by them, mark on each paper the percentage which the applicant writing the same has passed, between one and one hundred, inclusive, and after the papers are so marked the envelopes containing the name of the applicant, and the numbers corresponding with their respective papers, shall be opened by the secretary in the presence of the board, and the names of the applicants indorsed upon their respective papers. All such examina-Filing and tion papers together with the applications of all who try the examinations shall be filed and preserved in the office of the superintendent same. for at least three years after they are so filed, during which time they shall be open to public inspection.

§ 339. The secretary shall prepare a list of all those who have passed List of apseventy per centum, or over, on the written examination, and he and who have the chairman shall certify such list to the superintendent, stating for passed. which grade of teachers they were examined, and shall furnish to each applicant, who has so passed, a certificate signed by him and the chair- Certificate man, stating the grade of teachers for which the applicant was ex- cants. amined, and that, in the judgment of the examiners, the person so examined is a person of good moral character, and qualified to teach in such grade. This list shall be kept by the superintendent as a list of eligible candidates for three years from which to select teachers

Employ-ment of teachers.

and no teachers not employed in the public schools at the time when this act shall take effect shall thereafter be appointed or employed as a teacher in such schools, unless he or she has undergone the examination herein provided for, and holds such a certificate. In the employment of teachers, under this act, preference shall be given to residents of Buffalo.

Re employment of present teachers.

§ 340. Nothing contained in this act shall in any manner affect or prohibit the re-employment of any teacher or teachers employed in said schools at the time when this act shall take effect, and they may be so appointed or re-employed without undergoing the qualifying examination provided for herein, in the discretion of the superintendent, as he has heretofore employed them.

Appointprobation.

§ 341. All new teachers appointed under the provisions of this act shall be first appointed on probation for six months before they shall be regularly employed as hereinbefore provided. Any teacher so employed shall receive the same salary for such period of probation as if regularly employed.

Payment

§ 342. The financial officers of the city are hereby prohibited from of salary paying any salary to any person appointed a teacher in the public schools in violation of the provisions of this act.

Admission of applicants fail-ing to pass to future examinations.

§ 343. Any person who fails to pass any examination as high as the standard of seventy per centum may at any time after the expiration of three months and within one year from the time he or she last tried such examination, apply to the secretary for admission to the next succeeding examination of applicants for teachers in the same grade for which he or she was last examined and he or she shall be admitted to such examination on the same basis as other applicants, without any further or different application, and without any further certificate or proof as to good moral character unless required to furnish the same by the examiners.

Rules and regulations.

§ 344. The examiners may prepare, adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations as they may deem fit and proper, not inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act, for the conduct and management of their examinations and the government of their meetings, and any rules or regulations which will aid them in carrying out the provisions of this act. But all rules and regulations pertaining to the examinations oral or written shall be uniform.

Record of proceed-ings.

§ 345. The secretary shall keep a record of all their proceedings, which shall contain a list of all the applicants certified to the superintendent as eligible for positions as teachers, and the grades in which they have passed as well as all matters necessary for the information and the use of the board and the superintendent.

Annua report.

§ 346. The board shall make an annual report of their proceedings to the common council, on the second Monday in December in each year, which shall contain a statement in regard to the general condition of the schools as ascertained by their inspection, and a statement of the practical workings and effect upon the public schools of the system of examinations provided for by this act, and any suggestions which they may deem proper as to the improvement of such rules, and for the more efficient accomplishment of the purposes of this act.

Cartain acts rela-tive to examinations, a misde meanor.

§ 347. Any person who shall willfully and corruptly by himself, or in co-operation with one or more persons, defeat, deceive or obstruct any person in respect to his or her right of examination, according to the provisions of this act or the rules and regulations prescribed pursuant thereto, or who shall willfully, corruptly or falsely mark, grade, estimate or report upon the examination or proper standing of any person examined pursuant to the provisions of this act, or aid in so doing, or who shall willfully or corruptly make any false representations concerning the same or concerning the persons examined, or who shall willfully or corruptly furnish to any person any special or secret information for the purpose of either improving or injuring the prospects or chances of any person so examined or to be examined, shall, for each and any of said offenses, be deemed guilty of a misde-

§ 348. The city shall provide a suitable place for the meetings of the Place for examiners, and also a place for holding the examinations, and shall and examiners. furnish all the necessary stationery and other supplies for the board. aminations. The expenses incurred by the board in carrying out the provisions Expenses of this act, including salaries, shall be audited and paid like other ac- of board. counts against the city, and shall be included in the expenses of the school department.

TITLE XIII.

DEPARTMENT OF POOR.

§ 349. There shall be a department of poor, of which the overseer of Overseer the poor shall be the head. He shall be elected as provided by this of poor. act, and shall hold office for the term of three years.

§ 350. The overseer shall have charge and control of all expenditures.

tures of money by the city for the relief of the poor.

§ 351. The overseer shall appoint and may at pleasure remove such subordi subordinates as the common council may by ordinance provide for, and the salaries of such subordinates shall be fixed by ordinance of the common council.

§ 352. The overseer shall keep full records of all applications for Records of city aid or relief, in suitable books to be provided for that purpose, tions. and to be properly tabulated and indexed. He shall grant no aid or Granting relief until after a strict investigation, made as hereinafter provided, of relief. except in case the overseer is satisfied that life or health will be endangered by any delay, and in that event aid must be furnished immediately, and the investigation made within twenty-four hours. The po- Police inlice department, on the requisition of the overseer, shall detail not less vestigathan two nor more than four special policemen in each year, for conducting such investigation, and other services in the department of poor, and the expenses of such police investigators, including necessary car fares and stationery, shall be expenses of the department of police, and estimated and defrayed as such. The police investigators shall be chosen with regard to their special fitness for such work. In all cases of application for aid or relief, the police investigators shall, under the direction of the overseer, immediately investigate and report with recommendation to the overseer and to the superintendent of police. It shall be the duty of the overseer to ascertain in each Duty of overseer. case whether such applicant will become a permanent charge upon the city, and, if so, to certify the same in the proper book of records, whereupon the necessary steps shall be taken by him to cause such

sonal examination in any case as he deems expedient, and may, in his may grant or refuse discretion, refuse assistance in any case. The overseer may grant as-assistance. how long rendered.

sistance, except hospital treatment, to persons contrary to the report of the investigating officer but in all such cases he shall enter fully in Assistance, his records his reasons for so doing. No person shall receive assistance continuously for more than six months succeeding the report of an investigating officer, without a reinvestigation and new report made in like manner as is hereinbefore provided.

Relief in

§ 353. Except in case of extreme exigency, the causes for which case support not be fully entered in the overseer's records, and then for not more chargeable then* the period of one month, it shall not be lawful for the overseer chargeable then* the period of one month, it shall not be lawful for the overseer with whose support the city is not to grant aid or relief to any person with whose support the city is not chargeable under the general poor laws of the state; but he shall refer all such persons to the proper state or county officer.

§ 354. The overseer shall prepare monthly a full statement showing

Monthly statement and report.

records

the amount and kind of assistance granted during the previous month. He shall make a report to the common council, prior to the thirtieth day of January in each year, which shall contain a summary of such The monthly statements, the reports of the in-Books and monthly statements. vestigating officers, and all other books and records pertaining to the how kept. department, shall be systematically kept, and shall be open for examination at all times by any taxpayer of the city, and by the officers of the police department; and the names and residences of all persons relieved, with other pertinent facts, shall be kept in such books and The overseer shall also furnish to the mayor a daily report of the aid and relief granted by him, with the names and addresses of

Daily re port to mayor.

all recipients.

Orders to certain minors.

§ 355. No order for aid or relief of any kind shall be given to any person under the age of sixteen years at the office of the overseer, whether it be for that person or for any other person.

Classifica

§ 356. The aid and relief granted under this title shall be classified tion of aid. as follows: (a) Orders for provisions, boots and shoes, fuel, and other necessary articles to be furnished to applicants requiring temporary aid, designated "out-door aid." (b) Burial orders. (c.) Orders for hospital aid or treatment, designated "in-door relief." In-door relief in abodes provided by law for cases requiring permanent assistance, shall permanent be granted only by the superintendent of the poor of Erie county, or other proper state or county officer under the general laws of the state, and all cases requiring such relief shall be referred by the overseer to the proper state or county officer.

In-door relief requiring assistance.

§ 357. Orders for hospital aid or treatment shall only be made Orders for hospital treatment. upon the recommendation of a city physician, specifying the nature of the disease or injury, or, if the exigency of the case is such that a

formal recommendation can not be obtained before the order is given, the case shall be personally examined and the order approved or disapproved by a city physician within forty-eight hours thereafter.

Contracts for burials and supplies.

§ 358. The overseer shall contract for burials, and also for furnishing boots, shoes and fuel upon the orders furnished by him, with suitable persons, under ordinances to be enacted by the common council.

Orders, how drawn

§ 359. Orders of the overseer for provisions, boots and shoes, or fuel or other out-door aid, shall specify what nature of articles shall be furnished on the same, and the value thereof. Except where contracts have been made as provided in the foregoing section, the order shall be drawn in blank as regards the person or firm drawn upon, and they shall be valid evidence of indebtedness against the city, in the hands of the person or firm who shall accept and fill the same.

Evidence of indebted-D668.

§ 360. It shall be a misdemeanor for any person or firm to furnish Certain beer, liquors or intoxicating drinks of any kind on an order of the over-lating to seer of the poor, or to buy such order from the person to whom it was orders, issued, or from any other person, before it has been accepted and filled, meanors. or to furnish any article not specified or embraced therein. Such orders Entries shall be drawn with proper blank spaces for the following entries, which orders by shall be made thereon by the persons accepting and filling them: (1) acceptors. The name of the person presenting the order; (2) the name of the person accepting it; (3) the amount and kind of articles furnished, with the prices thereof; and they shall in all cases be returned by the ac- Return to ceptor, or his agents or assigns, to the overseer, to be examined by him overseer. and entered in his books of records, and to be countersigned by him before they shall be paid by the city treasurer.

§ 361. The city physicians appointed under section two hundred Duty of and thirty-four of this act shall render all necessary medical services sicians. to indigent sick persons within their respective districts, under rules and regulations prescribed by the overseer of the poor and approved by the board of health, and subject to his directions. The officers in orders for charge of the several police precincts of the city may issue to the several city physicians orders to visit any indigent sick person residing within their respective districts, and it shall be the duty of said city physician to so visit any such person upon receiving such order, and any indigent sick person may apply to any officer in charge of a police precinct for such an order.

§ 362. The overseer shall furnish the city physicians with official Official prescription blanks, which shall be used by the city physicians in pre-tion scribing medicines for the indigent sick attended by them on the order blanks. of the overseer or the officers in charge of the several police precincts, under rules and regulations prescribed by the overseer. Said prescription blanks shall be signed by the physician issuing them and shall have the same force and effect, and be accepted and filed* in How acthe same manner, and shall be returned and paid in the same manner cepted and as orders of the overseer for provisions issued under section three hundred and fifty-nine of this act. Such prescriptions shall be re-Return to turned to the overseer of the poor within thirty days for payment.

§ 363. The city physicians shall furnish to the overseer reports Reports of weekly and whenever required by the overseer, of the names and ad-cians. dresses of all persons attended by them, with the nature of their ailments, the number of visits made to each, and the number and kind of prescriptions given to them.

364. Any fraud practiced, or false representation made by an ap- Fraud. inplicant for city aid or relief, or by any other person, to procure aid or with adrelief to be given, or to procure any order for out-door aid to be ac- uninstracepted or filled, or to be paid by the city, or any willful act of any city partment, officer or other person, designed to impede or in any way to interfere etc., a misdemeauor. with the just and proper administration of this department, shall be a misdemeanor.

TITLE XIV.

WARD OFFICERS AND THEIR POWERS.

§ 365. The electors of each ward shall elect one supervisor, and Supervione constable, and in addition the electors of the twelfth ward, as the constables. Justice of peace in 25th ward.

said ward was bounded before the passage of this act, which will be the twenty-fifth ward as designated in this act, shall elect a justice of the peace for a term of four years, who shall have and execute in said ward the powers conferred by law upon justices of the peace in towns, but in civil actions and proceedings he shall have jurisdiction only when the defendant is a non-resident of the city at the time the action or proceeding is commenced, or when the plaintiff and defendant both reside in the twenty-fifth ward. The term of office of the supervisor shall be two years and of the constable one year. The supervisors in

Terms of office.

Powers of

Certain superviors to

Election of super-VISORS.

office at the time this act takes effect shall serve out their respective terms as hereinafter provided. Constables shall have the same powers constables as constables of towns, except in criminal cases. Each supervisor elected at the annual election of eighteen hundred and ninety and who shall be in office on the first Monday of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, shall be the supervisor of the ward created by sors to hold over, this act in which he resides on the first day of October, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, for the remainder of the term for which he was elected, if such ward shall be the whole or a part of the ward in which he was elected. At the annual election of eighteen hundred and ninety-one a supervisor shall be elected in each of the wards created by this act in which a supervisor does not hold over as above At each annual election thereafter a supervisor shall be elected by the electors of each ward where the term of its supervisor will expire on the first Monday of January following.

Inspectors election and appoint. ment of.

§ 366. The electors in each election district shall elect each year at of election, the annual election three inspectors of election, and the board of aldermen; immediately after canvassing the votes cast at the annual election, shall appoint two additional inspectors of election for each election district to be associated with the three inspectors so elected and who shall thereupon be two of the inspectors of election of such Such inspectors shall be appointed from the three persons in such election district who shall have received the highest number of votes for the office next to the three inspectors so elected. No ballot shall be counted as a ballot for inspectors upon which more than three names voted for as inspectors shall appear. term of office of the inspectors of election shall be one year, and they shall act as such inspectors at all elections held in the city during their terms of office.

Term of office.

Fence viewers.

§ 367. The alderman and supervisor of each ward shall, in their ward, possess the powers of town fence viewers.

Powers of supervi-SOFS.

§ 368. The supervisors shall have the same powers as supervisors of the towns of Erie county.

TITLE XV.

ELECTIONS.

Terms of elective officers.

§ 369. The term of all officers elected under this act shall commence on the first Monday of January after their election, except that the terms of officers elected to fill vacancies shall commence as soon as they have qualified, unless herein otherwise provided.

Annual elections. § 370. The annual city and ward election shall be held on the same

day with the state general election.

Notice of elections to be pub-lished.

§ 371. The city clerk shall publish in the official paper, and in three other daily newspapers of the city, one of which shall be printed in the German language, a notice of every election to be held under this act.

The notice shall be published twice a week for three weeks, prior to the election, and shall specify the day on which the election is to be held, the time of opening and closing the polls, the officers to be elected, the boundaries of the several election districts and the places of hold-

ing the polls therein.

§ 372. In each district for the election of officers under this act Ballotthere shall be a ballot-box and other boxes required by the general boxes. election laws of the state. Upon the closing of the polls the in- Canvass of spectors shall forthwith, without adjournment, canvass the votes, and votes. shall make and certify statements of the result in the manner required by the general election laws of the state. Separate returns as Separate to city officers voted for, including judges of the superior court of returns. Buffalo, shall be filed by said inspectors in the office of the city clerk on the day next succeeding the election.

§ 373. On the second Monday after every annual election, the board Canvass of aldermen shall convene at its usual place of meeting at two o'clock aldermen. in the afternoon, when the city clerk shall lay before it the certificates of the inspectors of election filed with him, and a tabular statement of their results, and the board of aldermen shall forthwith canvass the returns and determine therefrom and certify who received the largest number of votes and are elected to the several offices. The said certific Certificate cates shall be made in duplicate, one of which shall be filed in the of result. office of the clerk of Erie county, and the other shall be filed and recorded in the office of the city clerk.

§ 374. If a vacancy occurs in any elective office in the city or in any Vacancies ward, except that of alderman or councilman, it shall be filled by the elective ofcommon council at a joint session of the boards composing the same, fices. Such joint session shall be called by the mayor. by a viva voce vote. The term of the person so elected to fill such vacancy shall continue until the first Monday in January succeeding the next annual election and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified. In case vacancies in alderof a vacancy in the office of alderman, it shall be filled by the election men and of a resident of the ward in which the vacancy occurs, by the electors councilmen. thereof, at a special election to be ordered by the board of aldermen. In case of a vacancy in the office of councilman, it shall be filled by election by the board of councilmen until the first Monday of January succeeding such vacancy by a viva voce vote. The remainder of an Vacancies filled at anunexpired term of any elective officer which shall have been tempor- nual elecarily filled, as above provided, shall be filled at the next annual elec-If a vacancy shall happen fifteen days before the annual election in any elective office except that of alderman, the unexpired term which shall be one or more years, it shall be filled for the residue of the term at such election, and the city clerk shall publish daily and as quickly as possible, notice thereof, in the newspapers mentioned in section three hundred and seventy-one of this act. If such vacancy, except that of alderman, shall occur within fifteen days of any annual election, it shall be filled by the common council as above provided, until the first Monday of January next succeeding the annual election of the year following, at which election it shall be filled for the residue of the term. The ballot shall, in all cases, specify for what vacant term the person is voted for.

§ 375. Elections held under this act shall be governed by the gen-General laws applieral election laws of the state, where they are not inconsistent with cable.

the provisions of this act.

প্ৰকাশন প্ৰ**মন্ত্ৰ** -

TITLE XVI.

HARBOR-MASTER.

Harbor-master.

§ 376. There shall be a harbor-master, who shall be appointed by the mayor, and hold his office for the term of three years, and shall have an office near the foot of Main street and shall be in daily attendance therein.

Jurisdiotion and authority of.

Removal

structing crafts.

of ob-

§ 377. The harbor-master shall have jurisdiction over all navigable waters under the control of the city. He shall have authority to direct the location and change of station of every steamboat, sailing vessel, float or other craft therein, and shall enforce the ordinances of the city regulating the use of such waters. In case any steamboat, sailing vessel, float, or other craft, shall be so placed as to obstruct navigation, and the person in charge thereof shall refuse to remove it as directed, the harbor-master shall cause such removal to be made, and the expense shall be a lien on the steamboat, vessel, or float so removed, and may be recovered by the city of the owner by action.

To enforce ordinances.

§ 378. He shall enforce the ordinances relating to the navigable waters of the city. He shall report to the corporation counsel all violations of such ordinances, and all cases of disobedience to his lawful order, and the corporation counsel shall thereupon bring an action to enforce the fine or penalty prescribed for such violation or disobedience

Sale of rights to

cut ice.

Report of viola ons.

§ 379. The harbor-master shall have the exclusive disposition and sale of the right and privilege to cut and remove all ice formed upon the waters under the jurisdiction of the city; and all moneys received by him therefor shall be paid to the city treasurer and a report thereof be made by him to the common council.

Sunken vessels and wrecks, removal of.

§ 380. Whenever any sunken vessel or wreck shall obstruct the navigation of any navigable water under the control of the city, the harbor-master shall order the owner or person in charge of such sunken vessel or wreck, to remove the same at once; and, in case his order is not obeyed, he shall cause the removal to be made, and the expense thereof shall be a lien upon the vessel or wreck so removed, and may be recovered by the city of the owner by action.

Assistance of police.

§ 381. The harbor-master may call upon the board of police for such aid to execute his orders as he may require, and the board shall furnish such assistance.

TITLE XVII.

POLICE JUSTICE AND JUSTICES.

Police justice, powers, etc., of. § 382. There shall be elected a police justice, who shall hold his office for the term of four years, and who shall have and execute in the city all powers conferred by law upon justices of the peace of towns, in proceedings in criminal cases, and in the execution of the laws relating to the internal police of this state, and shall also have jurisdiction of the offenses designated by chapter four hundred and nine of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-six. He shall take the usual oath of office and file the same with the clerk of the county of Erie. He shall hold in the city a court, which shall be called the police court, and shall have in respect to offenses committed in the city, all the powers and jurisdiction conferred by law upon courts of special sessions held out of the city and county of New York. It shall

also have jurisdiction of the misdemeanors mentioned in this act.

Police court.

Fines.

Digitized by Google

fines imposed by the police justice or by the police court shall be paid by the officer who shall receive them into the city treasury. The Monthly police justice shall make a monthly report to the common council of report. his doings, and of the fines received by him. Warrants issued in warrants criminal cases, and in the execution of the laws relating to the internal how re police of this state, shall be returnable before the police justice, who turnable: shall proceed with the hearing. No person issuing such warrant shall receive any fee therefor. During the sickness, temporary absence, or Mayor, other inability of the police justice to discharge his duties, the mayor may permay perform his duties, or may appoint an elector of the city to perform duties. Form them. Said police justice may be removed from office by the Removals supreme court, at a general term, as prescribed by the Code of Criminal from office. Procedure.

§ 383. The police justice shall be paid in monthly payments, an Annual annual salary, to be fixed by ordinance, by the common council; and salary. shall not receive any other fees or compensation for services as police

§ 384. The police justice shall appoint a clerk and a deposition Clerk and clerk which appointments shall be in writing and filed with the clerk deposition of the county of Erie. The clerk appointed under this act shall take the usual oath of office and file the same with the county clerk, and Duties of The clerk shall hold office during the pleasure of the police justice. shall keep a complete and accurate record of all the proceedings in said court and of all moneys received or fines imposed. He shall daily file with the clerk of the county of Erle records of all convictions in said court, which records shall specifically state the crime and plea of each person convicted in said court. He shall prepare the monthly report to the common council prescribed in section three hundred and. eighty-two of this act, and shall perform such other clerical duties in connection with the proceedings of said court as shall be prescribed by the police justice.

§ 385. There shall be two justices of the peace elected by the elect- Justices of ors of the city of Buffalo on the general city ticket. The police board Designation shall designate the justices of the peace to attend the police station-nation houses in the city, who shall appear at such houses every morning at station-the hour prescribed by the police department, and examine into the houses. case of every person confined therein, and make delivery. The justice Present justice. of the peace in office when this act takes effect shall continue in office Annual until the expiration of the term for which he was elected. A justice of election of justice. the peace shall be elected on the general city ticket at the annual election of eighteen hundred and ninety-one, and thereafter a justice of the peace shall be elected at the annual election preceding the first Monday in January in each year, when the term of any justice of the peace shall expire. Said justice shall have power to try cases of drunk-Powers enness, vagrancy and all other offenses against any of the laws of the diction. state, or the ordinances of the city of Buffalo, which may be tried summarily and without a jury, by a justice of the peace or court of special sessions, committed by any person he shall find confined in the station-house, and to sentence every person found guilty of any such offense pursuant to the statute or ordinance creating such offense. In all other cases such justices shall have and possess such powers and jurisdiction as are prescribed in this act. Each of said justices shall exe-official cute a bond to the city of Buffalo, with sufficient sureties to be approved by the board of police for the faithful performance of his duty, and for the accounting for and paying over all fines and penalties received by him as such justice in such sums as the police board shall

25.25 F

Salaries.

Stationhouse for justices to attend.

Removals duty.

Provision in case of of justice.

payment of, to treasurer.

Present justice of police. Certain prisoners sent to police justice.

Duty in case of violation of ordinances.

Issue of

warrants.

Summary hearings.

Commitments for non pay fine, etc.

All suits or actions brought on said bonds shall be in the The salaries of the said justices and of name of the city of Buffalo. the justice elected in and for the twelfth ward, designated under this act as the twenty-fifth ward, shall be fixed at a meeting of the board of police, at which the mayor shall be present and preside, with the concurrence of the common council. During the term of office of such justices, the said board shall from time to time, designate at which station-house or houses, substation-house or houses the said justices as justices of the police or either of them, shall attend; and at any time during said term of office the said justices, or either of them. cr suspensions from may be transferred from one station-house to another, at the pleasure of the board; said board of police shall have power to suspend or remove such justices of the police from duty as such justices of the police, or either of them for misconduct in office or neglect of duty, to be specified in the order of suspension or removal; but no such removal shall be made without reasonable notice to the justice complained of, and an opportunity afforded him to be heard in his defense. In case of the sickness, absence or inability of any justice, the board of police may appoint another justice of the peace to perform his duties during such sickness, absence or inability, and the justice of the peace so temporarily appointed shall have all the powers and perform all the Fines, etc., duties of justices under this act. All fines and penalties imposed by any or either of said justices, collected by them or the keeper of the Erie county penitentiary, or otherwise, shall be paid over every week, by the person receiving the same, to the treasurer of the city of Buffalo, and be by said treasurer credited to the police fund of said city for the use and benefit thereof. All the provisions of this section shall be applicable to the justices of the police in office at the time of the passage of this act.

§ 386. If any person confined in a station-house is charged with a criminal offense, the justice shall enter the charges in a book to be kept for that purpose, and send such prisoner to the police justice for examination.

§ 387. If any person therein is charged with a violation of any ordinance of the city, the justice shall enter the charge in his book, and read it to the person charged, and enter in his book the plea of such person thereto. If such person denies the charge, the justice, if he deems it expedient, or if the person charged requires it, shall

1. If the violation charged is punishable by fine only, issue a warrant at the suit of the city against such person, returnable before the municipal court of Buffalo.

2. If the violation charged is punishable by imprisonment, issue his warrant and cause such person to be taken before the police jus-The justice shall cause notice to be given to the corporation counsel.

§ 388. If the justice shall not issue a warrant as above provided, he shall proceed summarily to hear, try and determine the charge, and if he shall find such person to be guilty, he shall sentence him pursuant to ordinance.

§ 389. If the justice shall sentence such a person to pay a fine, and if it is not paid immediately, he shall, by warrant, commit such person to the penitentiary, there to be confined for the term of one day for each and every dollar of such fine, not exceeding six months, unless it shall be sooner paid. If the justice shall sentence such person to imprisonment, he shall, by a warrant, commit such person accordingly.

§ 390. When the justice shall commit any person he shall, on the Record of same day, make and file with the clerk of Erie county a record of convictions, how the conviction in which it shall be sufficient to state the charge so filed. specifically as to show a violation of the ordinance, the plea of the person charged, the fact of conviction, and the judgment.

TITLE XVIII.

PUBLIC GROUNDS STREETS AND WATERS.

§ 391. The city may lay out, enlarge and alter parks, public Parks. grounds, squares, streets, alleys, canals, basins slips or other public etc., to be waters, and cause them to be surveyed, described and recorded in a surveyed and recorded in a surve book to be kept by the city clerk.

§ 392. The grade of each street shall be established and described, and the description of such grade, and of all alterations thereof, shall grades. be recorded by the city clerk. No street shall be worked until the grade thereof is established and recorded.

§ 393. The streets shall be suitably divided into carriageways and Carriageways and lewalks. sidewalks.

§ 394. The city may discontinue or contract a street or alley, or any Streets or part of it, upon the written application of two-thirds in number of may be the owners of, the lands fronting on the street or alley, the lineal discontinued. front of whose lands shall constitute two-thirds of the lineal front of all the lands on the street or alley. A continuous street or alley, portions of which bear different names is to be considered as a single

street or alley.

§ 395. The city shall remove all encroachments upon, projections Removal over and obstructions on the public grounds, streets, alleys and croachwharves, and abate all nuisances; and cause the expense to be assessed ments and nuisances. upon the lands upon, or in front of which such encroachment, projection, obstruction or nuisance was or upon the parcels of land benefited by such removal.

§ 396. It may cause streets and alleys to be opened, leveled, repaired, Street imcleaned and watered; crosswalks, culverts, sewers, drains, receivers, proveaqueducts, wharves, piers, canals, slips and basins to be constructed, Sewers, wharves,

enlarged, repaired and cleaned.

§ 397. It may cause any street or alley to be graded or regraded, Paving, graveled or regraveled, macadamized or remacadamized, or paved or etc., of streets or repaved. When it is proposed to pave or repave any street or alley, alleys. plans and quantities shall be prepared for doing the same with each Plans and kind of pavement for the laying of which specifications have been filed quantities. by the board of public works. The latter body shall advertise for bids for doing the same, in accordance with such plans, specifications and quantities, and report the same to the common council. After thirty Determidays, and within sixty days from such report, the common council nation as shall determine which kind of pavement shall be used, and in case a pavement, majority petition shall not have been presented, shall declare its intention to order the street paved with any kind of pavement it may select. The specifications may provide that the persons submitting bids or proposals shall agree to enter into contract to do the work, and specifications and to keep and maintain the same in good repair for a certain definite contracts. period, and a contract may be entered into in accordance therewith, and a local assessment made to defray the expense thereof, anything Local in this act to the contrary notwithstanding.

§ 398. When the expense of the work or improvement mentioned work in

excess of \$500, how ordered. By threefourths

vote of

in the last section will exceed the sum of five hundred dollars, it shall not be ordered except:

1. Upon the vote of three-fourths of all the members elected to the common council, and after notice of the intention to order it shall have been published three times a week for two weeks, in the official paper of the city; or,

Upon application of persons liable to sessed.

council.

2. Unless it shall be applied for by a majority of the resident owners of the lands fronting on the street or alley, representing at least twofifths of all the feet front of the lands on the street or alley, in and along which such improvement is to be made; or if such improvement is intended to be made in and along only part of such street or alley, then by a majority of such resident owners of the lands, representing at least two-fifths of all the lands fronting on the part of such street or alley as to which such improvement is to be made. The application shall be referred to the board of assessors, to ascertain whether such majority, and the owners of two-fifths of the lands, applied for the Unless the board of assessors shall certify that such improvement. application is made by a majority of such owners, and that they own at least two-fifths of the land as herein provided, the improvement shall not be ordered.

Reference of appli-

Certificate of as-RAGRATE

Signers of petitions,

when not counted,

§ 399. The board of assessors shall return the application to the common council, with its certificate thereon as to the facts required, which certificate shall be conclusive as to the facts. The board of assessors shall also certify whether in its judgment, any of the lands have been divided for the purpose of affecting such majority. certificate shall be made by the board of assessors until the expiration of five days from the time the application was referred to it. No person signing a petition shall be considered or counted on a petition for a different kind of pavement for the same improvement, or on a remonstrance against a petition signed by him within three months thereafter.

Expenses defrayed by local ments.

§ 400. The expense of all the work or improvements mentioned in sections three hundred and ninety-six and three hundred and ninetyseven of this act, except the cleaning of streets and alleys, the cleaning and repairing of sewers and receivers, and the repairing of the accepted streets, shall be defrayed by local assessments.

Public buildings, bridges reservoirs, etc. Parks.

§ 401. The city may construct, maintain and repair a city hall, markets and other public buildings, bridges and reservoirs, wells and fountains, and places for supplying the public with water; maintain, improve and embellish parks, squares, open spaces and other public grounds, and defray the expense, or any part thereof, out of the general fund or by local assessment; but all bridges shall be constructed, maintained and repaired out of the general fund. Hereafter no public well shall be ordered in a water district.

Boundaries of streets, etc.

§ 402. The city shall have power to ascertain, establish and settle the boundaries of all streets, alleys, parks, squares, open spaces and other public grounds, and to direct the city clerk to record the same. Dedication Whenever any person shall propose to dedicate a new street, or a part of a new street, he shall submit the plan thereof to the board of public works for its approval, before the same is presented to the common The board shall report the plan with its opinion, to the common council before the proposed street or part of a street shall be accepted.

of new streets.

Record of streets, public

§ 403. The city shall cause the streets, alleys, parks, squares, open spaces and other public grounds, canals, slips, wharves or docks in the docks, etc. city, or any part thereof, which have been laid out, but not recorded or sufficiently described or which have been used for twenty years but not recorded, to be ascertained, described and recorded in a book to be

kept by the city clerk.

404. Buffalo river, within the city, is a public highway, but any Buffalo bridge heretofore built and now existing over the same, and any swing fiver and or draw bridges because the same within the same bridges or draw bridge hereafter built over the same, within the city, by oversame. authority of the common council, is a lawful structure, but nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal or in any manner affect chapter three hundred and forty-five of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-six, or any act amendatory thereof.

§ 405. The city may widen, straighten, enlarge, clear from ob- Improve-struction, dredge, deepen and put and maintain in navigable condition river, har the Buffalo river, the Black Rock harbor, the lake, the basins, slips, bor, lake, etc. and other waters in the city, and defray the expense, or any part of it, out of the general fund or by local assessment. Nothing in this act shall be construed to allow the city of Buffalo to have, use or Proviso as exercise any control over the canals, basins, harbors, slips, or other to state canals.

works belonging to the state within the limits of the city.

§ 406. When the city shall alter the recorded grade of any street or Damages alley, the owner of any house or lot fronting thereon may, within one of street year thereafter, claim damages by reason of such alteration. Upon grades. presentation of such claim, the board of aldermen shall refer it to the The board shall hear the claimant and award board of assessors. such damages as shall be just. In case the board shall award damages to any person, it shall assess the same upon the real estate benefited The amount so assessed shall, when collected, be by the alteration. paid to such claimant.

§ 407. No work or improvement specified in this act, except those Improvementioned in section three hundred and ninety-seven, the expense of be made which shall be estimated to exceed five hundred dollars, shall be after ordered, unless by the vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to two-thirds each board composing the common council, after publication in six suc- vote. cessive numbers of the official paper and in one other daily paper of the

city of the intention to order such work or improvement.

§ 408. The city shall not enter into a contract with any person for Notice to the doing or making of any work or improvement at a price exceeding begiven of five hundred dollars, until it shall have caused a notice to be published proposals in the official paper and two other daily papers of the city twice a for work. in the official paper and two other daily papers of the city twice a week for two weeks, inviting sealed proposals to do the work or make improvement, pursuant to the plan, specifications or other proper description of the work or improvement to be specified in the notice; and shall not enter into a contract for the doing or making of any such work or improvement for a price exceeding five hundred dollars, until the assessment therefor has been confirmed, and has been delivered to the treasurer. Except that the common council may Proviso. order any street cleaned, sprinkled or watered in addition to such work already contracted for by the city, and the city may enter into a contract therefor upon a petition of the majority of the resident owners upon said street, without publishing such notice, and before the assessment therefor has been confirmed. The city shall include Connec-in the plans, specifications and quantities of the improvement of any crossing street by paving or otherwise, which shall be hereafter ordered, the streets specifications and quantities of work and material necessary to be done for. and furnished for the purpose of making connections with the pavement or grade in all streets crossing the one in which such improvement is to be made, and for connecting the termination of such im-

Expense of labor and materials.

provement with the work and grade on such street. The expense of the labor and materials of the connections shall be included in the assessment ordered to defray the expense of the improvement, and shall be assessed upon the property benefited thereby.

Deficiency in asses ments.

§ 409. In case an assessment shall prove to be insufficient to defray the expense of the work or improvement for which it was made, the common council shall determine the amount of such deficiency, and may direct the board of assessors to apportion the same ratably upon the assessments in the assessment-roll. The board shall make an assessment-roll accordingly.

Sidewalks, how built and maintained.

§ 410. The city may construct, maintain and repair sidewalks at the expense of the owners of the parcels of land in front of which the work is done. The common council shall direct the expense of the work to be assessed upon the parcels of land in front of which the work is to be done in proportion to the benefit. All work provided for in this title, after having been ordered by the common council, All work provided shall be executed under the direction of the board of public works.

TITLE XIX.

LIGHT.

Lighting streets, etc.

§ 411. The city may light the streets or contract for the lighting of them and may purchase, construct, maintain and regulate works to provide the city and its inhabitants with light.

Lamp district

§ 412. The common council shall prescribe the boundaries of the boundaries lamp district, and may, from time to time, and after the publication in five successive numbers of the official paper of the intention so to do. No such extension shall be made except alter or enlarge the same. upon a petition of a majority of persons owning property and residing within the limits of the proposed extension, or in the absence of such petition, by a three-fourths vote of each board of the common council. § 413. When the lamp district shall be extended, the expense of the

Expenses of extension, how paid.

extension, including the cost of the pipes, lamp-posts and lamps, shall be raised by assessment upon the lands within such extension, but the cost of the main pipes and the expense of laying the same, in any streets, shall not be taken as a part of the expense of the extension nor included in the assessment. These expenses may be paid in the first instance out of the general fund. In the month of March, in each year, the common council shall direct an assessment to be made upon the lands included within the several extensions made during the preceding year for the aggregate amount of the expense of such extensions, to reimburse the general fund for the moneys paid therefrom for such extensions. A separate account shall hereafter be kept of the gas consumed in all such extensions during the year for which they are made, and such gas shall be paid for out of the general fund. One-half of the amount so paid for gas shall be added to the estimate of the general fund, and the other included in the lamp tax of the

Account of gas con-sumed in extensions.

> succeeding year.
>
> § 414. The common council shall cause to be raised yearly a sufficient amount of money to defray the expense of lighting and maintaining the lamp district, and keeping the pipes, lamp-posts, lamps and other fixtures in repair, one-half of which amount shall be included in the general tax, and paid out of the general fund; the other half shall be apportioned by the comptroller upon the taxable property in the district, as set down in the assessment-rolls, and the tax shall be set

Expense of lighting and maintaining district.

down in a separate column of the general tax-roll, to be headed "lamptax," and shall be levied and collected in the same manner as the

general tax.

§ 415. The streets or parts of streets of the city which are or may Electric hereafter be lighted by electric light, shall be deemed a part of the lighting. lamp district, and the expense of such electric lighting shall be included in the amount raised to defray the expense of lighting and

maintaining the lamp district.

§ 416. The city may contract with any person or corporation to Contracts. furnish the materials and labor necessary to be used and done in making all extensions of the lamp district, and for lighting the public buildings and the streets of the city, and keeping the lamps in repair, for such time as the common council shall designate, not exceeding five years for any one contract. Sections four hundred and seven and four hundred and eight of this act shall not apply to any such contract. The city may purchase from time to time and keep on Purchase hand such number of lamp-posts and lamps as the common council may of lamps and posts. deem necessary, for replacing lamps and posts which shall become unfit for use, and supplying all extensions of the lamp district therewith, and pay for the same out of the general fund; and shall furnish such posts and lamps for such extensions at the price which the city shall have paid for the same. All the work provided for in this title, after having work, how been ordered by the common council, shall be executed under the executed. direction of the board of public works.

TITLE XX.

OF EMINENT DOMAIN.

§ 417. The city shall have power to take lands for public buildings, Taking of for parks, public grounds, squares, streets, alleys, fountains, canals, lands for basins, slips and other public waters, and for any other corporate purposes.

pose or object.

§ 418. When it shall be intended to take any lands for any of said certificate purposes or objects, the board of aldermen shall require the board of to be made assessors to ascertain and certify the district that will be benefited ors. thereby and will be assessed therefor and the common council shall not adopt any resolution declaring its intention to take such lands until the report of the assessors has been received and confirmed. The Resolution common council shall thereupon, by resolution, declare such intent, of intenand describe the lands intended to be taken, and shall at the same take time declare whether the expense of the same shall be paid by general lands. or local fund, or in part by a local fund, and, if wholly or partly by a local fund, define the district that will be assessed therefor. Upon Publicasuch resolution becoming of force, the city clerk shall cause the same tion.

to be published in the official paper daily for two weeks.

§ 419. Within three months after the expiration of the said publi- Declaracation, the common council may declare, by resolution, to be adopted taking by a vote of two-thirds of the members of each board, that the city has lands. determined to take such lands for the purpose specified in such resolution.

§ 420. Upon such resolution becoming of force, the corporation Notice of counsel shall give notice that the city has determined to take the lands tion for therein described for the purpose stated, and that on a specified day he commissioners of will apply to a court, to be held on that day, in the city, naming the estimate.

How served.

court of record to which such application is to be made, for the appointment of three commissioners to ascertain the just compensation to be made for such lands, by publishing such notice daily for two weeks in the official paper, by leaving a copy thereof at each inhabited building on such lands with a person of full age, and by serving a copy thereof personally on each person who, by the records of Erie county clerk's office, appears to be the owner or mortgagee of such lands or any part of them, or by depositing it in the post-office in the city, with the postage prepaid, addressed to him at Buffalo, at least ten days before the time when the application is to be made. If any such owner or mortgagee has an agent registered as provided in this act, the notice, when not personally served on such owner or mortgagee, shall be served on such agent personally, or by depositing it in the post-office addressed to him.

Applicacorpora tion coun-

Appointment of commissioners.

Notices to attorneys.

Notice of ings to be filed.

Change of ownership not to affect pro-ceedings.

Court may order notice of pendency canceled,

Vacancies

Court may make nec-

Practice.

Extension of time to report.

§ 421. At the opening of such court on the day designated in the notice, or as soon thereafter as he can be heard, the corporation counsel shall, upon a copy of said resolutions, certified by the city clerk, and proof of the giving of said notices as aforesaid, apply to such court to appoint such commissioners. Such court shall hear such application, and may appoint three commissioners to ascertain the just compensation to be made for such lands.

§ 422. If an attorney-at-law shall appear for any person in such proceedings, and serve notice thereof upon the corporation counsel,

he shall be entitled to notice of all subsequent proceedings. poration counsel shall cause the order appointing the commissioners, pendency together with a notice of the pendency of the proceeding directed to all persons upon whom service has been made, as provided in section four hundred and twenty of this act, to be filed in the office of the clerk of the county of Erie, who shall record the same in like manner as notice of pendency in an action to foreclose a mortgage. any proceeding of appraisal has been commenced no change of ownership by voluntary conveyance or transfer of the real estate or any interest therein shall in any manner affect such proceedings, but the same may be carried on and perfected as if no such conveyance or In case any such proceedings shall be at transfer had been made. any time discontinued, the court in which the same shall have originated may, upon the application of any person interested, with or without notice to the persons who have appeared therein, as it shall determine, make an order directing the cancellation of such notice of pendency of such proceeding, which shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county of Erie, and thereupon the clerk of said county shall cancel and discharge of record such notice of pendency.

missioners. by the court from serving, the court, upon application of the corporation counsel, may appoint another in his place. In all cases of appraisal under this act, when the mode or manner of conducting all or any part of the proceedings for the appraisal and proceedings consequent thereon are not expressly provided for by this act, the court before which such proceedings may be pending shall have the power to make all necessary orders and give all the proper directions to carry into effect the object and intent of this act. The practice in such cases shall conform, as near as may be, to the ordinary practice in The court may, from time to time, upon the applicasuch court. tion of the corporation counsel, with or without notice, as the court may direct, extend the commissioners time to make and file their re-

port until such time as the court may fix, and such order shall take

§ 423. If any commissioner shall die or be disqualified or excused

Digitized by Google

effect upon the filing thereof. The proceedings of the city in exer- Proceedings cising the right of eminent domain shall not be enjoined, restrained enjoined. or interfered with by any order or mandate of any court or judge.

§ 424. The commissioners, before they enter upon their duties, cath of shall take and subscribe an oath that they will faithfully perform office. their duties, and will ascertain and report the just compensation to be made for the lands. Any of them may issue subpænas and admin- Powers ister oaths to witnesses. A majority of them may adjourn the pro- and duties ceedings before them from time to time in their discretion. They missioners. They shall view the shall appoint a time and place for the hearing. lands, and hear all legal evidence offered by the city or any person interested in the lands. They shall ascertain the just compensation to be made to the owners of and to the persons interested in the lands; and they shall, within sixty days after their appointment, make a report to to the court which appointed them, by filing the same, together with court. their oath, with the clerk of such court. The report shall be signed by all of the commissioners.

§ 425. If the commissioners shall not be able to agree, they shall missioners certify the fact to the court, which may, upon the application of the in case of disagreecorporation counsel, appoint new commissioners.

§ 426. Upon the filing of the report of the commissioners the cor- Report to poration counsel shall communicate the fact of such filing, stating the council whole amount of the awards to the common council. The common council may, at or after the second regular meeting thereafter, by Action of resolution, direct that the corporation counsel shall apply to the court thereupon. for the confirmation of said report or for the discontinuance or abandonment of said proceeding, and the corporation counsel shall comply Such action of the common council shall be with such resolution. taken within three months from the time when the filing of such report shall have been communicated to it by the corporation counsel. In case the corporation counsel shall apply for the discontinuance or Expenses, abandonment of such proceeding, the court shall ascertain and deter- of disconmine the reasonable and necessary expenses and disbursements in-how paid. curred by each person who has appeared in said proceeding, either in person or by attorney, and the same shall be paid to such persons by The city shall pay all taxes and assessments which shall be Taxes, etc. levied or assessed after the confirmation of the report upon any of the property taken as herein prescribed. Upon the coming in of the report of the commissioners the court may confirm the report or annul court may it, or refer it back to the commissioners, or to new commissioners to refer back be appointed by it. If the court shall confirm the report of the com-report. missioners, the order of confirmation shall recite the proceedings, and describe the lands taken, and shall be conclusive upon the city and upon the owners of and all persons interested in the lands.

§ 427. The clerk of the court shall make up a roll of such proceed- Roll of ings, by attaching together all the reports therein filed in his office, proceedings.

and a copy of all orders made therein by the court.

§ 428. The order of confirmation shall be recorded in the office of Record of the clerk of Erie county, and in the office of the city clerk, and such confirmarecord, or a copy thereof, certified by the clerk, shall be evidence of tion. the facts therein contained.

§ 429. The commissioners shall be paid by the city six dollars per compensaday as compensation for their services upon filing their report, or their commiscertificate of disagreement, and the court may, in addition, allow to sioners. the commissioner who drew up the report a reasonable compensation, not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars.

Amount of awards, etc., how ascertained and raised.

§ 430. Upon the confirmation of the report of the commissioners, the common council shall ascertain the amount of money required to pay the compensation awarded and the cost of the proceedings. The amount which is to be raised by general tax shall be included in and raised in the general tax next thereafter to be levied. The amount which is to be raised by local assessment it shall cause to be assessed upon the real estate benefited, in accordance with the declaration of intention.

Payment of awards.

§ 431. Within one year after the confirmation of the report of the commissioners, the city shall make to the persons to whom compensation shall have been awarded by the commissioners, the compensation awarded to them respectively.

Payment into court in certain cases.

§ 432. In case any such person shall refuse the same, or be unknown, or incapacitated, or the right to the compensation be disputed, or be doubtful, the city may pay the amount of such compensation into the court in which the proceedings to take the lands were had, with a statement of the facts and circumstances of the case.

Power o court thereupon.

§ 433. The court shall have power to order the investment of such money, to ascertain who is entitled to it, or any and what part of it, and to order its payment accordingly.

Fee of land, when vested in city.

§ 434. Upon making to the respective persons the compensation awarded to them, or paying the same into court as aforesaid, the fee of the lands taken shall vest in the city.

Temporary loans.

§ 435. If the amount necessary to make such compensation has not been realized by the city, it may borrow the same temporarily.

Set-off of assessments and awards. § 436. When any lands of any person to whom compensation is awarded for an interest in lands taken by the city, or of any person acquiring title under such person subsequent to the filing of the notice of pendency herein provided for, shall be assessed to pay such compensation, the court in which the proceedings were had may, upon the confirmation of the assessment, and upon the application of such person, or the city, set off the amount of such assessment and the amount of such award, and certify the balance.

Leases
upon lands
taken,
when to
expire.

Appoint-

ment of

report

commissioners to

rents, etc.

§ 437. When any real estate, subject to any lease or other agreement, shall be taken by the city under this title, all the covenants and stipulations contained in such lease or agreement shall, upon the expiration of one year from the confirmation of the commissioners' report, determine and be discharged; and when a part only of any real estate shall be so taken, the said covenants and stipulations shall be so discharged only as to the part taken; and the court in which the proceeding was had may, on application of any party in interest to such lease or agreement, and after a notice in writing of eight days to the other parties interested, appoint three commissioners to determine the rents, payments and conditions which shall be thereafter paid and performed under such lease or agreement, in respect to the residue of such real estate; and the report of the said commissioners on being confirmed by the court, shall be binding and conclusive on all persons interested in such real estate.

City may take lands within bounds of

streets.

§ 438. The city may take in fee for public streets, alleys and squares, the lands situate within the boundaries of any of the public streets, alleys and squares in said city, which have been or shall have been used as public streets, alleys or squares for more than ten years, and for that purpose may include in one proceeding any number of streets and alleys, or parks, squares or public grounds.

Proceedings therefor. § 439. The proceedings to take lands under the preceding section shall be pursuant to this title, except that no other service of notice

required by section four hundred and twenty, shall be necessary than the publication thereof; the lands situated within the bounds of any street or alley, or any part thereof; or of any number of streets, may be included in one proceeding but nothing in this or the preceding section contained shall authorize said city to divest any existing right to lay down or maintain any pipes or railroads and appurtenances in,

upon or across said streets or alleys.

§ 440. If for any reason the city shall have failed to appropriate sale of any land acquired by it for public use, or to appropriate any part lands acquired thereof to such use, or shall have abandoned such use, the common for public use. council may authorize the sale, release and conveyance, under the hand of the mayor and the corporate seal of said city, of any of such lands, or of any part thereof, after the parcel sought to be sold shall have been appraised, as hereinafter provided, upon payment of the amount at which the interests of the city in said lands shall have been

appraised.

441. Whenever it shall be represented to the common council Appraisal that lands designated in the foregoing section have not been appro- of city. priated for the purposes for which they were acquired, and that the same can be sold, the common council may, by resolution, direct the interests of the city in such land to be appraised in the same manner as prescribed in the general laws of the state for the condemnation of property, which proceeding may be conducted by any party desiring to acquire title to any such lands at his own expense, and the report of Report of the appraisers appointed by the supreme court for the purpose of fixing appraisers. the value of the interest of the city in said premises shall be filed in the office of the clerk of Erie county, and the sum found by said appraisers Appraisers as the value of the interest of the city in the premises appraised shall paid for be the amount of the compensation to be paid for the release and con-release. veyance of said land by the party making application for such appraisal.

§ 442. Upon the application for the appointment of commissioners Descripto appraise the interest of the city as provided in the foregoing section, lands, the petition shall contain a particular description of the land sought to contain. be appraised.

§ 443. The common council may, by resolution, direct the sale of Sale of lands at any land acquired by the city for public use, and which it has failed public to appropriate or ceased to use for the purpose of such use, at public auction. auction to the highest bidder. Notice of the time and place of such sale, together with a short description of the property, shall be published Notice. twice a week for three weeks in the official paper of the city, and no appraisal thereof shall be made or deemed necessary in cases of sale Appraisal under this section, unless an application has been made as provided in sary. section four hundred and forty-one, before the passage of a resolution of the common council directing the sale of premises under this section.

§ 444. The provisions of this act shall not be so construed as in any Not to manner to affect or apply to the land taken by the city of Buffalo, or lands the Dodge farm, so called, for the purposes of a reservoir.

§ 445. In cases, however, where assessments have been offset against Conveyawards for the value of the property taken, the common council may ance of authorize the release and conveyance by a deed to be executed by the city when mayor, and under the seal of the city, of the interest of the city in assess-such lands, or parts thereof, to the parties interested therein who are been offset. equitably entitled to such conveyance, upon payment by them to the city, of the moneys expended by the city in the purchase or the taking

of said lands or ratably in proportion to such parts thereof with interest thereon, from the time of such expenditure, or upon such other terms and conditions as the common council shall deem best for the interest of the city.

TITLE XXI.

OFFICIAL PRINTING.

Annual statement of department printing.

§ 446. On or before the first day of December in each year the heads of the several departments shall prepare and deliver to the city clerk a statement in detail of all the printing, with the proper blank forms and blank books that will be required in the respective departments for the ensuing year. The city clerk shall thereupon prepare specifications, showing the amount and kind of official printing required by the city for the use of all its officers and departments. Such specifications shall not include any matter which by law is to be published in the official paper, nor the minutes of the proceedings of the common council.

showing amount and kind.

Specifica-

tions

Notice inviting propossis. § 447. The city clerk shall thereupon cause a notice to be published in five successive numbers, Sundays excepted, of the official paper and of two other daily papers of the city, that sealed proposals will be received by him until the third Monday of December, for all the printing and binding mentioned in the specifications, as prescribed in the preceding section. The specifications shall not be published in the notice, but shall remain in the city clerk's office for examination. The corporation counsel shall prepare blank forms of proposals, which shall be printed and furnished to those desiring to bid, and a copy of the specifications shall be attached to the proposals when delivered to the city clerk and form a part thereof.

Blank forms.

Opening of proposals.

Award of contract.

Provision for all printing at contract rates.

Audit of

Notice for proposals for printing ordinances, council minutes, etc. § 448. On the third Monday of December at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the mayor, comptroller and treasurer, or any two of them, shall
meet at the mayor's office, and the city clerk shall then deliver to them
the sealed proposals received by him, and they shall publicly open the
same. They shall award the contract for the proposed printing and
binding to the lowest bidder or bidders, who will furnish security
satisfactory to them for the proper performance of the contract so
awarded according to the specifications accompanying the proposals.
In advertising for bids the city clerk shall provide that the person,
company or corporation receiving the contract shall agree to do all the
printing the city may require during the year, whether included in the
specifications inviting proposals or not, at the same rates and upon
the same terms as shall be fixed in the contract. No claim for city
printing shall be audited or paid unless the work and the materials
therefor shall have been done or furnished as herein provided.

§ 449. The city clerk, under the direction of the common council, prior to the fifteenth day of December in each year, shall give notice to the publishers of the daily papers published in the English language in the city that sealed proposals will be received by the common council at its next session after the giving of such notice, for publishing all matters required by law or the ordinances to be published in the official paper and the printing and binding of the minutes of the proceedings of the common council for the ensuing year showing the number of copies and the style of printing and binding required.

Contract.

§ 450. The common council shall award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder, and the paper in which publication is made shall be

The compensation paid for such pub- Compensadesignated the official paper. lication shall not exceed the rates allowed by law, at any time for the tion. publication of legal notices. When any publication shall be com- completion menced in the official paper, the publication shall be completed by it of publicawith the like effect as if it were the official paper.

TITLE XXII.

MUNICIPAL COURT.

§ 451. The court of civil jurisdiction known at the time of the pas- court continued. sage of this act as the municipal court of Buffalo, as heretofore created and established, is continued, with the jurisdiction and powers hereinafter provided.

§ 452. There shall be two judges of the municipal court, who shall Judges.

be elected and hold their offices for the term of six years.

§ 453. The judges in office at the time this act takes effect shall serve the the terms for which they were respectively elected. At the anout the terms for which they were respectively elected. nual election next preceding the close of each of said terms, and every six years thereafter a judge shall be elected to serve six years.

§ 454. No person shall be eligible to the office of judge of said court Eligibility. unless he shall be a resident elector of the city of Buffalo, and be a

counselor of the supreme court of the state of New York.

§ 455. It shall be the duty of each judge to hold a court in and for Courts. the city of Buffalo, to be called the municipal court of Buffalo. Each of said judges may hold a separate court at the same time. The court Business hours. shall be open for business each day, Sundays and legal holidays excepted, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and continue open during seasonable hours for the transaction of business.

§ 456. The court shall have and possess, in civil actions and pro-Powers and ceedings, the same powers and jurisdiction as heretofore possessed tion. and exercised by justices of the peace in the city, except as herein provided in civil actions and proceedings, and the additional powers and

jurisdiction hereby conferred as follows:

1. In all civil actions and proceedings cognizable by law in the jus- in civil actions.

tices courts of towns.

2. In actions arising on contracts for the recovery of money only, On contracts. if the sum claimed does not exceed five hundred dollars; and also in actions for a breach of contract, where the damages claimed do not exceed five hundred dollars.

3. In a matter of account, when the sum total of the accounts of Counts. both parties, proved to the satisfaction of the court, does not exceed

one thousand dollars.

4. In an action for damages for injury to rights pertaining to the For injurperson, or to personal or real property, or for the conversion of personand sonal property, if the damages claimed do not exceed five hundred property. dollars.

In an action for a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars.

6. In an action upon a bond conditioned for the payment of money on bonds not exceeding five hundred dollars, though the penalty exceed that ment of sum, the judgment to be given for the sum actually due. Where pay- moneys. ments are to be made by installments, an action may be brought for each installment as it becomes due.

7. In an action upon a surety bond taken by said court, when the On surety bonds.

penalty or amount claimed does not exceed five hundred dollars.

On judgments rendered

in courts. On judgments on confession.

8. In an action upon a judgment rendered in a court of justice of the peace, or in the municipal court of Buffalo, where such action is not prohibited by the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure.

9. To take and enter judgment on the confession of a defendant, when the amount confessed shall not exceed five hundred dollars, in the manner prescribed by sections three thousand and ten, three thousand and eleven and three thousand and twelve of the Code of Civil Procedure.

For fraud in sale, etc., of personal property.

For recovery of possession property.

Summary proceed-ings.

Enforcement of liens.

Violations of ordinances.

By attachment of property.

Process.

Either judges may hold court, etc.

Pleadings and prac-tice.

Civil code applicable.

Trial by court or jury.

Bail bonds.

Appeals.

10. In an action for damages for fraud in the sale, purchase or exchange of personal property, if the damages claimed do not exceed five hundred dollars.

11. In an action to recover the possession of personal property claimed the value of which, as stated in the affidavit of the plaintiff, of personal shall not exceed five hundred dollars, the same proceedings to be had as are provided by law to be had in the justices' courts.

12. In summary proceedings under title two chapter seventeen of the Code of Civil Procedure, to recover the possession of land, and to remove tenants and others, the process to be made returnable before said court by its proper title.

13. In actions or proceedings under the statute for the enforcement of the liens of mechanics and others, where the amount of the lien does not exceed the sum of five hundred dollars, the same proceedings to be had as are provided by law to be had in justices' courts. court shall also have jurisdiction in an action commenced for the recovery of a fine or penalty for the violation of an ordinance of the city, and in an action or proceeding instituted for the punishment of any person for the offense of violating any such ordinance.

14. In an action commenced by an attachment of property, as now provided by statute, if the debt or damages claimed do not exceed five hundred dollars.

§ 457. Process shall be made returnable before the court by its proper title, and shall be signed by a judge, or by a clerk or deputy clerk of the court; either of the judges may hold the court, and may hear, try and determine any case or proceedings brought therein, where there is no demand for a jury, or preside at a trial by jury. The process pleadings, practice, trial by the court or by jury, fees, costs and disbursements judgment by action or confession and proceedings thereon, shall be the same as are now provided by law for justices' courts, except as otherwise provided in this act. The provisions of chapter five hundred and five of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-nine shall not apply to this court. The provisions of sections twenty-nine hundred and ninety to twenty-nine hundred and ninety-seven inclusive, of the Code of Civil Procedure as they existed at the time of the passage of chapter five hundred and five of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, shall remain in force and be applicable to this In any action brought in said court a jury trial shall be waived court. unless a jury shall be called at the time when issue is joined or upon the first adjourned day of the cause, and a sufficient sum of money to pay for a venire and the legal expense of summoning, conducting and paying such jury, shall be deposited with the clerk at the time of making such call. In cases where the defendant is required by law to give bail on application for an adjournment, the amount of the penalty of the bond shall be fixed by the court, but shall not, in any case, exceed six hundred dollars. Appeals may be had from judgments of said court to the superior court of Buffalo, in the same cases, in the same manner, and with like effect, as appeals are now had by law to

the county court from judgments obtained in justices' courts. But the appellate court may, in its discretion, set aside the judgment appealed from, or stay proceedings thereunder, and, by order, direct a new trial before said municipal court at such a time specified in said order, and upon such terms as it deems proper. The municipal court where title shall not have cognizance of any action where the title to real property shall come in question; but where such question arises, the pleadings arises. and practice shall be the same as are now provided by law for justices'

courts in like cases. § 458. The clerk or deputy clerk of the court, on the demand of a Tranparty in whose favor judgment shall have been rendered, shall give a scripte of transcript thereof, which may be filed and docketed in the office of ments. the clerk of Erie county. The time of the receipt of the transcript, Filing and by said last-named clerk shall be noted thereon, and entered in his docketing docket, and, from that time, the judgment shall be a judgment of the county court. A certified transcript of such judgment may be filed and docketed in the clerk's office of any other county, and, with like effect, in every respect, as in the county where the judgment was rendered, except that it shall be a lien only from the time of filing Lien on real estate. and docketing the transcript. But no such judgment for a less sum than twenty-five dollars, exclusive of costs, shall be a lien upon, or enforced against real property. The pleadings shall be: (1) The Pleadings. complaint by the plaintiff; and (2) the answer by the defendant. The pleadings may be oral or in writing. If oral, the substance thereof shall be entered in the docket of the court; if in writing, they shall be subscribed by the party or his attorney and shall be filed, and a reference to them shall be made in the docket, but such pleadings need not be verified except as hereinafter provided. If a party appears by an attorney-at-law the pleadings of such party shall be in writing, unless the court shall otherwise direct. The complaint shall and state, in a plain and direct manner, the facts constituting the cause of answer. The answer may contain a denial of the complaint, or of any part thereof, and also notice, in a plain and direct manner, of any facts constituting a defense or counterclaim. Either party may de-Demurrer. mur to any pleading of his adversary, or of any part thereof, when it is not sufficiently explicit to enable him to understand it, or if it contains no cause of action or defense, although it be taken as true. If the court deem the objection well founded, it shall order the pleadings to be amended, and if the party who interposed it refuse to amend, the defective pleadings shall be disregarded. In case a defendant does Default. not appear and answer, the plaintiff cannot recover, except as otherwise provided in sections four hundred and fifty-nine and four hundred and sixty of this act, without proving his case. In an action or Actions defense founded upon an account or instrument for the payment of counts. money only, it shall be sufficient, except as otherwise provided in sections four hundred and fifty-nine and four hundred and sixty of this act, for a party to deliver the account or instrument to the court and to state that there is due to him thereon from the adverse party a specified sum, which he claims to recover or set off. A variance be-variance tween the proof on the trial and the allegations in a pleading shall be proof and disregarded as immaterial, unless the court shall be satisfied that the allegations. adverse party has been misled to his prejudice thereby. The pleadings may be amended at any time before the trial or during the trial Amend or upon appeal, when by such amendment substantial justice will be pleadings If the amendment be made after the joining of issue, and and of journit be made to appear to the satisfaction of the court, by oath, that an

ments thereupon.

Execu-

adjournment is necessary to the adverse party in consequence of such an amendment, an adjournment shall be granted. The court may also, in its discretion, require as a condition of amendment the pay-

of accounts.

Offer of

Acceptance or rejection thereof.

Actions, called.

Authority of attorney presumed.

Actions with corporations.

domestic servant.

Property empt from execution.

Arrests.

enforced after discharge.

Costs.

ment of costs to the adverse party. Execution may be issued on a tions, issue judgment heretofore or hereafter rendered, at any time within five years, after the rendition thereof, and shall be returned within sixty days after it is so issued. If the judgment be docketed with the county clerk, the execution shall be issued by him to the sheriff of the county, and have the same effect, and be executed in the same manner as Exhibition other executions and judgments of the county court. The municipal court may, at the joining of issue, require either party, at the request of the other, at that or some other specified time, to exhibit the items of his account or demand, or state the nature thereof, as far as may be in his power, and in case of his default preclude him from giving evidence of such parts thereof as shall not have been so exhibited or stated. The defendant may, on the return of process and before answering make an offer to allow judgment to be taken against him for an amount to be stated in such offer, with costs, which offer the court shall at once enter in its minutes. The plaintiff shall thereupon, and before any proceedings shall be had in the action, determine whether he will accept or reject such offer. If he accepts the offer, the court shall enter such acceptance in its minutes, and judgment shall be rendered accordingly. If the plaintiff shall not accept said offer, and shall fail to obtain judgment for a greater amount, exclusive of costs, than has been specified in the offer, he shall not recover costs, but shall pay to the defendant his costs accruing subsequent to the offer. Section two thousand eight hundred and ninety-three of the Code of Civil Procedure shall not apply to actions or proceedings

is commenced or as soon thereafter as the business of the court will The authority of any attorney and counselor-at-law of the supreme court who shall appear for any party shall be presumed, and it shall not be necessary for him to prove his authority to appear or The forms of action, parties to action, act for a party in said court. the rules of evidence, the times of commencing actions, and the service of process upon corporations, as established by the Code of Civil Actions by Procedure, shall govern the practice in this court. In an action brought in this court by a domestic servant to recover for services performed by her if the plaintiff recovers a judgment for a sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars exclusive of costs, no property of the defendant is exempt from levy and sale by virtue of an execution

against property issued thereupon, and if such an execution is returned

wholly or partly unsatisfied the clerk must, upon the application of

in said court, but every action and proceeding brought therein shall be called at the time specified in the mandate or process by which it

the plaintiff and the order of a judge of said court, issue an execution against the person of the defendant for the sum remaining uncollected. A defendant arrested by virtue of an execution so issued against his person, must be actually confined in the jail, and is not entitled to the liberties thereof, but he must be discharged after having been so con-Judgments fined fifteen days. After his discharge an execution against his person cannot be issued upon the judgment, but the judgment creditor may enforce the judgment against property as if the execution from which the judgment debtor is discharged has been returned without his being taken. In an action to recover a sum of money for wages

earned only by a domestic servant the plaintiff, if entitled to costs, shall recover the sum of five dollars as costs in addition to the costs allowed by section four hundred and sixty-two of this act. When the employe is the plaintiff in the action she is entitled, upon a settlement thereof to the full amount of costs which she would have recovered if judgment had been rendered in her favor for the sum re-

ceived by her upon the settlement.

§ 459. In an action brought in this court arising on contract for the Written recovery of money only, or upon account, the plaintiff, at the time of complaint issuing the summons, may file with the clerk of the court a written actions. complaint, setting forth in a plain and concise manner, the facts or items of account constituting the cause of action, specifying the amount actually due from the defendant to the plaintiff, and for which the plaintiff will demand judgment. Such complaint shall be subscribed by the plaintiff, or his attorney, and shall be verified in the manner prescribed by the Code of Civil Procedure. Said summons summons and complaint shall be served at the same time by delivering to and and complaint how leaving with the defendant personally, a copy thereof and may be served.

served by any person of full age, not a party to the action.

§ 460. In case the defendant appears and answers said complaint, Answer, such answer shall be in writing, and subscribed by the defendant, or how made. his attorney, and shall be verified as above provided for the verification of the complaint, and shall contain first, a general or specific denial of each material allegation of the complaint controverted by the defendant, or of any knowledge or information thereof sufficient to form a belief; second, a plain statement of any new matter constituting a defense or counterclaim. All allegations in a verified com-Allegations not denied by the answer, upon a trial or other determination denied of the action, shall be taken as admitted by the defendant.

of the action, shall be taken as admitted by the defendant.

§ 461. In case the defendant fails to answer the complaint, as herein Entry of provided, he shall be deemed to have admitted the allegations of the in case of complaint, and the court, upon the filing of the summons and com- default. plaint, with the proof of due service thereof, shall forthwith enter judgment for the plaintiff for the amount demanded in the complaint, with costs and disbursements, without further proof. When the service of the summons and complaint is made by any person other than Proof of a constable, proof of such service shall be made by affidavit that such summons person is over twenty-one years of age, when, in what particular place, and com-and in what manner he served the same, and that he knew the person mentioned and described in the summons as defendant, and that he delivered to and left with such defendant a copy thereof. service is made by a constable, his certificate to the facts required to be shown by the affidavit above mentioned shall be sufficient proof of the service of the summons and complaint.

§ 462. In all actions brought in this court, there shall be allowed Costs of by way of indemnity to the plaintiff, if he be the prevailing party, and shall have appeared by an attorney-at-law, the following sums as costs, which shall be included in the judgment.

1. When the damages recovered amount to twenty-five dollars, but do not amount to one hundred dollars, and where actions are for wages, even if the recovery does not amount to twenty-five dollars, the sum of three dollars.

. 2. When the damages recovered amount to one hundred dollars but do not amount to two hundred dollars, the sum of five dollars.

3. When the damages recovered amount to two hundred dollars but do not amount to three hundred dollars, the sum of seven dollars.

4. When the damages recovered amount to three hundred dollars or more, the sum of ten dollars.

Disburse-

5. Where issue has been joined and a trial had upon a question of fact, there shall be allowed to the plaintiff in addition to the sums hereinbefore specified, where the damages recovered amount to the sum of fifty dollars, and do not exceed the sum of one hundred dollars, the sum of five dollars; where the damages recovered amount to one hundred dollars, and do not exceed the sum of two hundred dollars, the sum of ten dollars; where the damages recovered exceed the sum of two hundred dollars, the sum of fifteen dollars; and, if on such trial, the defendant prevail, he shall be entitled to have judgment defendant. rendered against the plaintiff for the amount of the fees and disbursements allowed the defendant by law, and also additional costs as follows: When the plaintiff shall have demanded in his complaint, or sought to obtain upon the trial, judgment against the defendant for fifty dollars or more, but less than one hundred dollars, the sum of eight dollars. When the plaintiff shall have demanded in his complaint, or sought to obtain upon the trial, judgment against the defendant for one hundred dollars or more, but less than two hundred dollars, the sum of fifteen dollars. When the plaintiff shall have demanded in his complaint, or sought to obtain upon the trial, judgment against the defendant for the amount of two hundred dollars or more, but less than three hundred dollars, the sum of seventeen dol-When the plaintiff shall have demanded in his complaint or sought to obtain upon the trial, judgment against the defendant for a greater amount than three hundred dollars, the sum of fwenty-five

Judgment, rendered.

§ 463. Judgment shall be rendered forthwith in the municipal court of Buffalo in the following cases, upon the confession of the defendant, nonsuit, discontinuance, or withdrawal of the action, or the verdict of a jury, and in all cases where a defendant is in custody, at the close of a trial; in all other cases, within ten days after the cause shall have been finally submitted. The clerk or deputy clerk shall enter all judgments rendered in said court in its docket immediately upon the rendition thereof.

Entry in docket.

Fees.

§ 464. In all actions brought in said court, there shall be paid to the clerk, to be deposited as provided in section four hundred and sixtyseven of this act, the following fees, for the trial of an issue of law, seventy-five cents; for the trial of an issue of fact, when the time occupied in such trial shall not exceed one day, seventy-five cents; and for each additional day occupied in said trial, the sum of twenty-five cents, for making a return upon an appeal from a judgment, the sum of two dollars; and whenever it shall be necessary, upon such appeal, to make return of the evidence taken upon the trial of the action in which such judgment shall have been rendered, and said evidence shall exceed in length fifty folios of one hundred words each, the sum of five cents for each folio of such evidence exceeding fifty, except where evidence has been taken by the official stenographer, in which case the transcript of such evidence filed with the court shall form a part of the return, and be furnished without cost, for entering judgment, when the amount of such judgment shall not exceed fifty dollars, the sum of twenty-five cents; and when the amount of such judgment shall exceed fifty dollars, the sum of fifty cents.

Criminal

§ 465. Either of the judges may issue a criminal warrant, upon due complaint, for the arrest of any person charged with crime committed within the city of Buffalo, but such warrant must be signed by the judge hearing the complaint, and made returnable before the police justice. Each judge, while sitting as such, shall have power to punish,

Power to

in a summary manner, any contempt when committed in his immedi-punish

ate view and presence.

as a justice of the peace of towns.

§ 466. The court shall have an official seal, to be furnished by the Official city on which shall be engraved the words "municipal court of Buffalo"—"seal." The clerk of the court shall have the custody of such seal, and any certificate made by him under his hand and seal of Certificate the court of any fact or matter to which, by this act, he shall be entitled to certify, shall be received in evidence in all courts and places, under, evidence. and be of the same force and effect as if the court were a court of record. The court shall have a clerk and one deputy clerk, to be appointed by the judges, such appointments to be in writing, and filed with the clerk of Erie county. The clerk and deputy clerk shall take Clerk and deputy clerk shall take Clerk and deputy. the usual oath of office, and file the same with the county clerk, and shall hold the office during the pleasure of the judges. Each clerk shall give bail for the faithful performance of his duties, in such form and for such sum, and with such sureties as shall be approved by the judges and file the same with the treasurer of the city. It shall be the Duties duty of the clerk and deputy clerk to keep in the docket of the court thereof. a complete and accurate record of all processes issued and returns thereon to the court, of all the proceedings in any action or proceeding brought in the court, of all moneys paid into court, or received by the clerk or the deputy clerk; to keep the seal of the court, and to affix it to the certificate of the transcript of the docket of a judgment, or any other certificate when required so to do, and to file papers so delivered to him for that purpose in any action or proceeding, and safely keep them; to authenticate by a certificate of exemplification, as may be required, the records of proceedings of the court, or any other paper appertaining thereto filed with him, and to enter in said docket the judgments and decisions of said court. The docket shall be Docket evidence in the courts of this state to the same extent as the docket of a justice of the peace. The judges, clerk and deputy clerk shall each Oaths and have the same power to administer oaths and take acknowledgments edgments.

§ 467. In all actions and proceedings brought in this court, the clerk prepayor deputy clerk shall demand and receive prepayment of all fees for ment of fees. process, making out and filing bonds, undertakings, affidavits and other papers, allowed by law to justices in justices' courts, or by this act, and the clerk or deputy clerk shall keep an accurate minute of the same in each case or proceeding upon the docket of the court at the time of re- Accountceiving the same, and, on the last day of each month, or within three ing with treasurer days thereafter, shall pay the amount thereof to the treasurer of the and compcity, and at the same time, file with the comptroller a detailed state-troller. ment of the items thereof, which statement shall be verified by the clerk or deputy clerk to be true and correct, and to embrace all the moneys paid into the court, or received by the clerk or by the deputy clerk, during the period covered by the statement. The salary of Fees paysuch clerks shall not be paid until they shall have so accounted and service. Neither of them shall perform any service for any party except the city until he shall have received the legal fees therefor as fixed by this act.

§ 468. The judges may appoint and at pleasure remove a stenog-stenographer for the court. They shall file a certificate of every appointment rapher. or removal so made by them in the office of the city clerk. Before entering upon the duties of his office, the stenographer shall take and His duties. subscribe the constitutional oath of office and file the same in the office of the city clerk. It shall be the duty of the stenographer to take

stenographic minutes of the testimony and other proceedings, in all

TELEGRAPH STATE

cases tried before the court, except when the judge sitting at the trial shall dispense with his services. He shall transcribe fully and at length the minutes of each case so taken by him, in written or printed characters when so directed by the court, and file the same with the clerk, who shall cause the same to be preserved with other papers in such case, in the office of the clerk, except as provided in section four hundred and sixty-four. The stenographer shall also furnish two copies to parties on direction of the court without cost. The stenographer shall preserve the original minutes taken by him in every case, and upon the order of the judges, file the same with the clerk. deliver to his successor in office all the minutes taken by him which shall not have been filed with the clerk, and shall act in all other matters connected with his office in accordance with the direction of He may, after he shall have filed in the office of the clerk, the transcript of his minutes herein provided for, furnish to any applicants one applying therefor, a transcript of said minutes, and may charge and receive therefor from the person to whom he shall furnish the same, the sum of five cents for each folio of one hundred words contained in such transcript.,

May fur-nish tran-Fees.

Courtstationery, etc.

Salaries.

Power to open de-faults, set aside judgments, etc.

Application therefor. Order to show cause.

Service.

Stay of proceed-ings.

Levy to stand as security.

Power of superior court to open de-faults.

Practice upon ap-plication.

§ 469. The common council shall designate the place for the holding of the court, and provide suitable rooms and furniture, and necessary blank books, blanks and stationery for the use of said court, and shall provide for the payment of the salaries of the judges, the clerk, deputy clerk and stenographer. § 470. Except as herein otherwise provided, the municipal court shall have the power to open defaults and set aside judgments rendered and entered therein, and executions issued thereon, upon such terms as may be just, in a case where a defendant shall fail to appear on a return day of process or on any adjourned day, where it is shown that manifest injustice has been done, and the defendant satisfactorily

excuses his default; but no greater terms shall be imposed than the payment of the costs included in the judgment and the sum of three dollars for opposing the motion. The application therefor shall be founded upon affidavits, and shall be made within twenty days from the entry of such judgment. Upon presentation of such application, the court shall issue an order returnable in not less than five nor more than eight days, requiring the plaintiff to show cause, if any why said judgment should not be set aside. A copy of said order and of the papers upon which the same is granted, shall be served upon the plaintiff, or his attorney, if one shall have appeared in the action, not less than three days prior to the return day thereof. Pending such application and the determination thereof the court may stay proceedings under any execution which shall have been issued. When a judgment shall be set aside, the action shall proceed as though no judgment had been rendered. In such case where an execution has been issued and a levy made thereunder the same may, in the discretion of the court, be allowed to stand as security for the satisfaction of any judgment the plaintiff may finally recover. Where a transcript of a judgment of the municipal court shall have been filed in a case provided for in section four hundred and fifty-eight of this act, the superior court of Buffalo shall have power and authority to open the default and set aside such judgment, in the case above provided, and all proceedings thereon, and to order a new trial in the municipal court upon such terms as may be just. The practice in the superior court of Buffalo upon such application shall be the same as herein

provided for like proceedings in the municipal court, except as herein otherwise provided. A judge of the superior court of Buffalo may, at Proceedchambers, issue the order to show cause returnable at a special term ings. of the said court, and such application may be heard and determined at such special term. Upon application to the superior court of Buffalo, the defendant must show that prior to the filing of such transcript no application was made to the municipal court for like relief. The application was made to the municipal court for like relief. The stay of superior court of Buffalo, or a judge thereof, may stay proceedings ings. under any execution issued upon said judgment, pending such application. The judgment and any execution and levy thereunder may Judgment be allowed to stand as a security for the satisfaction of any judgment and levy to stand. the plaintiff may finally recover, in case a new trial shall be ordered in the municipal court.

§ 471. The judges of the municipal court may appoint from the court conconstables elected from the respective wards such a number thereof stables. as may be required to do the work of this court, and may revoke such appointment at pleasure. No person shall execute the process of the Process, court except the constables duly appointed, and such other persons as cuted.

may be deputized in the manner now provided by law.

§ 472. Each constable so designated shall have the power conferred Powers by law upon constables of towns in civil matters only, and shall be of constable. entitled to receive the same fee for their services; and he shall, before bles. he enters upon the duties imposed by this act, execute and file with the city clerk a bond with sureties, for the faithful performance of omcial his duties, and for the payment to the person entitled thereto of all bond. sums of money which may come into his hands from any execution or any process delivered to him.

§ 473. The judges of the municipal court shall fix the amount of Amount the bond and approve it as to its form and the sufficiency of the sure-proval. ties therein. All actions on such a bond shall be commenced within Actions on bonds.

two years after the cause of action arose.

TITLE XXIII.

SALARIES.

§ 474. The salary of the aldermen and councilmen shall be one Aldermen and councilmen shall be one Aldermen and councilmen shall be one Aldermen thousand dollars per year each. Chapter four hundred and eighty-cilmen. three of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-four, chapters three Cortain hundred and fifteen and five hundred and fifty-one of the laws of parts of eighteen hundred and eighty-five chapters seventeen and two hundred acts re and fifty of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-six, so much of pealed. section seven of chapter four hundred and seventy-nine of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-six as adds section seventy-nine to title two of chapter five hundred and nineteen of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy, so much of section four of chapter five hundred and forty-seven of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, as fixed the salary of the assessors, so much of section five of chapter five hundred and forty-seven of the laws of eighteen hundred and eightyseven as relates to the salary of the police justice, chapter five hundred and fifty-five of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, chapter fifty-four of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, section four of chapter one hundred and twenty-seven of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, chapters one hundred and eightysix and one hundred and eighty-seven of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, chapter four hundred and eighty of the laws of



present officers.

eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, chapter four hundred and eighty of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-nine and chapter ninetyseven of the laws of eighteen hundred and ninety are hereby repealed. Salaries of But notwithstanding such repeal, all elective officers holding office when this act takes effect and all appointive officers having a fixed and limited term of service and holding office when this act takes effect, shall, during the terms for which they were respectively elected or appointed, receive the respective salaries or compensation which by law or ordinance they are entitled to receive when this act takes effect.

TITLE XXIV.

GENERAL PROVISIONS. § 475. No person elected or appointed to any salaried office under

this act shall, during his term of office, hold any other public office what-

ever, except that of notary public or commissioner of deeds, nor shall

Officers not to hold otheroffice interested in contracts.

Accept ance of other office.

Bonds of city offi-

Liability thereon for conduct of deputies.

Bonds, how acknowl edged.

Justification of suretles.

he be directly or indirectly interested in any contract to which the city or any department thereof is a party if such contract pertains or in any manner relates to the department in which he may be employed, or has to be voted for or approved by him. If any person holding any salaried office under this act shall accept any other public office, he shall thereby cease to hold his office under this act. No officer shall receive any compensation, perquisite or benefit in any way, except his pensation prohibited salary, fixed by law or ordinance, for any service performed, work done, or permit granted under any public authority, except as notary public and commissioner of deeds, and except as in this act otherwise provided.

> taking for the faithful performance of his duties shall execute a bond to the city, in such penalty, and with such sureties as the common council will require, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties, and for the accounting for and payment to the treasurer of all moneys belonging to the city received by him; and shall, when required by the common council, execute and file a new bond or undertaking. He may, in lieu of such bond, give security through any company incorporated to act as surety for others by the laws of this state. § 477. Every city officer required to give bonds, and his sureties shall be liable on his official bond for the conduct of his deputy.

§ 476. Every city officer required by this act to give a bond or under-

said deputy shall be guilty of any misconduct by reason whereof any city officer or the sureties of such officer shall be compelled to pay any moneys upon account of the said official bond said city officer or such surety or sureties making such payment shall be subrogated to all the rights of the city upon any bond given by said deputy in accordance with the provisions of this act.

§ 478. Every bond and undertaking required by this act, or any ordinance passed thereunder, shall be acknowledged by the parties executing it; and the sureties therein shall justify in the form herein prescribed. A bond or undertaking as prescribed in this act must, where two or more persons execute it, be joint and several in form. and must be accompanied with the affidavit of each surety subjoined thereto to the effect that he is a resident of, and a householder, or a freeholder within the city, and is worth the amount of the penalty of the bond over all the debts and liabilities which he owes or has incurred. and exclusive of property exempt by law from levy and sale under an execution. But where the penalty of the bond is ten thousand dollars or upwards, the sum in which a surety is required to justify may be made up by the justification of two or more sureties, each in a smaller The certificates of acknowledgment and the affidavits of justification shall be upon the bond or undertaking. No bond or under- Approval taking shall be accepted or filed until approved by the mayor, and his by mayor. approval indorsed thereon, or, in his absence or disability, by the comptroller, except as herein otherwise provided.

§ 479. The city clerk shall record all official bonds at full length, in Record a book kept by him for that purpose, and, when required, he shall bonds, make a certified copy of such records. In case of the loss of any bond, the record thereof, or a certified copy of such record, shall be received

in evidence with the same force and effect as the original.

§ 480. The comptroller, treasurer and overseer of the poor shall each Deputies appoint a deputy, who shall hold his office during the pleasure of the in certain officer appointing him, and such clerks and subordinates as may be offices. provided by ordinance. The deputy shall, in the absence or inability of his principal to perform the duties of the office, and during a vacancy therein, perform the duties thereof. Each deputy, before entering upon his office, shall take the oath of office prescribed by the constitution, and give the bond or undertaking prescribed by this act.

§ 481. All city officers and their deputies shall be ex-officio commis- Ex-officio sioners of deeds, but as such shall not be entitled to receive any fees commis-

from the city.

§ 482. Resignation of office, by any person elected under this act, Resignashall be made to the common council, subject to its acceptance. Resig- made. nation by any person appointed under this act, shall be made to the person or body by whom he was appointed.

§ 483. The officer or body authorized to appoint any officer under Vacancies this act shall fill any vacancy occurring in such office, by appoint-tive offi-

ment, for the unexpired term.

§ 484. Each officer elected or appointed under this act, shall hold Terms of over until his successor enters upon the office. All appointed officers unless otherwise provided by law shall hold office during the pleasure

of the person or body by whom they were appointed.

§ 485. Any person elected or appointed under this act to any office Penalty or place, who shall, upon the expiration of the term for which he was for failure elected or appointed, or upon his removal from such office or place, books, etc., refuse to deliver the books, papers and effects pertaining to the office cessors. or place to his successor or other person having the right to their possession, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and may also be proceeded against in the manner provided in article five of title six of chapter five of part one of the Revised Statutes.

§ 486. When the city shall borrow or raise money for any particular Misappropurpose, it shall be applied only to that purpose, and every alderman moneys, a who shall vote to appropriate it to a different purpose, and every officer misdener. who shall knowingly assist in a misappropriation of such money shall meanor. be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be dis-

qualified from holding any office in the city.

§ 487. The interest earned or accruing upon any money of the city Interest earned.

shall belong to the city, and not to any officer thereof.

§ 488. Every officer of the city, and every person employed by the Penalty for city, or by any officer of the city, who shall lend or convert to his use, converting or to the use of another, money belonging to the city, shall be guilty own use. of larceny.

§ 489. Any officer who shall willfully neglect his duty shall be guilty Wilful neglect of of a misdemeanor. duty.

Digitized by Google

Books, etc., open to exami-

§ 490. The books, documents, maps, rolls and papers in the office of any city officer shall, at all reasonable times, be open to the inspection and examination of the public. If any officer shall unreasonably refuse to produce and submit to the inspection of any person any such book, document, map, roll or paper he shall forfeit fifty dollars to the city, to be recovered by action.

Registered or coupon bonds.

Exchange of bonds

by holder.

§ 491. The city is hereby authorized to issue either registered or coupon bonds, under any law heretofore or hereafter enacted, authorizing the issue of the bonds of the said city, and shall, at the request of the holder of any coupon bonds, whether heretofore or hereafter issued, issue and deliver to the said holder, on the delivery and surrender to the city thereof, registered bonds of equal amount. bonds shall be divided into and issued in such amounts as the said holder shall desire, provided that the city shall not be required to

Record of bonds sur-rendered

issue any bond for a less sum than one thousand dollars; and provided further, that the bonds so issued shall be payable upon the same terms and at the same time as the bonds for which they are exchanged. city shall keep a record of all bonds surrendered for exchange, and by and issued. whom surrendered, and of all bonds issued in exchange therefor, and to whom issued, containing the dates, numbers, and the amounts of the said bonds, and a reference to the laws or resolutions under which they were issued. § 492. Whenever bonds are issued by the city for the purpose of

raising money, the comptroller shall publish a notice in five successive

Notice of issue of bonds and inviting proposals.

numbers of the official paper, Sundays excepted, and in two other daily papers of the city, stating the amount of bonds issued, their rate of interest and the time of their payment, and that sealed proposals will be received by him until a day specified in the notice, not less than ten days from the first publication thereof, for all or any portion of the bonds issued. Each proposal shall state the amount of the bonds desired and the price bid for each one hundred dollars thereof. On the day specified in the notice, the comptroller shall publicly open Opening of the proposals, and the bonds shall be sold to the person or persons proposals.

Proposals, what to state.

> whose bids are most favorable to the city, but no bonds shall be sold at less than their par value. The comptroller may reject any or all bids received. Nothing in this section contained shall be construed to prevent the common council from awarding any bonds, at their par value to the comptroller in trust for any redemption or sinking fund of the city, and as an investment of said redemption or sinking fund, without advertising.

Proviso.

Convey ance of lands on certain streets in Black Rock to adjacent owners.

§ 493. Whenever any street or portion of a street, laid out and located by the commissioners of the land-office within the south village of Black Rock as known and designated upon the records, surveys and maps of said commissioners, or appearing upon said records, maps or surveys, shall be discontinued or contracted as a public highway or street by the authority of the common council, the city by its common council, may cause to be conveyed to the owners of lands adjacent to the parts of said street which shall have been so discontinued, and to no others, the portions of such street which shall have been discontinued.

Printed minutes of council, evidence.

§ 494. The printed minutes of the proceedings of each board of the common council, when approved or confirmed by it and certified by the city clerk, shall be received by all the courts of this state as prima facie evidence of such proceedings.

Annual financial reports of

§ 495. The head of each department shall prepare, and, on or about the first day of May in each year, except as herein otherwise provided. transmit to the common council a report containing a statement of all departthe financial transactions of the department for the year, and showing ments.

in detail its condition. § 496. No person shall be incompetent to act as judge, justice, Competency of commissioner, referee, juror, or witness by reason of his being a resi-inhabitants as dent or freeholder of the city, in any action or proceeding to which tants as jurors, with

the city is a party, or in which it is interested, § 497. The journals of the common council, or a copy thereof, cer- Journals tified by the city clerk, shall be evidence of the proceedings therein of council evidence. set forth.

§ 498. All records, including all tax and assessment-rolls documents Records, and maps required or permitted by law to be filed or kept in any assess-ment-rolls, office of the city when certified by the clerk, head or chief of said etc. when office and attested by the mayor under the seal of the city shall be admitted in evidence in all courts and shall be presumptive evidence of the facts or proceedings appearing therein.

§ 499. The seal at present used by the city as its corporate seal corporate

shall continue to be the seal of the city.

\$ 500. Any clerk making a certified copy of any record under his Fees for copies of control, for the use of any other person than an officer of the city, records. shall charge and collect a fee therefor, not exceeding five cents a folio for each paper copied and twenty-five cents for his certificate. Any Payable to clerk making such certified copies shall pay weekly to the city treas-treasurer urer all fees received by him, and report the same to the comptroller.

§ 501. It shall not be necessary for the city, in any action or pro-city not to ceeding in which it is a party, to give any bond, undertaking or se-give bonds on apcurity on appeal, or to obtain a provisional remedy, or to take or to peals etc. prevent any other proceeding.

§ 502. Any officer or the member of any board authorized by this Oaths and subpognas. act to make any investigation, hear any complaint or conduct any proceedings in the form of a trial, shall have power to administer oaths and issue subpoenas.

§ 503. A majority of the members of any board constituted under Quorum of boards. this act shall be a quorum for the transaction of any business of the

board, unless otherwise provided.

§ 504. In contracting for any work required to be done by the city, contracta clause shall be inserted that the contractor submitting proposals ors not to shall bind himself in the performance of such work not to discriminate nate either as to workmen or wages against members of labor organizamembers tions, or to accept any more than eight hours as a day's work, to be performed within nine consecutive hours. Nor shall any man or set of tion. men be employed for more than eight hours in twenty-four consecutive Employ-hours except in case of necessity, in which case pay for such labor eight shall be at the rate of time and one-half for all time in excess of such hours only. eight hours.

§ 505. Except for repairs, no patented pavement shall be laid and pavements no patented article shall be advertised for, contracted for or purchased and artiexcept under such circumstances that there can be a fair and reason-cles. able opportunity for competition, the conditions to secure which shall be prescribed by the person, board or body authorized to contract for

such article so advertised for.

§ 506. All elective officers in office when this act takes effect shall Terms of serve out the terms for which they were respectively elected, except present in those cases where the offices to which they were elected are abol- officers. ished by this act. The engineer in office, at the time when this act City engitakes effect, shall discharge the duties imposed upon the city engineer neer.

by chapter three hundred and forty-five of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, and any acts amendatory thereof, during the term of office for which he was elected, without extra compensation, and from and after the expiration of his term, or earlier if he should cease to fill the office, his duties thereunder shall devolve upon the chief engineer of the department of public works.

Repeal.

§ 507. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed; provided, however, that title fifteen of an act entitled "An act to revise the charter of the city of Buffalo," passed April twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and seventy, being chapter five hundred and nineteen of the laws of eighteen hundred and seventy, and all acts amending said title and supplementary thereto, shall not be repealed or affected by this act until the first Monday in January, in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-three.

Act, when to take effect.

§ 508. This act shall take effect on the first Monday of January eighteen hundred and ninety-two, except such parts as relate to elections to office, and except title six, title seven, title nine, title seventeen, title twenty, title twenty-two, title twenty-three, section seventyfour and title one as far as it relates to the creation of twenty-five wards in the city only so far as it is necessary to make the election of aldermen and supervisors therein at the annual election of eighteen hundred and ninety-one, regular and legal, and as to such parts, titles and section it shall take effect immediately; and except also as to subdivision one of section two hundred and seventy-one, subdivision two of section two hundred and seventy-three, section two hundred and eighty-five, section two hundred and eighty-eight, section two hundred and eighty-nine and section two hundred and ninety-seven, which shall take effect on the first Monday in January, in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and except also that no street commissioner shall be elected at the annual election of eighteen hundred and ninetyone, and the mayor elected at such election shall hold office for the term of three years, and except also that the common council shall on or before the first day of October, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, fix the salaries of all officers to be elected under this act at the annual election of eighteen hundred and ninety-one.

CHAP. 106.

AN ACT to revise, consolidate and amend the several acts relating to the village of Mechanicville, and to repeal certain acts.

BECAME a law without the approval of the Governor, in accordance with the provisions of article four, section nine of the Constitution, March 30, 1891. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

TITLE I.

BOUNDARIES AND CIVIL DIVISIONS.

Village corporation. SECTION 1. That part of the towns of Stillwater and Half Moon, in the county of Saratoga, included within the limits and bounds described in the next section, shall hereafter be called "The Village of Mechanicville," and the inhabitants from time to time therein shall